The New-York Times.

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TELEGRAMS.

Successful Termination of the Abyssinian Expedition.

Theodorus Killed, Magdala Taken and the Captives Liberated.

Prince Alfred Recovering and En Route to England.

ABYSSINIA.

Decisive Battle Before Magdala—The Abyssinians Routed by the British, and King Theodorus Killed—The Capital Taken and the Captives Liberated.

London, Sunday Evening, April 26.

Dispatches have just been received from Abyssinia, which give the following highly important and gratifying intelligence:

A battle was fought on Good Friday before Magdala, between the British troops commanded by Gen. Napier, and the Abyssinian forces under the command of their King in person. The latter were defeated and retreated into the town. Their loss in killed and wounded was very heavy.

On the Monday following, all his preparations having been completed, Gen. Napier ordered an assault upon Magdala, and the town and citadel were carried by storm. King Theodorus was slain. A large number of his warriors were killed, wounded and taken prisoners, and the entire capital remained in the possession of the British forces.

The loss of the British in killed and wounded was small.

All the British captives were found in the city alive and well, and were set free.

Gen. Napier's instant return to the sea coast is expected.

PRINCE ALFRED.

The Assassin Ascertained to be a Fenian—Excitement in England Over the News.

London, Saturday, April 25.

Further particulars of the attempted assassination of Prince Alfred have been received. The culprit was an Irishman, named Farrell, who is known to be connected with the Fenian organization. Farrell shot the Prince in the back on the 12th of March, at Sydney, Australia.

The ball was not extracted from the wound until two days afterward. The wound is dangerous and painful, but the Prince is doing well—beyond even the hopes of his physician. His recovery will necessarily be slow. According to the advice of his medical attendants, the Prince sailed for England.

London, Sunday, April 26.

A dispatch from Sydney, New South Wales, dated March 31, states that Prince Alfred was recovering from the effects of his wound.

London, Saturday, April 25—Evening.

The attempted assassination of Prince Alfred has produced the most profound excitement from one end of the nation to the other. The Press teems with denunciation of the assassin, and among the people, with whom the Prince was a great favorite, the crime forms the great topic of conversation.

ENGLAND.

A Card from Mr. Gladstone—The Hudson Bay Company.

London, Saturday, April 25.

Right Hon. William E. Gladstone publishes a card in the morning papers to-day, denying in a lump a host of personal charges which have been made from time to time.

Earl Kimberly has been appointed Governor of the Hudson's Bay Company.

FRANCE.

The International Marine Exhibition.

Many American naval officers are expected to be present at the opening of the International Marine Exhibition at Havre.

GERMANY.

Work on Ships and Fortifications to Cease—Reduction of the Prussian Army.

Berlin, Saturday, April 25.

Count von Bismarck says officially that the loss of the bill relative to the Federal debt, which was withdrawn from Parliament on account of a disposition on the part of the Liberal members to amend, will put an end to the building of ships and fortifications at once.

The reduction of the Prussian army to a peace footing will begin on the 1st of May.

SPAIN.

Completion of the Cabinet.

Madrid, Saturday, April 25.

The Spanish Cabinet is now completed, Martin Belda having been reappointed Minister of the Marine. Jose Concha has received the appointment of Marshal of the Camp. It is announced to-day that the policy of the Brava Cabinet will be identical with that pursued by the former Prime Minister, Narvaez.

RUSSIA.

A New Minister to France.

London, Sunday, April 26.

The Count De Stackelburg, the present Minister of Russia at Vienna, has been appointed to succeed the Baron De Budberg as Russian Ambassador at Paris.

JAPAN.

The French Fleet to be Augmented.

Paris, Sunday, April 26.

In consequence of the recent troubles in Japan, and the outrage committed there on French seamen, the French fleet in the Japanese waters is to be augmented, and orders to that effect have been issued from the Ministry of the Marine.

Odd-Fellowship Celebration.

Alexandria, Va., Sunday, April 26.

The forty-ninth anniversary of Odd-Fellowship in the United States was celebrated here to-day. An address was delivered by Mr. P. A. Sweet, Grand Secretary of the Grand Lodge of the District. There was a large attendance of visiting brethren.

WEST INDIES.

Disappearance of the Yellow Fever from St. Croix, and of the Cholera from St. Thomas.

Washington, Sunday, April 26.

The Secretary of State has received advices from our Consul at St. Croix, West Indies, dated April 11, stating that the yellow fever had entirely disappeared from Frederiksted, and that clean bills of health are now issued from that port; also, that the cholera had ceased at St. Thomas. Up to the 21st of March, the date of the last official report, there had been 521 cases and 369 deaths.

The Consul adds:

Since that period but two deaths have been reported to the Government, and clean bills of health are issued by the authorities there. The quarantine here, however, still continues on all vessels from St. Thomas. Slight shocks of earthquake still continue, but none of any severity have been felt since the 17th, 23d and 27th of March.

I have the honor to be, your obedient servant,
E. H. PERKINS, United States Consul.

The Georgia Election.

Savannah, Ga., Sunday, April 26.

Of the election in this city the count at 12 o'clock last night was as follows:

For Bullock, Republican, 2,614.
For Gordon, Conservative. 2,464.
For the Constitution, 2,619.
Against the Constitution, 2,459.

The majority for the Republicans, so far as heard from in the city and county, is 1,800. The counting will be resumed to-morrow.

Scriven County returns give Bullock, 673; Gordon, 225; Cleft, 670; Fitch, 214.

Several disturbances occurred last night and night before. Policemen were fired upon and numerous arrests were made.

Augusta, Ga., Sunday, April 26.

Richmond and Burke Counties will give Bullock and the Constitution from three to four thousand majority. The Radicals claim the District by 10,000 majority.

Mme. Ristori's Farewell Appearance in Havana.

Havana, Sunday, April 26.

On Friday night, previous to her departure for New-York, Mme. Ristori closed her engagement here by playing "Sor Teresa" to a house densely crowded in every part. The enthusiasm of the audience was so great that she was called before the curtain nine times in the course of the evening. After the performance the distinguished tragedienne was serenaded at her hotel.

Honors to Confederate Dead at Louisville, Ky.—Case of Embezzlement—Obituary.

Louisville, Sunday, April 26.

The ceremony of decorating the graves of the Confederate dead occurred at Cave Hill Cemetery yesterday. The weather was quite inclement, but, notwithstanding, several hundred persons were present.

Joseph Bloomgart, who embezzled $12,000 from the Government here some time ago, returned yesterday from New-York under arrest, and was brought before United States Commissioner Ballard. Bloomgart waived an examination, and in default of $15,000 bail was committed to jail to answer the charge of embezzlement.

Mrs. Prentice, wife of George D. Prentice, of the Louisville *Journal*, died this morning.

Further Proceedings in the Extradition Case of Charles H. Baker.

Buffalo, Saturday, April 25.

The extradition case of Charles H. Baker, on special mandate of the President of the United States, at the application of the British Minister at Washington in behalf of the Canadian authorities, was again before United States Commissioner Gorham for examination this afternoon. Documentary evidence was introduced, witnesses examined and the case postponed until Wednesday next. Great interest is manifested in the case, as it is thought that if the prisoner is remanded to the British authorities, some developments will be made in reference to the robbing of the Royal Insurance Company.

Opening of Canal Navigation.

Albany, N. Y., Sunday, April 26.

Canal navigation opens under favorable auspices, the weather being pleasant, and the canal at this end being in fair condition. All the loaded boats which were frozen in last Fall between this city and Schenectady, will reach the river.

Decease of Hon. Wm. C. Rives.

Charlottville, Va., Sunday, April 26.

Hon. Wm. C. Rives died at his residence, at Castle Hill, to-day, in the seventy-fifth year of his age. The deceased gentleman was formerly a United States Minister to France and a Senator from Virginia.

The St. Louis Fire—Corrected List of Insurances.

St. Louis, Sunday, April 26.

The list of insurances of losses caused by the extensive fire here on Thursday last, was incorrect. The following is the amended list:

Corn Exchange, New-York	$5,000
Home, of New-Haven	5,000
Buckeye, Mutual, of Cincinnati	2,500
Eureka, of Cincinnati	5,000
Queen, of Liverpool and London	5,000
Security, of New-York	5,000
Firemen's, of New-York	5,000
Boatmen's Fire and Marine, of Cincinnati	5,000
Putnam, of Hartford	5,000
North British and Mercantile, of New-York	10,000
State Fire, of Cleveland	5,000
Phœnix, of St. Louis	2,500
Howard, of New-York	2,500
Phœnix, of Brooklyn	5,000
North American, of Hartford	5,000
Hartford Fire Insurance Company	5,000
Æ.na, of Hartford	5,000
Merchants', of Cincinnati	5,000
North American, of Philadelphia	5,000

The Trial of Jefferson Davis.

From the Richmond Enquirer & Examiner, April 25.

From certain facts we have ascertained, appearances would indicate that Mr. Davis' "trial" is to be hurried up for some particular cause growing out of the present situation of affairs.

In consequence of orders received here on yesterday from the headquarters of the nation, considerable activity was observable in the United States Attorney's office. Clerks were busy ransacking the papers regarding this case till a late hour last evening, when two Government officials left northward bound. It is asserted that there is reason to believe the case will actually be brought to a hearing of some sort at the opening of the court on the 4th of May; though at last accounts, it seemed to be the prevailing opinion of some high in authority, and *au fait* in regard to the points above given, that the trial would remain in its present state of postponement.

Condition of the Treasury—The April Statement.

From the Philadelphia Ledger.

Washington, Friday, April 24, 1868.

The balance sheet of the Treasury Department will, at the end of this month, present a much more cheerful aspect than it did at the close of the month of March. The drafts upon the Treasury from the Navy and War Departments for the twenty-three days of the present month amounted to but $4,700,000, and it is estimated that the aggregate of all drafts for April upon the Treasury to supply the demands of the Navy and War Departments, will not exceed $7,000,000.

The public debt statement for this month will show a reduction of the liabilities of the Government of about $10,000,000. The receipts from customs still come in encouragingly, and have reached $11,400,000 for the twenty-three days ending yesterday. During the same period the receipts from internal revenue amount to $5,900,000.

WASHINGTON.

Special Dispatches to the New-York Times.

Washington, Sunday, April 26.

THE IMPEACHMENT TRIAL.

The postponement yesterday until Monday of Senator Edmunds' resolution to take the official reporters into secret session, indicates its failure when it comes to a vote. Many of the Senators construe the twenty-first rule to allow them fifteen minutes on each article, which would give each Senator two hours and three-quarters, and would involve at least three weeks further discussion. Hence there will be a strong effort made to bring a vote directly upon the articles, without deliberation. Some few Senators desire to explain their votes upon certain questions, and the Democrats especially would like to talk, but fully half prefer to vote without debate.

The reports of extraordinary pressure being brought to bear personally upon Senators in order to influence a verdict in favor of a conviction, or otherwise, are greatly exaggerated if not wholly false. I find on personal inquiry among Senators that they are not feeling any such pressure, that, on the contrary, they have been unexpectedly free from it, and that there has been a very gratifying recognition of the proprieties of their position, especially by the members of the House, and by others whose position would warrant them in speaking on this subject, if anything could do so. In only one or two instances resolutions of State Legislatures sustaining impeachment have been sent to the Senate as well as to the House, but they have not been received. Senators expected to be freely approached on this subject; but their testimony, so far as I have been able to obtain it, shows that their anticipations have not been realized.

Mr. Stevens will open the argument in the trial to-morrow with a speech of about an hour and a half in length. He intends to deliver it all in person, if he can stand on his feet long enough. This done, he don't care whether he ever makes another speech or not. Mr. Williams will follow on the same side with an argument three hours long. Mr. Evarts will speak on Tuesday, but may not finish before Wednesday, as he is physically unable to speak more than two or three hours, owing to his sensitive nervous organization. Mr. Curtis will not speak again, as has been stated. The case will, therefore, not go to the Senate before Friday.

Considerable time is likely to be consumed to-morrow in an effort to adopt Mr. Sumner's new rules, or something like them. The proposition to limit the discussion on all questions involved in the final issue to two or three days is likely to be adopted. But, even if it prevails, the verdict cannot be reached before the first of next week.

GEN. SCHOFIELD.

The nomination of Gen. Schofield to be Secretary of War is now looked upon by Republican members of Congress as an attempt on the part of the President to propitiate the Senate by an assurance that if a verdict of acquittal is rendered the War Department will go into the hands of a man who can be trusted, and in whom Gen. Grant has the greatest confidence. Of course it comes too late for any effect. In addition to this, Gen. Schofield would unquestionably decline the honor at Mr. Johnson's hands, as he has done once before. His acceptance involves the surrender of his valuable position in the regular army—a large price to pay for ten months' service as Secretary of War. It is not known that Gen. Schofield was consulted in the matter. He left the city for Richmond on Thursday last, having been while here the guest of Gen. Grant. There are few officers in the army with whom the latter is on more intimate terms of personal friendship than with Gen. Schofield. The President's friends explain the action of the President by saying that as Mr. Ewing had requested the withdrawal of his name, the President, to maintain his *status* on the War Office question, was obliged to make another nomination, and thereupon selected Gen. Schofield.

MEMBERS OF CONGRESS FROM ARKANSAS.

The new Senators from Arkansas, Messrs. Rice and McDonald have arrived. The Representatives from that State will all be here this week, and Arkansas will receive attention as soon as impeachment is concluded. The President has not yet received the certified copy of the ratified Constitution, and it cannot be sent to Congress, under the law, except through him.

THE LOUISIANA ELECTION.

Major Dumas and other prominent Radicals in New-Orleans have executed affidavits before United States Commissioner Shannon, charging the Democrats with having polled fradulent votes against the Constitution at the recent election.

THE GEORGIA ELECTION.

Gen. Grant has received information from Gen. Meade to the effect that the selection in Georgia has probably resulted in the ratification of the Constitution by a decisive majority. The State ticket is in doubt, with the chances in favor of the Republicans. The liberal provisions of the Georgia Constitution on franchise and financial relief secured for it thousands of votes from the opponents of those who framed it.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

The Hon. A. G. Mackey, President of the Constitutional Convention of South Carolina, is expected to arrive here this week, for the purpose of presenting to the President an official copy of the Constitution ratified by the people of that State, accompanied by certificates of the election from Gen. Canby.

PERSONAL.

Among the distinguished persons in Washington now are Anthony Trollope, the English novelist, who, in company with Hon. Edward Thornton, British Minister, was present at the trial yesterday; Gens. Sickles and Pleasanton and Gov. Ward, of New-Jersey.

Associated Press Dispatches.

Washington, Sunday, April 26.

THE IMPEACHMENT TRIAL.

Mr. W. F. Peddrick, of Philadelphia, who has been in attendance with the counsel for the President, taking full notes of the impeachment proceedings for their use, is now engaged by Mr. Stanbery in the preparation of the closing argument for the President. Mr. Stanbery is rapidly improving in health, having yesterday morning dictated several thousand words of his argument. It is now supposed that he may be well enough on Wednesday or Thursday to read at least a portion of it. Managers Stevens and Williams, according to the present understanding, will speak to-morrow. The former has had his argument printed, and will occupy about an hour in the delivery of it.

REISSUE OF APPLICATIONS FOR PATENTS.

An important decision as to the reissue of applications for patents has been made by the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia. The Commissioner of Patents had established a rule that all applications for the reissue of surrendered patents should be publicly advertised for thirty days, and that testimony might be taken adversely to the claimant. The assignees of the Reichman patent for dye improvement in lamps surrendered their patent for reissue under the rule above mentioned; the application was published and testimony taken, under which the reissue was refused. From this refusal an appeal was taken, and after the hearing, Judge Fisher pronounced the rule illegal and unauthorized, and ordered the issue of the patent.

COUNTERFEIT CURRENCY.

A number of counterfeit five cent notes of the last issue have been recently presented at the Redemption Bureau of the Treasury Department for redemption.

IMPEACHMENT.

Unexpected Prolongation of the Arguments—Another Week of Speech-making—Mr. Ben. Wade's Friends Nervous—A Military View of Certain Features of the Case, and the Argument in Support thereof.

From Our Regular Correspondent.

Washington, Saturday, April 25; 1868.

The Impeachment trial will last another week. The shadows of next Saturday night will scarcely fall upon Mr. Wade in the White-House, nor upon Mr. Johnson journeying toward his home in the mountains of East Tennessee. When the Senate opened the floodgates of argument they not only made martyrs of themselves, but extended the trial nearly one week. Thus far but three speeches, out of eight to be delivered on the final issue, have been made. There will be four, if not five, more days of argument, and if the Senate also concludes to talk on the subject, then all those visions of patronage whereby the adherents of Mr. Ben Wade propose to seduce the Chicago Convention into nominating him for the Vice-Presidency will hang pendant beyond his reach until, alas! it is too late! For the Senators can lay out three weeks' work on the final issue without the least difficulty, and Mr. Wade's friends are so nervous on the subject as to charge that some of them really mean to do it.

There is one point bearing upon the charge alleged in the articles that the President intended to use force in the removal of Mr. Stanton which has not yet been alluded to in any of the arguments, and which, in the opinion of prominent and cool-headed military men here, accustomed to obeying orders, and familiar with the extent of authority conveyed by an order, forms one of the most important elements in the case against the President. Judge Curtis, in his argument on the conspiracy articles, handled the subject with much ingenuity. He was careful to assert that the President's order to Gen. Thomas was not purely a military order; that it was an order relating to the civil service; but, that being "issued by the Commander-in-Chief to the Adjutant-General of the army," that "spirit of military obedience was invoked which constitutes the strength of the military science." This is very adroit, but it is not fair. Either the order was a civil one or it was a military one; there can be no blending of the two elements in this instance. If it was a civil order, which Gen. Thomas was at liberty to obey or not, in which he could exercise his own volition, then, of course, the act of obedience required his consent, which was given, and which renders the President liable on the charge of conspiracy, because there was manifestly a second party who became the co-conspirator. If, on the other hand, it was a military order—and Judge Curtis seems to lean to this view in his argument—then the charge of conspiracy fails, because Gen. Thomas had no volition in the matter, having nothing to do but to obey; but the President thereby committed a felony by the palpable violation of section two of the Army Appropriation act of 1867, which requires that all military orders shall pass through the General of the army. There is no escape from this. Either the act of conspiracy is established, or the charge of another misdemeanor can be sustained.

If it be conceded that the order to Gen. Thomas was military in its character, that of itself settles the question of the use of force. The actual use of force is entirely unnecessary to prove the design to use it. There is not an officer in the army who will put any other interpretation upon such an order than that it, of itself, is the sufficient authorization to use force. In fact, the order itself is an act of force, for military orders are the very essence of force and nothing else. In discussing this point military men are unanimous in this conclusion. Gen. Thomas himself, in his testimony on this point, admitted that he regarded his order of appointment as sufficient authority of itself for the use of force if he found it necessary. There is one more consideration worth pointing out. Many people point to the fact that the President appointed so weak a man as Gen. Thomas, as evidence that he had no sinister design in removing Mr. Stanton. It is not apparent on the mere face of the act what the design was, but it must not be forgotten that Gen. Thomas was Adjutant General, the channel of communication with the army, and that in seizing him he not only made him the superior of Gen. Grant, but he seized these channels of communication as effectually as Grant seized Pemberton's at Vicksburg. Thomas would have been not only Secretary of War, Grant's superior, but he still would have been Adjutant-General, through whom Grant must send all his orders, with the official power of deciding, as Grant's superior, whether his order should be transmitted, and the physical power of executing the decision in his own person as Adjutant-General. This point has also been the subject of much discussion among military men, who quickly discovered the serious ramifications of the order in a military sense, and who saw at a glance that in seizing the office of Secretary of War and Adjutant-General combined, in the person of Gen. Thomas, the President seized the army, the Freedmen's Bureau and the Military Reconstruction policy of Congress by the throat.

CYMON.

End of an Action for Slander.

From the Albany Journal, April 24.

A case that has excited much attention in Schoharie County has finally been disposed of at the Circuit Court. It acquired interest from the prominent character of the parties and the nature of the accusation. In 1863, at the time of the first draft, Henry Tibbits, of Broome, wrote a letter to Mr. A. Weatherwax, of Schoharie, who was then Deputy Provost-Marshal of Schoharie, informing him that one John Hager, a resident of Broome, was not enrolled; that he was a secessionist, and should be enrolled, and that the enrolling officer of the town of Broome should be informed of the fact. Mr. Weatherwax sent this letter to headquarters at Albany, and from there it was sent to the enrolling officer of the town of Broome. Mr. Hager, the plaintiff, learning the contents of this letter, instituted an action for libel against Mr. Tibbits, the words claimed as libelous being that he (Hager) was a secessionist. The case was tried at the October Circuit last Fall, the jury being unable to agree. It was retried again this week, occupying about a day, and the jury, after being out a very short time, brought in a verdict of six cents damages. The plaintiff in his complaint asking for $5,000 damages for being called a secessionist, at the hands of a jury five-sixths of whom were of the same political complexion as himself, but they saw fit only to give him six cents.

GEORGIA.

The Election—Gen. Meade's Order About the Test Oath—The Probable Result—Damage to the Crops from the Storm, &c.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Athens, Clarke County, Monday, April 20, 1868.

The canvass is now closed. The stump speakers have retired to rest. The editors have no further use for "startling discoveries" of Gordon's ineligibility, or "fearful disclosures" of Bullock's crimes. The issue of campaign documents has ceased. The result now depends on votes and the registers. It is meteorologically true that "the sky is overcast, the morning lowers, and heavily with clouds brings on the day," for it has rained steadily for the last thirty-six hours. The sky is of an unbroken lead color, and the prospect of a wet, slushy ride or walk to Watkinsville—a broken-down village, consisting of a court-house, a tavern, two grog-shops and three or four ungainly houses, constituting the "county-seat of Clarke"—does not exhilarate the free and enlightened electors, or make them set about their work with that cheerful alacrity suitable to the occasion. All parties are "mad" with the registers, who have appointed but one polling-place for this large county, which has over 3,000 voters, and who thus compel more than two-thirds of that number to travel from seven to fourteen miles to Watkinsville, or refrain from voting at all. Gen. Meade's election-order authorizes as many as three precincts in every county; but in this and the adjoining county of Oglethorpe there is but one—to the great annoyance, inconvenience and expense of a large majority of the registered voters. Both parties complain loudly; the negroes more than the whites, for they will have to walk, and will certainly have to lose one if not two days of their time, and consequently of their wages. Representations as to this hardship were made last week to Gen. Meade, from a number of counties in the State, but he declined to interfere on the ground that the number of polling-places in each county is left discretionary with the boards of registration, and that he is not inclined to interfere in the matter by an order.

The recent notification from headquarters that the members elect to the Legislature may be required to take the iron-clad oath, on assumption that the Government is provisional until the State is admitted, has caused a good deal of commotion—of hope among the Radical aspirants who stand but a small chance of election by a majority of the voters, and of fear among those who are assured of their popularity, but who cannot swear that they never gave aid or comfort to the enemies of the United States.

Persons who take a gloomy view of things, and I fear that they are very numerous, seem confident that from Gen. Meade's announcement that the subject has been taken "under consideration," it will certainly be decided that the members of the General Assembly must take the test oath, which will be equivalent to deciding that a majority of both Houses must be negroes or recently arrived adventurers. It is absolutely true that outside these two classes, it would be impossible to find 179 members of the House and forty-four of the Senate, who could take the oath, who would stand any chance of election.

Considering the immense powers conferred upon the Legislature by the new Constitution, greater than those ordinarily vested in a State Convention, it is not astonishing that the people should feel intense anxiety in the decision of a matter on which so much depends. The arguments used by Gen. Schofield in his recent wise remonstrance against the requirement of the Test Oath in Virginia apply with equal if not greater force to Georgia. There are thousands upon thousands of good, zealous reconstructionists, many of them original Union men, opposed to secession and the war all the time, who are as unable conscientiously to take the Test Oath as are Mr. Wigfall or Mr. Slidell. The oath is terribly comprehensive. It requires the affiant to swear that he "never voluntarily gave aid, countenance, counsel or encouragement to persons engaged in armed hostility to the United States," and that he never "voluntarily yielded support to any pretended Government, authority, power or Constitution inimical to the United States." There is not a single family in the State of which one or more members were not "engaged in armed hostility to the United States" at some time during the war, and who did not receive aid, countenance, counsel and encouragement from those who remained at home. Mr. Thomas was excluded from his seat in the Senate because he gave a hundred dollars to his son, who joined the Confederate Army, contrary to the wishes and advice of his parents; and who is there in Georgia—whom can it be reasonably expected to find—who has not done as much for a son, brother, kinsman or friend? There are not a hundred white men in the State, who were here during the war, who could take the required oath without perjury, and not half of that number, who would dream of going to the Legislature, could take it. It is no exaggeration to say, that if Gen. Meade should ultimately decide that members of the General Assembly must take the test oath, both branches of that body will be composed of white men like Bryant and of negroes, and that the mass of the people of Georgia will be excluded. The effect of such a ruling, it is too plain, will not be to promote reconstruction and peace. It must exasperate those already ill affected, and make hostile those who are now friendly. The experience of every executive department as to the impossibility of finding subordinates who could take the test oath demonstrates conclusively the extent to which its requirements now would deprive the people of the State of any voice in the making of their laws and the management of their own affairs. Had the oath been required from members of the Convention, two-thirds of the white men in that body who were Georgians would have been unable to take their seats. The Constitution and the Legislature elected under it are the commencement of a new order of things which is intended to be permanent, and it would seem hard, because Congress requires the Legislature to perform a certain act as a condition precedent to the acceptance of that new order of things, to declare that the Legislature is only provisional, and that its members are provisional officers under the military Government.

Great earnestness is displayed by both sides, and each expresses a perfect confidence of success. From my sources of information, which are reliable and capable of judging, and from my own observation, I think that the Constitution will be certainly adopted, that Gordon will be probably elected Governor by a majority of votes, though the contest will be very close, that most of the Radical candidates for Congress will win, and that the Legislature will be pretty equally divided among Conservatives, white Radicals and Negroes. In this county the fight will be very close. The negroes have a small majority—about a hundred—of the registered vote, but they are somewhat divided. Some will certainly vote for Gordon and the Conservative candidates. In what is called the "black belt," where the negroes are two or three to one as compared with the whites, this division is more marked and decisive. In Sumter County, one of the largest and most popular counties in that section, I am informed that the Conservatives are confident of success.

Ample measures have been taken by the military authorities to insure quiet and protection to both sides. Squads of troops are scattered everywhere. As yet there is no indication of any disturbance or trouble of any sort.

In Atlanta, I hear that the Conservatives will make a clean sweep, and that not one Radical aspirant will be elected.

The once renowned Aaron Alpeoria Bradley has received the *coup de grace* and is now politically dead. His name has been stricken off the registry lists for felony. He cannot, therefore, be elected, as he desired, to the State Senate from the Savannah district.

The recent tropical rains have done great damage to the crops. The growing corn has been destroyed in many places by "washing" and by inundation. Cotton, where planted, will not come up, and preparations are being made to replant. But all preparations and all farming operations must be suspended for this week. The negroes from the whole country, male and female, young and old, are flocking "to town," and when asked when they think they will get back and go to work, they answer, "As soon as we get through with our business." Hundreds have already passed the window of the room where I write, on their way to the polls, although it is not yet 7 o'clock A. M., and I think that quite as many of the crowd have been women as men.

Ex-Gov. Jenkins and his family have gone, or are about to go, to Canada for the Summer.

QUONDAM.

LOUISIANA.

The Recent Elections—How They Were Conducted—The Colored Voters—Means Used to Influence Them—Charges and Counter-charges of Tampering and Corruption.

From Our Own Correspondent.

New-Orleans, Sunday, April 19, 1868.

ELECTIONS FIRST DAY.

The dispositions, civil and military, for the preservation of order at the polls, have proved quite effectual. There has been no disturbance in the city. It may be in justice to the colored people added that they have behaved themselves very properly, voting principally for the Radical ticket, and under the supervision of Radical overseers. It was curious to see how the superior adroitness of the more intelligent white men ruled the ignorance of the freedmen. The colored voters were marched in double files to the polls. The carpet-baggers went through the ranks like sergeants distributing ammunition. The directions were equally curt and authoritative. "Take this ticket; don't let white or black see it; put it in your pocket and give it to the men at the window." This talisman given to the freedman, was preserved as his ancestor in the jungles of Africa would have kept his gree-gree. This ballot the freedman is taught to believe is a charm to prevent his being again brought into bondage. This fear of the evil one terrifies the darkey into absolute obedience to the political priesthood who bind it around his neck. They vote the Radical ticket because they believe they thereby effect an insurance on their freedom, Possibly they cannot be blamed. But it shows the docility and the dependence of the negro, with the superior capacity of the white man. It this delusion did not control the freedmen some other would be devised. Howsoever evil may be the designs of the adventurers, it is amazing to see not exceeding two hundred white men, with one or two newspapers, govern eighty thousand colored voters. They have taken all the lucrative State offices, and all the Federal patronage to themselves. They have bestowed upon their colored friends nominations for offices which they stand small chance to receive. But the truth remains that the superior sagacity of the whites rules the inferior experience of the colored race. Should not this encourage the Southern whites to take charge of their own affairs. Cannot they govern the lower orders of intelligence as you in New-York have always done? Because a man carries a hod on your brown-stone residence, or drives the dray for your warehouse, can he demand admission to the evening's entertainment in your parlor? Intelligence and energy will always govern ignorance and improvidence. Let us return to

THE ELECTIONS—SECOND DAY.

Reports of a riot at Carrollton come in, but of a contradictory character. It is certain that one freedman was shot through the jaw, and another wounded in the foot; but on the one side the act is said to have been instigated by the Democrats, on the other by the Radicals. Any way, one darkey is at death's door, and another lamed for a shorter or longer time. The Federal cavalry came upon the ground and dispersed several hundred freedmen who were clamorous for the release of a Radical candidate, arrested for wearing concealed weapons, which, he said, "somebody had thrust into his pocket." Another disturbance at Gretna, over the river, was quieted by a few squads of infantry. Indeed, the freedmen do not understand why the soldiers should "go back on them" in this manner. They are told by their carpet-bag friends that the army and the Northern people are their friends. They cannot see why the soldiers should not allow them to do as they wish, or why Ohio and Michigan will not let them vote. The truth is, the freedmen have been in many cases stimulated to mischievous zeal against those who differ with them. It is charged that Judge Ogden, a very old and inoffensive man, was, a few days since, beaten nearly to death by a negro, for the offence of having spoken "against the carpet-baggers." It is difficult to restrain ignorant and mercenary white men who will not be content to abide, as Americans have always done, by the result of an election, but resort to direct violence to prevent or to avenge a political disappointment. It will be proper, however, to give the general result and character of the municipal election. The extension of the right of suffrage to persons utterly unqualified to receive it, has subjected both parties to temptations unknown in American politics.

IGNORANCE OF THE COLORED VOTERS.

The Republican organ denounces some Democrat for interfering with the vote of a Radical negro. He says:

"One of the gentlemen who was engaged in reporting on the qualifications of registered colored men asked this colored person what ticket he was going to vote. He took out of his pocket the regular Republican ticket, and said he should vote that if he could vote at all. The gentleman told him the direct, if not malicious, falsehood that it was the Democratic ticket. He repeated this two or three times to the colored man, though if the gentleman could read he knew better, and he was indignantly told by our reporter that he ought to be reported to military headquarters and punished for attempting to deceive a colored man in that way."

From this it is plain that this utterly illiterate voter could not tell whether he had the right ticket or not. The Democratic and Republican white men were quarreling to convince this ignorant creature each in favor of his own party. The *Crescent* quotes a case where a country negro, called "Doctor Jack," was brought into trouble for not knowing the perils of perjury which surrounded him, and adds:

"When asked what he meant by two affidavits swearing to two residences, the old man answered that he 'hadn't done nothing but what the gemman told him to do!'"

That the contest over these ignorant and helpless voters should have been dishonest and rancorous is very natural. The practice of putting trademarks on the ticket as a guide to the freedmen occasioned their friends much perplexity. The head of Lincoln was a vignette that gave much confidence until it was discovered that the Democrats had counterfeited it over their own tickets. In some instances these tricks were retorted on the Democrats by other tickets, or by a circular purporting to emanate from the Democratic Party, denouncing any coalition with the Taliaferro Party. In a word, all of those stale and exploded tricks which were once so well known among the shysters and shoulder-hitters have been reproduced here at the expense of the illiterate freedmen. If Congress had ordered that they should have been marked in red keel, like the sheep of Pennsylvania, and led up to the polls by Radical shepherd dogs, who would bark down all attempts to interrupt them, it would have saved a world of trouble and attained exactly the same object.

But, as may be supposed, such an occasion brought into active play the most unscrupulous men of both parties. Hence the unfortunate negroes were led or driven to the polls, or carried to prison on a charge of perjury when they were wholly unconscious of the particular offence they had committed, and had, with "Doctor Jack," "not done noffin but what de gemman tole 'em to do." Here is a specimen of what the Democrats charged the Republicans with. The *Crescent* says of the "carpet-baggers:"

"They imported hundreds of negroes from the surrounding parishes, took them to the office of one Gifford, a justice of the peace, who issued to them affidavits of ten days' residence, and armed with these precious documents, crowds of ignorant ragged plantation negroes were marched to the polls of the First District by the shameless carpet-baggers, who had organized this villainy, and forced to vote the Warmoth Radical ticket."

The *Republican*, on the other hand, retorts:

"The heart sickens at the disgraceful exposures of rebel malignity, rebel hate, and rebel hostility to justice and right. Whatever be the result of the election, we enter our protest against the conduct of these Commissioners, and the gross outrages against colored voters."

Of these counter charges, we can only say that where the colored vote was so subject to deception, the fact that the Radicals carried so much the larger number would imply that they had employed more fraud or employed it more successfully.

But why should this letter be retained for any definite election news? You will receive it by telegraph sooner than in manuscript. We are to-day without any other knowledge than that derived from rumor. It is, therefore, more a prediction than an assertion that the Constitution and Republican State ticket is elected, while the Democratic or Conservative ticket has carried a majority of officers in the City of New-Orleans.

W. M. B.

VIRGINIA.

The Election Postponed—Circular of Gen. Schofield—Rage of the Radicals—Hunnicutt Makes a Speech.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Richmond, Friday, April 24, 1868.

As I informed you yesterday, Gen. Schofield's business at Washington was to obtain the necessary funds to complete the revision of the registration and defray the expenses of the election ordered by the Convention for the 2d of June. The following circular, issued this morning, fully explains the result of his efforts:

Headquarters First Military District,
State of Virginia,
Richmond, Va., April 24, 1868.

To the People of Virginia: No appropriation having yet been made by Congress to defray the expenses of an election in Virginia, for ratification or rejection of a Constitution, and revision of registration preceding such election, I am not now authorized to order the boards of registration to carry into effect the ordinance of the Convention providing for such election.

If Congressional action upon the subject be so long delayed that the election cannot properly be held at the time appointed by the Convention, June 2, Congress will doubtless substitute a later day, of which due notice will be given.

J. M. SCHOFIELD, Major-General.

When it was noised abroad that an order postponing the election had been issued, there was quite a flutter among those who expect to be candidates. A great many saw a trick in it to keep the appointees of the Commanding General in office, while others thought it a measure of retaliation on the part of the General for the contempt with which the wise counsels of the latter in respect to the test oath had been treated by the Convention. But there can be no doubt that the reasons set forth in the circular are the true ones for deferring the election.

There was a very large meeting in the Square this evening as it had been previously announced that Mr. Hunnicutt would speak in his own defence. His fame always insures a good attendance, and besides the usual number of colored men, women and babies on hand, the gentlemen composing the Conservative Central Committee and a great many more of our leading white citizens were present. The speaker said that he had been much blamed in times past for the violence of his language. It had been forced upon him by the peculiar circumstances in which he found himself placed. When he came to Richmond he found himself a sort of Ishmaelite, and every white man's voice was raised against him, and he found himself assailed upon all sides with slander and abuse, and in retaliation he was forced to resort to the same weapons; but in the future it was his intention to abstain both in writing and speaking from all harsh language. He then reviewed his political course from the time he came to Richmond and established the Union Party to the present moment, and challenged any one to question the consistency of his conduct, the courage with which he had sustained the cause, or the purity of his motives; and he called God to witness that during the two years he had labored so earnestly and zealously for the establishment of the Republican Party, that he had never felt the least enmity toward any man, woman or child in Richmond. Mr. Hunnicutt then declared himself in favor of the new Constitution, and discussed at full length all the objections urged against the instrument by its opponents. The Homestead Exemption clause he was in favor of because it was a just measure of relief to those who had lost their property—their slaves, their horses, their cattle and their fences, during the war. It was a military necessity; and even if it were favorable to those who had been in rebellion, he thought it right, as a measure of humanity as well as of justice. In regard to disfranchisement, he did not think the rebels had any right to complain of that measure. The Convention had not disfranchised them; they had disfranchised themselves. The Convention had not gone beyond Congress in this matter, and he was free to admit that there were a great many more disfranchised than he was in favor of proscribing, but the authority to remove the disability had been given to the Legislature, and there could be no doubt but that body would exercise it in a liberal spirit. The test oath had been opposed up to a very late day in session, and would never have been adopted but for the malignant spirit displayed by those upon whom it acts. The Republicans had been forced to adopt it in self-defence, for they did not feel that they could trust their lives, liberty and property in the hands of those who constantly declared that if they had the power they would sweep every Radical from the land. But in time, if the Conservatives showed a proper friendliness of disposition, this iron-clad oath could also be dispensed with. He addressed the greater portion of his speech, which was two hours long, to the white persons present, and made a strong appeal to them to bury the tomahawk and join with the Republicans in restoring good feeling, threatened them that if they did vote down this Constitution, Congress would use harsher measures and disfranchise every man who ever bore arms against the Union. He warned the colored men against the Northern Copperheads who were among them trying to get their votes for office, and also against two much confidence in the military—for the soldiers were not all Radicals. He was glad that Gen. Schofield had postponed the election, and he did not believe there was any trick in it. He hoped it might be deferred till August or September, as that would give them time to fully organize in every county for the campaign, as the Conservatives had already done. They could then make their harvest, get in their wheat and corn, and after that have "rousing meetings." As for himself, he should remain true and steadfast to the party, whether they should see fit to nominate him for an office or not. He warned the white people, in conclusion, that if they should be foolish enough to attempt to carry out their threats of violence they would be the losers in the game, as force would be met by force, and they would get the worst of it in a war of races.

This was the mildest and at the same time the most logical effort I have ever heard from Mr. Hunnicutt, and all present remarked the improvement. It was devoid of all malignancy, abuse and vituperation—and indicates that he is becoming more reasonable. His new style, however, does not seem to please the colored people as there was but little applause until he closed, when three cheers were given at the suggestion of the President of the meeting.

He was followed by Mr. Danner, an ex-Confederate, who made a very good speech, but said nothing that was new. The audience retired while he was haranging them.

OFF TO WASHINGTON.

As soon as Gen. Schofield's order was issued today Mr. Chandler and other prominent Republicans posted off to Washington, to induce Congress to pass an appropriation at once, in order that the election may not be delayed.

THE CHARGES AGAINST THE GENERAL.

I understand that Gen. Schofield has forwarded to Gen. Grant a refutation or explanation of the charges brought against him by his "Retiracy," Ex-Gov. Peirpoint. All of the documents in this great impeachment case will, doubtless, be published by the "General of our armies."

KAPPA.

The Hoboken Academy.—The annual examination in this institution took place during last week. Four or five hours were devoted to each class, and the examination of the pupils in the various branches by different teachers was highly interesting. Every teacher has his own specialty, which he teaches in the respective classes. There are about 400 pupils in the school, forming nine classes, viz.: three elementary, three intermediate and three academic. There were many fine specimens of drawing and writing exhibited. The examination was, in every point of view, highly successful, the pupils having given proofs of decided progress in their studies. The proceedings were concluded by a grand exhibition at the German Club Rooms, consisting of speeches, declamations, dialogues, essays, distribution of prizes, &c. Both the examination and exhibition were numerously attended by parents of the pupils and friends of the school.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

The New-York Juvenile Guardian Society.

STATEMENT OF THE EXAMINING COMMITTEE.

The undersigned Committee, appointed at a meeting of the Directors of this Society, held at the office of the President, April 16, 1868, to investigate the affairs of this Society and the charges made against it, beg leave respectfully to report that they have attended to the duty given them and submit for your consideration the following:

"Severe and unjust attacks, and editorial criticisms as unjust as severe, have recently appeared in the columns of the NEW-YORK TIMES, perverting the truth and the facts in relation to this Society and its work for the past nineteen years of its existence. This Society was organized nineteen years ago, under the name of the "City Missionary Society," with Rev. ENOCH VAN AUKEN, SEWELL WATERHOUSE, GEORGE WILLIAMS, JAMES E. SEARLE, and D. F. ROBERTSON, as a Board of Directors, all of whom are still living and attest this fact. From that time until the present the Society has been sustained by voluntary contributions, except that it received $6,000 aid from the State for the first time in the year 1866 and an apportionment from the Comptroller of $3,272 01 in 1867. In no year prior to 1865 did its income exceed $2,900. In 1865 it was only $3,207 96. With the small means thus derived this Society has sustained its schools and charities and increased in numbers, and during this period has conducted, as stated in its last report, twenty-two schools, some of which have passed into other hands, some have been discontinued, and others are still in progress. The operations of this Society have been attended with various degrees of success, depending altogether upon the means at hand. There has been, however, a gradual increase in the number of children sought and reached, until the directors, looking to the interests of the Society, and how it could be made most useful, determined upon an incorporation under the laws of this State. The name of the Society was about four years ago changed to its present name, the New-York Juvenile Guardian Society, as frequently is done by societies and corporations, and date from the origin of their work.

In 1866 the number of children brought under its influence and teachings reached over 2,000, and in 1867 the number was 2,279, as shown by the affidavits and reports of the teachers in charge of the schools.

The Society has always labored under great disadvantages from the want of a permanent Home, and knowing that to secure one would be quadrupling its benefits and usefulness, the directors determined last Winter to purchase one, and, after a careful inquiry, concluded an agreement for the purchase of its new house, No. 101 St. Mark's-place. The agreement for the purchase of this house from CHRISTIAN KRAACKE was made in December last, and a payment made thereon of $1,083 20, including the expenses, $83 20, to secure the same.

A second payment thereon of $2,000 was made, and the deed executed and delivered to the Society on the 31st day of March last, the day before Mr. HUMPHREY made his visits of inquiry spoken of by him in his first article, when he was actually informed of the facts.

The deed is on record at the Register's office, where any person who wishes can see it. The purchase is a recent one, and the Society do not get actual possession of the property until the 1st of May next, yet Mr. HUMPHREY knowing these facts, says he went to this house, and pretends to affect great surprise at not finding its schools there. So he was equally blind in finding the schools in actual existence, because he could not, or would not, read the numbers on the buildings, all of which had been previously published. There are none so blind as those who will not see. During the past year the Society has conducted six schools. The Bowery Industrial Day-school, at No. 207 Bowery, established here for four years, formerly at No. 93 Bowery. The total number who have attended and been taught at this school during the year were 764 children. These facts are attested by PHILIP MILLER, MATILDA T. GRAY, ELIZABETH SIMONS and M. LANGSDORF, teachers of the school, WM. C. BALDWIN, an occupant of a part of the building, RICHARD BURNTON, a former director of the Society for five years, who testifies that he has frequently visited this school, and that it was well attended and managed, and the number of children present when he visited the school were generally about two hundred; that the reports of the Secretary and Treasurer were matters of personal inspection by the directors at their meetings. The Christie-street Industrial School at No. 141 Christie-street, where 160 children were taught, which was the whole number the school-room could accommodate, and the number would have been much larger if there had been room, as testified to by Mr. WATERMAN CHASE, who also says that he has known this Society over four years. Knows that all the schools, as stated in the last report of the Society, were in operation the last past year at the places stated. This school was closed in May last, when it was ascertained that there would be no State appropriation for this Society. When further funds were received, the Suffolk-street Day School was opened, and continued until December last, when the Society determined to buy the house in St. Mark's-place, No. 101, and at the commencement of the year 1868 another school of the Society, the East Side Mission School, at No. 141 Chrystie-street, a school of four years' standing, having received and taught here in 1867, 356 children, was also closed. These schools were closed for the reason that the Society had determined to use as much as possible of its funds to secure the house in St. Mark's-place, which required it to close some of its schools.

The Dispensary Mission School, No. 207 Bowery, has been conducted here for five years, and 782 children have attended and been taught here in the past year. And the Clinton-street Mission School, No. 166 Clinton-street, corner of Grand, established here for two years, with 151 children. Three of these schools are still in operation, and the children who have attended the closed schools have been kept sight of as well as others, all of whom will be glad to enter the new Home as soon as it can be made ready, and, with this nucleus and the new Home, the Society will be enabled to increase its usefulness in a tenfold degree. It is also a noticeable fact that the number of children actually taught and cared for, and not the number of nominal schools, is the true criterion of usefulness, and judged by this criterion, the schools of this Society have done four times as much as many other benevolent associations who have many schools with a few children in each. These schools have been under the charge of the General Superintendent and Secretary, D. F. ROBERTSON and thirteen paid teachers, viz.: Philip Miller, Matilda T. Gray, Elizabeth Simons, Mary Langsdorf, Letty Rollins, Laban Lewis, G. W. Torry, Mary Ashman, H. Hartman, George Lyding, Robt. H. Wilkinson, Arthur Forbes, Jr., and M. Matin, all of whom have been employed in the schools of this Society, some for the whole of the past year, and the rest for portions of the year; and in addition to these there are a large number of volunteer teachers in the mission schools who ask no compensation.

All of these teachers can be seen and establish the above facts. Most of them have already testified, and establish the Society's report.

The objects of this Society are stated in the constitution, viz.:

> "The particular business and objects of this Society are, and shall be, the providing instruction, homes, clothing, temporary board, and other aids; and also for the opening of free Christian schools (not denominational) in destitute districts of the City of New-York, for neglected children."

The President's duties are to preside at the meetings and appoint the necessary committees, with such general duties as usually pertain to such office. The duties of the Treasurer, Secretary, Superintendent, and other officers, are also prescribed. The Treasurer is to keep an account of all moneys received and disbursed by him, and by a resolution of the then Board of Directors, passed by them March 27, 1865, the Superintendent, Mr. ROBERTSON, was authorized to receive subscriptions and donations, and pay such current expenses as might be incurred and become due between the meetings of the Board. For these objects, and pursuant to these rules, the affairs of this Society have been conducted. By these rules the duties of Superintendent, Secretary and disbursing officer, the care of the schools, and all details have been thrown upon the Superintendent, Mr. ROBERTSON, and he has performed the duties of three or more persons, and when taking into account a severe injury to his eyes, by which the sight of one is entirely lost and the other very much impaired, his indomitable perseverence and energy will be apparent.

Upon a full examination of the Treasurer's books, we find his accounts carefully kept and vouchers for all payments made by him, and that he has honestly and faithfully performed the duties of his office, and that there is not the slightest foundation for the insinuations contained in the articles published in the *Times* in the most remote degree, and the President of the Society, who in this community stands above suspicion, has been in every way attentive to his duties and active in his endeavors to promote its interests through many difficulties and obstacles. The Society now, with the proper support from those who have already favored them, and whose attention is earnestly requested to this report and the conduct and affairs of this Society, has reached the point where it can establish a permanent home and fully secure the original objects of its organization.

The Society have received during the past year from its contributors $7,190, and have a complete record of every donor and the amounts, excepting of $278 recorded in a collector's book, lost, which is open to the inspection of every person who has contributed, and every State and City officer. It has also received an apportionment from the Comptroller, $3,272 01, as before noted, from the estate of ROBERT A. ROBERTSON, through the Superintendent; of $330 33, from Mr. CHAS. KRAACKE, for the home; $500, and loans effected by Mr. ROBERTSON, the Superintendent, for which he is personally responsible, $1,786 27, and cash on hand Jan. 1, 1867, $262 75, making the total resources of the society for 1867 $13,344 07.

These funds have been disbursed, as stated in the report lately published, for the following objects:

Expenditures from Jan. 1, 1867, to Jan. 1, 1868.

Thirteen paid teachers and superintendents	$4,710 19
Rents and lodgings	2,353 10
Visitors and agents	1,536 47
Provisions and clothing	1,113 01
City Orphan Home	1,183 20
Office, book-keeper, &c	731 88
Fitting up and furnishing	422 21
Printing, mailing and advertising	339 58
Books and stationery	431 22
General expenses—car fare, cartage, postage, traveling expenses, &c	327 06
Janitors	296 15
Total	$13,344 07

The payments embraced in the first item include the payments to the 13 teachers herein mentioned and $1,500 to MR. ROBERTSON, his salary as superintendent only. He has received pay in only one capacity, although he has served in several. By a reference to the minutes of the Society, we find that at a meeting of the Directors held June 30 1866, Mr. ROBERTSON's claim for arrears, of salary for four years, was audited and allowed, amounting at that time to $2,400. One-half of this amount has been paid him, and the remainder, $1,200, is still due him. These arrears accrued while the Society receipts from all sources were small as before stated, and not at all sufficient for the actual wants of the Society, when funds were needed to sustain it and sacrifices were required, and Mr. ROBERTSON did not hesitate; so again, the past year, when calls were made more than the Society could answer, Mr. ROBERTSON has again come forward and made himself personally responsible for moneys applied to its use.

The above classification shows the general purposes to which the moneys have been applied. It may be well, however, to state that as to the charge that Mr. ROBERTSON admitted that no food had been distributed save "dry flour," we are satisfied it is a gross perversion, and, in addition, we have written evidence attesting the facts that Mr. ROBERTSON has, from time to time, distributed both provisions and clothing, such as stockings and shoes, hats, ready-made clothing, flannel, muslin, calicoes, hoods, &c., and meal, beans, fish, potatoes, rice, flour, sugar and other groceries, so, of course, Mr. HUMPHREY, charges the charities to consist of "dry flour" only. The vouchers of Mr. ROBERTSON also show his expenditures for the various objects above given, except for such sums as were disbursed under circumstances that rendered it extremely difficult if not impossible to take a voucher.

This gives a general history of the Society and statement of its affairs. The present directors, except Mr. ROBERTSON, have been connected with the Society but a short time—Mr. HUBBELL, of No. 45 Cliff, the President, since March, 1867; Mr. JOHN T. BANKER, Cashier of the Hanover National Bank; Mr. EVERETT, Cashier of the Broadway National Bank, since June 24, 1877; Mr. JOHN CONACHER, of No. 63 Duane-street, (whom the TIMES does not know,) about four years; and DAVID THURSTON, of No. 30 Pine-street, and L. J. LANSING, of No. 5 Wall-street, were elected this Spring. None of these gentlemen have any personal ends to serve; they have given, and expect to give, their time to the Society so long as they remain with it. The operations of this Society are of more interest to the public, and the unfortunates and the outcasts it is intended to reach, than these directors. If it is an institution that will aid in proportion to its means to ameliorate the condition of these classes and help save them from pauperism and crime, and thus lessen the burdens of the community, then it should be sustained.

The decision of this question must be left to the benefactors of the Society thus far, from whom it invites the closest scrutiny. We cannot do better, both for the Society and its donors, than to publish the following extract *in extenso*, which appeared in one of our most influential daily papers the last year.

STREET CHILDREN.

The very large number of homeless children to be found in our streets should attract the serious attention of our authorities. The time was, and it is not very long since, when a beggar was an uncommon sight in the streets of an American city. Now beggars are as numerous in proportion to the population as they are in London, and are as bold and pertinacious as the *lazzaroni* of Naples. Among them the very large number of children is particularly noticeable. The Commissioners of Charities and Correction estimate the number of these children at 35,000. Of course, it is impossible that all these should be cared for in the public institutions; nor perhaps is it advisable that any attempt should be made to do so. A system of house-to-house visitations, with the providing of clothing, temporary shelter and education, is perhaps the best that circumstances will admit of. The New-York Juvenile Guardian Society has practiced this system for many years, and we have reason to believe with considerable success. About 2,000 children are now cared for by this Society, which wants but an increase of funds to enlarge the sphere of its operations. The system adopted by this Society is inexpensive and effective. Home associations are not broken up, the little ones are left to the care of their natural protectors, while at the same time good influences are thrown around them and a strict watch is kept on them and those by whom they are surrounded. The Society complains, and justly enough, we think, that it does not get its fair share of the annual appropriations made by the Legislature for charitable purposes. Last year its receipts were $13,286 26, which are quite insufficient for the purposes it has in view.

NEW YORK, April 23, 1868.

L. J. LANSING, No. 5 Wall-street, N. Y.
JOHN CONACHER, No. 63 Duane-street.
DAVID THURSTON, No. 30 Pine-street.

City and County of New-York ss.: DAVID F. ROBERTSON being duly sworn, deposes and says that he is the Superintendent and Secretary of the New-York Juvenile Guardian Society, and, as such, has had the charge of the collections and disbursements of the Society, and that all the facts stated in the foregoing report are true in all respects according to the best of deponent's knowledge, information and belief.

D. F. ROBERTSON, Secretary.

Sworn to before me, this 23d day of April, 1868.

JOSEPH C. LAURENCE,
Notary Public, New-York City and County.

The Drew Theological Seminary—Organization of the Committees, &c.

The corporators of the Drew Theological Seminary met at Madison, N. J., on the 23d inst., to organize the Board. The following officers were elected: DANIEL DREW, President; Bishop E. S. JANES, Vice-President; E. L. FANCHER, Esq., Secretary; DANIEL D. CHAMBERLAIN, Treasurer.

C. C. NORTH, C. WALSH and Rev. M. D. C. CRAWFORD were appointed a committee to prepare a minute of the late D. L. ROSS, one of the corporators, and HARVEY B. LANE was elected to fill his place. A constitution and by-laws were adopted after the acceptance of the charter. The Board was then classified by ballot as follows:

First Class—Rev. Drs. Curry, Dashiell, Foss, Brown, Lanahan, Fancher, Ockershausen, Wells, W. W. Drew, J. A. Wright.

Second Class—Bishop Janes, J. S. Porter, L. M. Vincent, W. H. Ferris, T. Mitchell, Theodore Runyon, B. F. Manierre, F. H. Root, H. B. Lane, D. B. Chamberlain.

Third Class—Bishop Simpson, J. M. Tuttle, C. B. Sing, J. P. Durbin, M. D. C. Crawford, Daniel Drew, G. T. Cobb, C. Walsh, Jas. Bishop, C. C. North.

There are ten in each class. The term of the first class expires in July next, and they will be reëlected by the General Conference; the second class in 1872, and the third in 1876, when they will be reëlected by the same body. The following committees were appointed:

Executive and Building Committee—James M. Tuttle, G. T. Cobb, C. Walsh, R. L. Dashiell, of which the President of the Faculty (Rev. J. McClintock, D. D.) is an ex-officio member.

Finance Committee—Daniel Drew, Benj. F. Manierre, J. H. Ockershausen, E. L. Fancher, C. C. North.

The President of the institution, Dr. MCCLINTOCK, read a report for the past year, which was well received by the Board. He also read the report of the librarian, which showed between six and seven thousand volumes in the library, and constant additions are being made. In addition to these, Dr. MCCLINTOCK has a private library of his own of about five thousand volumes.

By resolution the following names were given: The mansion is to be known as Mead Hall, after the maiden name of Mrs. DANIEL DREW. The dormitories Asbury Hall, and the retectory Emory Hall.

Dr. J. MCCLINTOCK was reëlected President of the Faculty; Dr. B. H. NADAL to the chair of Historical Theology, and J. H. WORMAN Librarian and Tutor. The filling of the chair of Hebrew and Greek Exegesis was postponed till the next meeting of the Board, which will take place soon after the close of the General Conference.

GENERAL CITY NEWS.

BURGLARS.—JAMES MORAN, JOHN MULLEN and EDWARD MCDONALD were arrested yesterday by the Fifth Ward Police, and arraigned before Justice HOGAN, at the Tombs Court, on a charge of entering the unoccupied building, No. 14 Lispenard-street, and stealing a quantity of lead-pipe. The officer on post heard their movements, and on searching the premises found one of the prisoners concealed up the chimney, and the others in the coal-hole and cellar. They had ripped up nearly all the lead-pipe and packed it up in some bags. PETER EGAN, Jr., of No. 117 Avenue B, made a complaint against the accused, and they were remanded for trial....Officer MORAN, of the Eighth Ward Police, saw JOHN MULHOLLAND in Broadway, with a bundle, early yesterday morning, and as he acted strangely, the officer arrested him. The bundle contained twenty-eight pieces of gas-brackets, valued at $24, which were subsequently ascertained to have been stolen from the American Theatre, No. 472 Broadway, recently burned out. The property belonged to the lessee, Mr. ROBERT W. BUTLER. When the prisoner was arraigned before Justice DODGE, at the Jefferson Market Court, JOHN CARROLL, of No. 242 Elizabeth-street, one of the employes at the theatre, made a complaint, and MULHOLLAND was committed for trial at the Special Sessions.

CORONERS' CASES.—An inquest was held yesterday, at Bellevue Hospital, by Coroner KEENAN, over the body of ROSANNAH HOWARD, aged 19, an inmate of No. 338 Water-street. The *post-mortem* examination showed that death had resulted from apoplexy, and a verdict to that effect was duly rendered....Coroner KEENAN was notified yesterday to hold an inquest on the body of JAMES JONES, a native of Scotland, and aged 50 years, who was killed by a fall. At an early hour yesterday morning Mr. JONES, while leaning from a third-story window of his residence, at No. 79 Tenth-avenue, lost his balance and fell to the pavement, sustaining such injuries that death ensued in a few hours. He leaves a large family. He had charge of the telegraphic cables across the North River for several years.... Mention was made a day or two since that the body of an unknown man had been found at the foot of East Twenty-ninth-street. The remains have since been identified as those of FRANCIS FINLEY, who was last seen alive on Thursday evening, under the influence of liquor. He is supposed to have fallen into the river while intoxicated, and owing to the tide, but he was not rescued in time to save his life. He was a native of Ireland, aged 46.

CLOSING OF THE MANHATTAN HOTEL.—The Manhattan Hotel, Nos. 5, 7 and 9 Murray-street, following in the regular and inevitable course of down-town changes, is to be converted into offices and stores the 1st of May. The building was erected originally by Mr. BUTLER, editor of a City paper, for a private residence, and was subsequently fitted up for a hotel, known as Butt's Hotel. In 1852 the name was changed to the Manhattan Hotel, Messrs. HUGGINS and FLING becoming the proprietors, and in 1859 Mr. FLING retired from the firm, leaving Mr. NATHANIEL HUGGINS sole proprietor. Under the charge of Mr. HUGGINS the hotel secured a reputation which made it highly popular in public favor, and served to establish for its proprietor a name and fame commensurate with his genial disposition and unlimited hospitality. A portion of the hotel furniture and fixtures was sold at auction last week by A. J. BLEECKER, SON & CO. To-day and to-morrow the sale will be continued, and will comprise crockery, cutlery, glassware and kitchen utensils. During the week the unclaimed baggage will be disposed of.

ALPHA DELTA PHI.—The public exercises of the thirty-sixth annual convention of the Alpha Delta Phi Fraternity will be held in the Academy of Music, in this City, at 8 o'clock Tuesday evening, and will consist of an address by Prof. EDWARD NORTH, an oration by Hon. GEORGE WILLIAM CURTIS, and a poem by Prof. JAMES C. MOFFAT, D. D. The first business meeting will be held in the hall of Manhattan Chapter, Tuesday, at 2 o'clock P. M.; succeeding meetings in the hall over Wallack's Theatre. The Convention Dinner will be served at Delmonico's at 6 o'clock Thursday evening; tickets, $5. Application for them must be made to the Secretary prior to the 22d inst.

THE WEATHER.—Yesterday was springlike, but the weather during the past week has been exceedingly variable. The following is an extract from the abstract of recorded observations at Central Park for the week ending last Saturday: "Polar lights on morning of 19th, from midnight until after 1 A. M. Solar halo on 19th, at 11:27 A. M.; inner diameter, 50 degrees; breadth of ring, 1¼ degrees; ring not perfect. Rain on 20th, 21st, 23d and 25th; total duration, 41 hours and 50 minutes; total depth, 1-16 inch. Snow on 25th, from 6:07 P. M. until 6:30 P. M., mixed with rain; depth, not measurable."

GRACE CHURCH PASTORATE.—Rev. HENRY C. POTTER, D. D., son of the late Bishop ALONZO POTTER, of Pennsylvania, entered upon the pastorate of Grace Church yesterday. The edifice was well filled, and the service was rendered unusually interesting by the selections and chants of the choir. Dr. POTTER took for his text the words of St. Paul, "Jesus Christ, the same yesterday, to-day and forever," and preached therefrom a very instructive discourse, which was listened to with marked attention.

PRINCETON COLLEGE ALUMNI ASSOCIATION.—Over two hundred graduates of Princeton College, including some of our most eminent citizens, have signed a call for a meeting of the Alumni of that institution, with the purpose of forming an association of the graduates and friends of the college residing in New-York and vicinity. This meeting will be held in the lecture-room of Dr. HALL's church, corner Fifth-avenue and Nineteenth-street, on Tuesday evening of the present week, at 7:30 o'clock.

NATIONAL TEMPERANCE SOCIETY.—The third anniversary of this Society will be held in the large hall of the Cooper Institute, on Wednesday evening next, at 7:30 o'clock. The following distinguished gentlemen have been invited to address the meeting: Hon. HENRY WILSON, Rev. JOHN HALL, D. D., Rev. T. L. CUYLER, D. D., and Hon. NEAL DOW. It is also expected that Dr. F. R. LEES, and Mr. J. H. RAPER, of England, will be present and deliver addresses. The public are invited to attend.

MR. HAWKINS' LECTURE TO-NIGHT.—Mr. WATERHOUSE HAWKINS gives his third lecture to-night at Cooper Institute upon "Birds, Ancient and Recent, their Structures, Movements and Correlations." Mr. HAWKINS in these lectures on Natural History speaks with a fulness of knowledge, felicity of expression and facility of illustration that is in the highest degree entertaining and instructive.

BROOKLYN NEWS.

MAN FOUND IN A DANGEROUS CONDITION.—The Police returns of the Forty-third Precinct represent that JOHN MANSELL was arrested shortly after 11 o'clock on Saturday night for intoxication. It appears that MANSELL was found lying on the sidewalk, in Butler, near Hoyt-street, supposed to be drunk. Sergt. PERRY, of the Forty-third Precinct, being informed of the fact went to the place, and removed the man to the Station-house, in Court-street, where he was found to have sustained a deep wound on the back part of his head, and some scratches about the nose and mouth. Dr. CLARK was called in, but he said all was right. So MANSELL was detained on the charge of drunkenness. In a short time his wife, who missed him from home beyond his usual hour, arrived at the Station-house to inquire if anything had been heard of her husband. She identified him at once, and found him insensible as he had been when picked up in Butler-street. His wife remained with him throughout the night, bathing him and administering such relief as womanly hands can afford, and notwithstanding her endeavors, her husband still remained insensible yesterday afternoon, and without medical attendance beyond what has been stated. MANSELL was not allowed to be removed from the Station-house because he was held on a charge of intoxication, and although he is not in a cell, yet he lies on the flagged floor of the Station house, with his coat under his head for a pillow. It is a mystery at present how the unfortunate man came by his wounds, and it is also mysterious that Capt. RHODES, of the Forty-third Precinct, did not think it proper to send the man to the Hospital, or procure proper medical attendance for the prisoner, when he found that the word "intoxication" did not fully describe his actual condition. Yesterday afternoon, MANSELL appeared to be suffering from a violent fever, and was still insensible. MANSELL is Irish, 34 years of age, a laborer, and has a large family dependent upon him for support. His wife claims that he has not been an intemperate man, and says that he was a hard worker and attentive to the interests of his family.

STEALING TIN.—On Saturday afternoon two sailors were busily engaged in unloading a vessel at the Pierrepont Stores, when the mate observed them tossing two sheets of tin over the side into a junk-boat which was conveniently at hand waiting for the plunder. The tin was valued at $60; the junk-boat was No. 1,472; its owner was MARTIN HERNIN. JACOB LEVY, one of the sailors, was arrested by Officer PETERSON, of the Court Squad; the other sailor escaped. HERNIN, the owner of the junk-boat, has also been arrested, and he and LEVY will be taken before Justice CORNWELL this morning.

LAW REPORTS.

COURT CALENDARS FOR MONDAY.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT—PART I.

Held by Davis, J.—Court opens at 10 A. M.

Nos.		Nos.	
1079	Weston vs. Chamberlain.	1191	Matthews vs. Beiser, Jr.
283	Ogden vs. Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne & Chic Railroad Co.	1165	Blumenthal vs. Cohen.
		781	Osborn, et al. vs. Mich. Cent. RR. Co.
793	Continental Bank vs. National Bank of Commonwealth.	983	Le Clair vs. Sarner.
		1251	Spaulding vs. Meyer, et al.
1221	Cushing vs. Delany.	1253	Boardman vs. Jones, et al.
1223	Crane vs. Golden Murray.	1255	Poor vs. N. Y. Cent. RR. Co.
731	O'Callaghan, admin'r. vs. Third-av. RR. Co.	1261	Mackay vs. McMonnies.
1069	Frazer, et al. vs. Freeman, et al.	1263	Davison vs. Wetmore, et al.
625	Woodbridge vs. Berine.	1265	Spofford vs. Leland.
235	Mussey vs. Murray.	1267	Hale vs. Hastings.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS.

Held by Sutherland, J.—Court opens at 10 A. M.—Call of Calendar at 12 M.

Reserved cases.

Nos.		Nos.	
6	Schanck vs. Gilson, et al.	145	Farmer vs. Gedne et al.
		147	Johnson vs. Grabe et al.
7	Welch, &c., vs. Dolan.	151	Milbank vs. Elmer.
131	Mandeville vs. Lloyd.	154	Shriver et al. vs. Salamon et al.
49	Green et al. vs. Wood et al.	155	Russell vs. Broderick.
50	Beekman vs. Cranston.	156	Gouge vs. Roberts et al.
61	Pringle vs. Morgan.		
68	Henry vs. Peoples.	157	Hodge vs. Wasserman.
70	Middlefield Fire and Building Stone Co. vs. Dayton et al.	160	Hubbard vs. Barbad.
		163	Wechsler vs. Hammill.
		172	Lyon vs. Comean et al.
71	Babcock vs. Stafford et al.	187	The People ex rel. Lee vs. Lynch.
78	Freeborn vs. Howlett.	195	Westervelt et al. vs. Forman.
83	Middlefield Fire and B. S. Co. vs. Dayton et al.	200	Wright vs. Elias et al.
		201	Smythe vs. Elias et al.
98	Bennett vs. McKenzie et al.	203	Iselin vs. Elias et al.
		206	Messenger et al. vs. Loughman, &c.
106	In re. the N. Y. State Inebriate Asylum.	212	Waller vs. Waller.
118	Smith vs. Smith.	215	Belloni, Jr., et al. vs. Meyer, &c.
120	Sixth National Bank vs. Mayers, &c.	241	Salem vs. Schomburg et al.
121	Lester vs. Union Manf. Co.	243	Wallace et al. vs. Walroth.
125	Potter vs. Van Dyck.		
138	Casse et al. vs. Wagner et al.		

Call No. 247—Read vs. Sherman et al.

MARINE COURT—TRIAL TERM.

Held by Curtis, J.—Court opens at 10 A. M.

Nos.		Nos.	
986	Kauffman vs. Cohen.	1014	Rickerfield vs. Lynch.
995	Pequonnock Nat. Bk. vs. Waterman.	1015	Kerrigan vs. Nicholson.
1003	Coats vs. The N. A. S. S. Co.	1016	Gluthe vs. Simon.
		1017	McCunn vs. Rauth.
—	Menstock vs. McCarthy.	1018	Abbey vs. Corner.
		1019	Thompson vs. Gourley.
888	Bird vs. Morse.	1020	Laffey vs. Stevens.
1005	Newville vs. Levey.	1021	O'Donnell vs. Ward.
1006	Scheeder vs. Dilzer.	1022	Louis vs. Steubling.
1007	Willerest vs. Willard M. Co.	1023	Wilkens vs. Tragesen.
		1024	Brown vs. Thomas.
1008	Fitzwilson vs. Benson.	1025	Schmidt vs. Norman.
1009	Belt vs. Depew.	1026	Brennan vs. Cobrey.
101	Shields vs. Nelson.	1027	McIndoe vs. Brewster.
1011	Fay vs. Schlessinger.	1029	Morrison vs. Taylor.
1012	Winchell vs. Caldwell.	1030	Gannon vs. At. Mail S. S. Co.
1013	Mosely vs. Dantziger.		

CITY COURT—BROOKLYN.

Equity causes will be taken up.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT—BROOKLYN.

Nos.		Nos.	
33½	— vs. —	176	Quackenbush vs. Smith.
165	Goodwin vs. National Market Bank, N. Y.	178	Jackson vs. Elkins.
		180	Giffin vs. Kalbfleisch.
166	Ferguson vs. Willard Manufacturing Co.	183	Bulbetter vs. Van Nostrand.
167	Mayberg vs. Fleig	184	Read vs. Jones.
168	Lawler vs. Idle.	185	Lindley vs. Chappel.
171	Doherty vs. Marsteller.	98	Altenbrand vs. Van Anden.
172	Page vs. Mutual Ben. Life Ins. Co.		
173	Ledoux vs. Stevens.	121	Bradley vs. Edwards.
174	Burchard vs. Sardner.	122	Olmstead vs. Goulard.
175	Hedge vs. Westcott.	135	Diossy vs. Livingston.

UNITED STATES COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE.

Before Commissioner Osborn.

THE AVENUE A DISTILLERY CASE.

United States vs. William England, John H. Hanlon and Alfred Evans.—This case, frequently reported, came up again on Friday. The defendants are charged with resisting Col. Burr Porter while he was endeavoring to inspect England & Evans' distillery, in Avenue A. The defence now endeavor to show, in mitigation of the charge of intent, that defendants supposed they had authority from Deputy Marshal Horton to exclude all persons from the distillery. There is also a charge that defendants ran the distillery after its seizure by Marshal Murray. This defendants deny, and gave evidence to show that a meter was attached to the distillery, which recorded all the whisky made, and which showed that no whisky passed through it after the seizure. Assistant District-Attorney Bell contended that this evidence was valueless, as more frauds have been committed in distilleries with meters attached than in any others. The further hearing was adjourned.

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange—April 25, 1868.

$14,000	U. S. 6s, 5-20s, R., '62	104⅝	10,000	Cl. & Pitts. 3d M.	95
35,000	U. S. 6s, 5-20s, C. '62	111⅝	6,000	M. & St. P. 2d	83
5,000	do. ... Small	111½	1,000	W. U. Tel. 7s, bds.	83⅛
100,000	U. S. 6s, 5-20, R., '64	104⅝	25	Am. Ex. Bank	116⅛
90,000	U. S. 6s, 5-20s, C., '64	110	85	Fourth Nat. Bk.	104⅜
25,000	do	110⅛	10	Metropolitan Bk.	135
500	do ... Small	109⅞	35	Bank of Commerce	119⅜
1,000	U. S. 6s, 5-20s, R. '65 New	108⅜	400	Canton Co.	49
103,000	U. S. 6s, 5-20s, C. '65	110⅛	100	do	49⅛
10,000	do	110⅛	25	Del. & Hud. C.	158
75,500	do	110⅜	25	West. U. Tel.	37
6,500	U. S. 5-20s, C. '65, New	108⅜	100	do	37⅛
25,000	do	108⅜	100	Quick. Min.	26⅜
1,300	do	108⅜	200	Mar. Min. Co.	6½
1,000	do	108⅜	100	Mariposa Prf.	11⅛
50,000	do ... b5	108⅜	100	Pac. Mail	93⅜
20,000	U. S. 5-20s, R '67 New issue	108⅝	20	do ... 2d call	93⅜
73,000	do	109	30	Atlantic Mail	35
13,000	U. S. 5s, 10-40, C.	102⅞	170	Bos. Water P.	22⅛
10,000	do	102⅞	60	Adams Ex.	62
160,000	do	102⅞	100	do	61⅞
20,000	Tr. Notes, 7 3-10s 2d series	107⅛	100	Wells-Fargo Ex.	28⅜
50,000	do ... Small	107⅛	300	U. S. Ex. Co.	59⅛
275,000	do. 3d ser ... b3	107⅛	100	Mer. U. Ex.	31⅛
25,000	do ... b10	107⅛	200	do	31⅛
150,000	do ... b3	107⅛	5	N. Y. Cen.	124
35,000	Tenn. 6s, new	67⅛	250	do	124⅜
5,000	Ill. Con. Bds. '79	99⅞	100	do ... s30	124⅛
2,000	Missouri 6s	87⅛	1000	do ... s60	124⅜
1,000	do	87⅛	1800	do	124⅛
2,000	Mo. 6s, H. & St. Jo. Issue	88	200	Erie R.	70⅞
5,000	Chi. & N. W. 1st	88	100	do	70⅛
200	Gt W. 2d M	77½	34	N. Y. & N. H. R.	142
18,000	M. & St. P. 1st M	91	300	Reading R.	90
5,000	Dubu'e & S. C. 1st	87	100	M. S. & N. I.	89⅛
			200	Chic. & R. I. R.	94
			6	Mil. & St. P.	62
			74	Del. L. & W.	115
			400	T., W. & W.	52
			200	do	51⅜
			500	P., Ft. W. & C.	102½
			26	New-Jer. Cen. R.	115⅛
			100	do	115⅛
			200	Chic. & Alt. R.	127
			400	Ohio & Miss. R.	31⅛

SECOND BOARD.

$10,000	Tenn. 6s, new	67⅛	34	Erie Pref.	74
100	Canton Co.	49	200	Ohio & Miss. R.	31⅛
100	Cum. Coal Pf.	32	100	Reading R.	90⅛
100	Adams Ex.	61⅛	400	do	90⅜
500	do	61⅛	1500	do	90⅛
50	U. S. Ex. Co.	60	100	Mich. Cen.	115⅛
100	Mer. U. Ex.	31⅛	100	Mil. & St. P. Pf.	76
1225	N. Y. Cen.	126	100	do ... s30	76
300	do	126⅛	200	Tol., W. & W.	52
100	Erie R.	71⅛			

OPEN BOARD—10 A. M.

100	Mer. U. Ex.	31⅛	200	Tol., W. & W.	51⅞
300	do ... b15	31⅛	100	M. & St. P.	63
200	Pacific Mail	93⅜	100	Mil. & St. P. Pf.	76
100	do	93⅛	100	P., Ft. W. & C.	102⅛
100	do ... b15	93⅛	100	do	102⅛
100	West. U. Tel	37⅛	100	Bost., Hart. & E.	14⅛
100	Adams Ex. ... s60	61	300	Mich. So. & N. I.	89⅛
100	do	61⅛	100	do	89⅛
500	N. Y. Cen. R.	124⅛	200	do ... b3	89⅛
800	do ... b3	124⅛	100	Chi. R. I. & P.	94⅛
1100	do	124⅛	300	do ... s10	94⅛
600	do	124⅛	100	do ... b3	94⅛
300	do ... b5	124⅛	300	do	94⅛
800	do	124⅛	200	do ... b10	94⅛
500	do ... b10	124⅛	100	C. & N. W. R.	62
200	do	124⅛	100	do	61⅞
200	Mariposa Min. Co.	7	200	Chi. & N. W. Pf.	74⅛
100	Mariposa Pr.	11⅛	600	do	74⅛
1200	Erie R.	70⅛	100	do ... c	74⅛
1500	do	70⅛	400	do	74⅛
500	do ... b3	70⅛	300	do ... b5	74⅛
200	Reading R.	90⅛	100	do ... s5	74⅛
300	do ... b15	90⅛			

OPEN BOARD—1 P. M.

100	Adams Ex.	60⅛	1200	Erie R.	71⅛
100	do	61	300	do ... c	71⅛
100	do	61⅛	3600	do	71⅛
200	U. S. Ex.	58⅛	200	do ... b5	71⅛
100	Mer. U. Ex.	31⅛	600	do ... c	71⅛
100	do	31⅛	500	Reading R. ... s15	90
200	Quicksilver	27	200	do	90⅛
100	Pacific Mail	93⅜	300	Mil. & St. P. Pf.	76
200	do	93⅛	500	Clev. & Pitts.	81⅛
100	do	93⅛	100	Ohio & M. R. ... c	31⅛
600	do	93⅛	200	do	31⅛
100	do ... b3	94	300	C., R. I. & P.	94⅛
100	do	94	200	do	94⅛
200	West. U. Tel.	37⅛	200	do	94⅛
1600	N. Y. Cen.	125	100	Chi. & N. W.	62
1500	do	125⅛	800	Chi. & N. W. Pf.	74⅛

OPEN BOARD—3½ P. M.

300	Wells-Fargo Ex. C.	28⅛	100	Atlantic Mail	33
10	Amer. Ex.	59⅛	400	Erie R.	71⅛
200	Mer. U. Ex.	31⅛	100	Hud. Riv. R.	136
100	do ... s15	31⅛	100	Reading R.	90⅛
100	do ... b3	31⅛	100	do	90⅛
100	U. S. Ex.	60	300	do ... s15	90⅛
100	do ... b30	59⅛	100	do	90⅛
106	Mar. Pref.	12	300	Mil. & St. P. Pf.	76
600	Pacific Mail ... c	93⅛	200	Mich. S. & N. I.	89⅛
100	do ... b10	93⅛	100	do ... b5	90
100	do	93⅛	400	do	90
100	West. U. Tel.	37⅛	100	do ... b10	90⅛
1200	N. Y. Cent.	125⅛	100	O. & Miss. R.	31⅛
100	do ... b10	126	200	Clev. & Tol.	104⅛
800	do	126	200	do	104⅛
600	do	126⅛	700	Chic., R. I. & P.	94⅛
100	do ... b10	126⅛	800	do	94⅛
100	do ... s3	126⅛	400	Chi. & N. W. R. Pf.	74⅛

MONDAY, April 27—A. M.

The weekly averages of the Associated Local and National Banks in the Clearing-house of this City, for the week ending Saturday last, April 25, compare as follows with the previous week, and with the corresponding week last year; to which we add the specie and currency balances in the New-York office of the United States Treasury at these dates, respectively:

Decrease in Loans	$1,506,309
Decrease in Specie	1,842,095
Increase in other Legal Tenders	3,033,097
Decrease in Deposits	1,525,034
Increase in Circulation	9,043

	April 27, 1867.	April 25, 1868.	April 18, 1868.
National Cap'l.	$73,457,700	$73,507,700	$73,507,700
Local Capital	9,062,500	9,962,500	9,962,500
Total Capital	$82,520,200	$83,470,200	$83,470,200
Loans	247,737,381	252,314,617	254,820,986
Gold and Gold Notes	7,404,304	14,934,547	16,776,642
Other L. Tend'r	67,920,351	53,866,757	50,833,660
Deposits	187,674,341	180,307,489	181,832,523
Circulation	33,605,285	34,227,624	34,218,581
In Sub-Tres'y	119,865,416	106,848,822	104,754,879

The Bank Statement published to-day exhibits the following relative strength of the movement, in the point of lawful Money Security, to the previous Statement. The Banks owed:

	April 18.	April 25.	April 27, 1867.
On deposits	$181,832,523	$180,307,489	$187,674,341
Circulation	34,218,581	34,227,624	33,601,285
Total	$216,051,104	$214,535,113	$221,275,626
25 ₱ cent. would be	$54,012,776	$53,633,778	$55,318,906
They held: In Gold and Greenbacks	67,610,302	68,801,304	75,724,655
Excess	$13,597,526	$15,167,526	[illegible]

The Bank Statement shows a return movement in the way of Greenbacks, while the Banks lose the gain of the week before in Loans and Deposits. The Money market is gradually assuming an easy condition, on the basis of 7 ₱ cent. interest to the Brokers, on call, with exceptional loans on United States Stocks at 6 ₱ cent. The Trade of the week improved in the line of Dry Goods, both Domestic and Foreign, and continued active in General Foreign Merchandise, the fresh importation of which was about four and a half millions. The Customs Duties are large for the month of April, and will go ahead in the aggregate of the same month last year. The Stock Exchange improved one ₱ cent. on the Public Funds, *fourteen per cent.* on New-York Central, 9½ on Hudson, 4 on Erie, and from 1½ to 2½ on the Western Roads, the whole market leaving off firm on Saturday evening.

The Import Entries for the past week, including the Dry Goods return in our last paper, amount to $5,556,564, against the total entries of $6,540,820 same week last year. The Export Clearances of Domestic Produce amount to $4,111,405, against $4,473,844 same week last year. The Export of Specie amounts to $1,867,291, against $710,397 same week last year. The Customs of the week are $2,314,000. The receipts of Cotton, coastwise and by railroad, are 6,452 bales. The number of emigrant passengers arrived during the week, 5,592.

The gold values of the Import entries of foreign merchandise at New-York since July 1, 1867, the beginning of the current fiscal year, are officially (to April 1) and semi-officially (since) reported as follows—the entries of foreign specie being omitted:

July	$23,030,260	February	$20,402,462
August	23,732,000	March	25,213,38[illegible]
September	20,681,540	April 4	5,701,225
October	18,075,697	April 11	4,522,237
November	15,689,888	April 18	4,660,449
December	13,112,564	April 25	5,556,564
January	15,281,997		
Total since July 1			$195,660,021
Against same time 1867			225,395,549
Decrease since July 1			$29,735,528

The Currency value of the Exports of Domestic Produce and Miscellaneous Goods from New-York, including foreign articles reëxported, since July 1, 1867, are as follows, the figures being officially reported to April 1 by months and since semi-officially by weeks:

July	$14,068,861	February	$14,021,585
August	12,807,353	March	13,568,450
September	12,002,449	April 1	3,996,447
October	17,451,221	April 8	4,781,689
November	20,675,515	April 15	3,013,392
December	14,057,966	April 22	4,111,405
January	14,448,327		
Total since July 1			$149,028,685
Against same time 1867			151,942,073
Decrease since July 1			$2,913,388
Gold, April 25, 1868			139⅛ ₱ cent.
Gold, April 27, 1867			136⅛ ₱ cent.

The Exports of Gold and Silver from New-York are as follows since July 1, 1867:

July	$13,619,994	February	$4,208,820
August	1,714,186	March	3,694,912
September	2,201,939	April 4	1,103,082
October	1,182,031	April 11	891,807
November	1,733,261	April 18	1,625,498
December	6,854,548	April 25	1,867,291
January	7,349,825		
Total since July 1			$47,945,476
Against same time 1867			25,694,917
Increase since July 1			$17,749,441

The deliveries of California Gold and Silver at New-York since July 1, 1867, are as follows:

July	$2,679,712	February	$4,132,576
August	3,363,650	March	3,196,196
September	2,615,950	April 4	864,698
October	1,847,106	April 11	1,177,812
November	1,038,058	April 16	340,000
December	2,186,922	April 22	948,020
January	3,071,619		
Total since July 1			$28,072,319
Against same time 1867			34,461,567
Decrease since July 1			$6,389,248

The following are the Customs Receipts in Gold, and the Interest paid on the Public Debt in Gold, at the New-York office of the United States Treasury since July 1, 1867:

Customs Received.		Gold Interest Paid.	
July	$9,394,404	July	$11,306,370
August	12,903,740	August	621,066
September	11,967,825	September	2,716,969
October	9,082,986	October	187,337
November	7,304,934	November	16,969,514
December	5,448,244	December	1,436,753
January	7,204,590	January	16,046,501
February	9,735,125	February	1,880,086
March	11,333,884	March	3,109,556
April 4	1,567,000	April 4	75,000
April 11	2,250,000	April 11	66,000
April 18	2,555,000	April 18	55,000
April 25	2,314,000	April 25	46,000
Total	$93,751,202	Total	$54,618,162
To date, 1867	104,178,132	To date, 1867	36,657,764

COURSE OF THE STOCK EXCHANGE FOR THE WEEK.

		April 27, '67.
American Gold Coin	138⅝@140⅛@138⅞@139⅛	136⅛
Old U. S. 5-20s, 186[illegible]	111⅜@112⅛@111⅜	110⅛
Consolidated 5-20s	108⅛@110	107⅛
Seconds and Thirds, 7.30s	106⅛@107⅛	105⅝
U. S. 5 ₱ cents, 10-40s	101⅞@103@102⅞	98⅜
New-York Central	113⅛@127	98⅛
Erie	66⅞@65@71	59⅜
Rock Island	89⅛@94⅛	88⅜
Michigan Southern	87⅛@90	68⅜
Hudson River	126@135⅛	92⅛
Northwestern	61@5.@61	34⅜
Fort Wayne and Chicago	101⅛@102⅛	93⅜
Cleveland and Pittsburgh	87 with div.@81⅜ex.d.	71⅜
Reading	87@90⅛	103⅛
Northwestern Preferred	72⅛@74⅛	59⅛
Ohio and Mississippi	30⅛@31⅛	24
Pacific Mail	91⅛@93⅛	128
Western Union Telegraph	36⅜@37⅛	39
St. Paul Preferred	72@76⅛@75	56⅛
St. Paul Common	60@62	34

The sales of Gold through Saturday were quite steady at 139@138⅞ ₱ cent. The Cash Gold was again in free supply, and from 4 to 5 ₱ cent. interest was paid to carry over balances. The Customs demand for Gold for the week amounts to $2,314,000; the Export demand for Gold and Silver, (chiefly in the form of bars,) $1,867,291; the receipts from California, $948,020. The Banks lose on their Gold averages $1,842,095, and gain in Greenbacks $3,033,097. In Loans and in the general line of deposits the difference from last Monday is about a million and a half, by way of decrease, in each department. The Money market, at the close of the week, was easier than on the opening of business on last Monday, and on the Public Funds the rate is rather cheaper; considerable balances on this security being offered at 6 ₱ cent. on call. Exchange is 109⅞@110 ₱ cent. for standard 60-day Bills on London.

The Public Funds were again active on the 5-20s of 1865-67, January and July interest, and the sales were at 108⅜ ₱ cent. for the 1865s, and 109 ₱ cent. for the 1867s. The old 5-20s of 1862 were partially weaker, owing to the decline of Friday in Gold and Exchange. The 7.30 ₱ cents advanced to 107⅛ and interest.

The Railway Market advanced on New-York Central from 124 to 126⅛ ₱ cent., and Erie from 70⅞ to 71⅛ ₱ cent., and there was considerable excitement and buoyancy in both Stocks. By sympathy the Stocks of the Western Roads and Philadelphia and Reading were firm, with some activity in the latter at 90@90⅛@90⅜ ₱ cent. On the Miscellaneous Stocks there were no important changes from the sales of Friday.

After the late Boards broke up the following quotations were made as compared with Friday night:

	Frid.	Sat.		Frid.	Sat.
U. S. 10-40s	102⅞	102⅞	Missouri	87⅛	87⅛
U. S. 5-20s, 1862	111⅞	111⅜	Northwest	62	61
U. S. Con. 5-20s	108⅜	109	N. West Pref.	74⅜	74⅜
N. Y. Central	124	127	Rock Island	94	94⅛
Erie	70⅞	71⅛	Fort Wayne	102⅜	102⅜
Hudson	135⅛	136⅛	W. U. Telegraph	37⅛	37⅛
Reading	90⅛	90⅛	M'chants' Union	31⅛	31⅛
Mich. Southern	89⅛	90	St. Paul Pref.	75⅛	75
Ohio and Miss.	31⅛	31⅛	St. Paul Com.	62⅛	62⅛
Pittsburgh	81⅛	81⅛	Pacific Mail	92⅛	93⅛
Toledo	104	104⅛	American Gold	139	139⅛
Tenn 6s, new	67⅛	67⅛	Bills on London	110	110

The following bids were made for the various Public Funds of the United States:

6 ₱ cent. 1868	141⅛	5-20 cou., 1865, new is.	108⅜
6 ₱ cent. coupon, 1868	141	5-20 coup. '67	109
500 & 1,000, 1881	112⅝	Oregon W. L., ½ yr. '81	109
5-20 reg., 1862	104⅜	10-40 reg.	102⅛
5-20 500 & 1,000, 1862	111⅜	10-40 500 & 1,000	102⅜
5-20 500 & 1,000, 1864	110	7 3-10 2d series	107
5-20 reg., 1865	104⅜	7 3-10 3d series	107
5-20 500 & 1,000, 1865	110		

And the following for the State Bonds:

N. Y. 7 ₱ c., '70	101⅛	Michigan 6 ₱ c. 1863	94
N. Y. Bounty 7s	109	Tennessee 6 ₱ c. ex-c.	67
N. Y. Canal 6s, 1872-3-4	101	Tennessee 6 ₱ c. n.bds	61⅜
N. Y. Canal 6s, 1875	101⅛	Virginia 6s., ex-c.	50⅛
N. Y. Canal 6s, 1877-8	102	Virginia 6s., new bds	48⅛
N. Y. Canal 5s, 1874	96	Georgia 6s	74
Ohio 6 ₱ c., 1870	99⅛	North Carolina 6s. x.c.	61
Ohio 6 ₱ cent., 1875	100⅛	Missouri 6s	87⅛
Ohio 6 ₱ c., 1881	102	Mo. 6s. H. & St. Jo. is.	87⅛
Indiana 5 ₱ c.	93	California 7s	132
Michigan 6 ₱ c., 1873	94	Connecticut 6s	100

And the following for the City Bank Stocks:

New-York	130	Bank of N. America	106
Merchants'	119⅛	Irving	106
America	142	Metropolitan	135
Phenix	107	Market	116⅛
National	110	Nassau	107
Merch'ts' Exchange	111⅛	Corn Exchange	128
Seventh Ward	112	Continental	104
State of New-York	117	St. Nicholas	107
Commerce	119	Commonwealth	110
Mec. B. Association	116	Manuf's & Merchants	103
Ocean	103⅛	Central National	107
American Exchange	116⅛	Fourth National	104⅛
Chatham	146	Ninth National	104⅛
Bank of the Repub.	116		

And the following for the Railway Mortgages:

N. Y. Cen. 6s 1883	96	Con. 7 ₱ cent. conv.	88⅛
N. Y. Cen. 6s, 1887	93⅜	Con. 7 ₱ cent. 1st M.	88
N. Y. Cen. 6s, R. Es.	93	Tol. & W. 1st Mort.	91
N. Y. Cen. 6s, Sub'n	93	Tol. & W. 1st M. Ex.	92
N. Y. Cen. 7s, 1876	103	Tol & W. 2d M.	83
N. Y. Cen. 7's. con. 1876	120	Tol. & W. Equip. bds.	73
N. Y. Cen. 7s, 1865-'76	120	Gt. Western 2d M. '93	77⅛
Erie 1st M., Ex.	104⅛	Quin. & Tol. 1st M. '90	71
Erie 7s, 2d, ind., 1870	100	Ills. & So. Iowa 1st M.	71
Erie 7s, 3d ind., 1883	96	Mil. & P. du C. 1st M.	98
Erie 7s. 4th ind., 1880	89	Gal. & Chi. Ex.	100⅛
Erie 7s, 5th ind., 1888	89	Gal. & Chic. 2d M.	97
Buff. N. Y. & Erie 1st '77	95	Chi & R. I. 1st M.	101⅛
Hud. R. 7s, 1st M., '69-70	100	Morris & Essex 1st M.	99⅛
Hud. R. 7s. 2d M. S. F. '85	105	N. Jersey Cen. 1st M.	101
Hud. R. 7s. 3d M., '75	101	N. Jersey Cen. 2d M.	103
Harlem 1st M.	101	Pitts., Ft. W. & Ch. 2d M.	97⅛
Chi. B. & Q. 8 ₱ c. 1st M.	113	Pitts., Ft. W. & Ch. 3d M.	91
Mich. So. 7 ₱ c. 2d M.	95	Cleve. & P. 3d M. conv.	92
Mich. S. & N. I. S. F. 7 ₱ c.	102	Ohio & Miss. 1st M.	92
Ill. Cen. 7 ₱ c. 1870	112	Dub. & Sioux C. 1st M.	87
Alton & T. H. 1st M.	95	Peninsula R. R. bonds	83
Alton & T. H. 2d M. pf.	84	Mil. & St. Paul 1st M.	91
Alton & T. H. 2d M. in.	81	Unic. & Mil. 1st M.	87⅛
Chi. & N. W. S. Fund	95	Chic. & Gt. E. 1st M.	80
Chic. & N. W. Int. Bds.	90		

The day's business at the office of the United States Assistant Treasurer was as follows: Total receipts, $1,868,513 77; payments, $1,802,574 11; balance, $106,848,822 80. The receipts include for Customs, $299,000; gold notes, $255,000.

The New-York holders of the Registered 5-20 Stocks of 1862-64-65, May and November interest, are notified that the books of registration for the payment of the 1st of May interest, are now ready at the Treasury Office for their signatures to receipts, which if left in advance will greatly facilitate the interest payments.

Transfers of Real Estate.

NEW YORK CITY.

Allen-st., No. 139, 20x70	$8,700
Barrow-st., w. s., 101 ft. w. of 8th-av., 21x75	10,500
Clinton-st., w. s., 79.9½ ft. s. of Rivington-st., 20.2½x50	6,800
Division-st., s. s., 76 ft. n. of East Broadway, 25x75.4	14,000
Doyer-st., s. s., No. 6, 22x46.8	7,000
Forsyth-st., w. s., 125 ft. n. of Rivington-st., 25x100	27,000
Greenwich-st., w. s., 52.2 ft. s. of Troy-st., 76.5x86.5 x81x67	16,100
Greenwich-st., w. s., 87.6 ft. n. of Watts-st., 18.9x80	11,000
Henry-st., n. s., No. 245, 23x80	4,000
Hudson-st., w. s., 50.3 ft. s. of Troy-st., 15.3x70x15.6 x74.3 Hudson-st., w. s., 65.9 ft. s. of Troy-st., 16.2x74.3 x19.1x72.4	14,800
Hudson-st., w. s., 34.9 ft. s. of Troy-st., 15.6x17.9	8,350
Jane-st., n. s., lot No. 119, Ireland estate, 30x32x31 x35.4½	9,400
South-st., n. s., 26 ft. e. of Pike-st., 27x60	20,100
Varick-st., w. s., 42.6 ft. n. of Watts-st., 21.3x65.6	10,000
Walker-st., s. s., 36 ft. e. of Cortland-alley, 36x100	45,000
Walker-st. and Cortlandt-alley, s. e. cor., 36x100	45,500
4th-st., s. s., 71.8 ft. w. of Perry-st., 18.3x80	6,000
7th-st., n. s., 347 ft. w. of Av. A, 20.7x97.6x14.11x17.7 x[illegible]	11,950
9th-st., n. s., 282.8 ft. w. of 5th-av., 26.2x82.3⅛	32,400
14th-st., No. 112 West, 24.6x100 6th-av., Nos. 199, 201, 203, 205, 207, 212, 214, 216, 218 and 220, one-third share	nom.
15th-st., n. s., 150 ft. w. of 9th-av., 22.6x98.9	17,500
21st-st., n. s., 317.7 ft. e. of 9th-av., 19.5x98.9	25,000
24th-st., n. s., 160 ft. w. of 1st-av., 22½ block	5,000
29th-st., n. s., lot No. 431, Ray estate, 25x98.9	6,000
31st-st., s. s., 473 ft. e. of 10th-av., 25x82	9,400
31st-st., s. s., 82 ft. e. of 3d-av., 18x74.6⅛	8,000
34th-st., s. s., 150 ft. e. of Lexington-av., 20.10x100	28,000
35th-st., n. s., 405 ft. e. of 9th-av., 20x98.9	16,500
37th-st., s. s., 183.4 ft. w. of 7th-av., 20.10x80	9,500
39th-st., s. s., 100 ft. w. of 7th-av., 13½ block	38,000
45th-st., s. s., bet. 9th and 10th avs., lot No. 312, Hermitage Tract, 25x100.4	5,700
46th-st., s. s., 120 ft. e. of 7th-av., 280x80.4x100x20x 380x100.4	72,000
47th-st., s. s., 22 ft. e. of 6th-av., 19x70	23,500
50th-st., s. s., 200 ft. w. of 9th-av., 25x100.5	12,000
50th-st., s. s., 18.9 ft. w. of 1st-av., 18.9x100.5	18,500
51st-st., s. s., 200 ft. w. of 2d-av., 16.3x100.5	14,200
53d-st., n. s., 282 ft. w. of 2d-av., 21x100.4	14,000
56th-st., n. s., 125 ft. w. of Lexington-av., 20x100.5	20,000
56th-st., n. s., 100 ft. w. of 5th-av., 150x200.10	130,000
57th-st., n. s., 225 ft. w. of Lexington-av., 50x100.5	15,000
58th-st., s. s., 250 ft. e. of 3d-av., 20x100.5	20,000
60th-st., n. s., 95 ft. w. of Madison-av., 13x25	5,000
67th-st., n. s., 247.10½ ft. e. of Broadway, 20x100.5	31,000
71st-st., n. s., 251.8 ft. w. of 2d-av., 16.8x102.2	18,750
76th-st., n. s., 260 ft. w. of 11th-av., 25x53.6⅛x25x54.5	1,000
76th-st., s. s., 225 ft. w. of 11th-av., 25x53.6	1,000
76th-st., n. s., 250 ft. w. of 11th-av., 25x51.9½x25x52.3	1,000
83d-st., s. s., 381.3 ft. e. of 3d-av., 25.5x102.2	9,000
99th-st., n. s., 205 ft. w. of 2d-av., 50x201.10x75x100.11 x25x100.11	1,460
125th-st., s. s., 200 ft. w. of 6th-av., 100x100.11	19,000
Av. B and 3d-st., s. w. cor., 23.10x49	18,000
Lexington-av., e. s., 98.9 ft. s. of 44th-st., 22.6x90	21,000
Madison-av. and 39th-st., n. w. cor., 49.5x95x16x 24.1½x79x25.3	52,500
Madison-av., w. s., 25.3½ ft. n. of 39th-st., 24.1½x 79	39,000
Madison-av. and 122d-st., n. e. cor., 100x210	16,250
1st-av., e. s., No. 57, 24.0⅛x100	12,500
1st-av., w. s., 35 ft. s. of 32d-st., 19.4⅛x65	9,000
1st-av. and 119th-st., n. e. cor., 60.10x67.9	1,000
7th-av. and 22d-st., n. w. cor., 17.3⅛x49	17,250
7th-av., e. s., 69 ft. n. of 18th-st., 46x100 18th-st., n. s., 100 ft. e. of 7th-av., 5 x69.2	21,000
7th-av., e. s., 25.4 ft. s. of 48th-st., 25x79	20,000
7th-av., w. s., 75.5 ft. n. of 56th-st., 25x100	7,000
8th-av. and 88th-st., s. w. corner, 25x100.8	14,500

Leases Recorded.

Broadway and 42d-st. (St. Cloud Hotel,) 5 years, per year	2,500
Avenue D, No. 3, 4 years, per year	1,000
2d av., No. 3[illegible]5, store, &c., 5 years, per year	420

KINGS COUNTY.

Brooklyn.

Balchen-place, s. s., 300 ft. w. of Hoyt-st., 2[illegible]x90	$5,500
Bergen-st., s. w. s., 82.2⅛ ft. s. of Washington-av., 42.3x19.10⅛x5[illegible].3x20	350
Bridge-st., w. s., 25 ft. s. of Tallman-st., 50x25x26x 22x75x47	7,000
Broadway, s. s., 63 ft. e. of 5th-st., 63.2 3-5x20.2 3-5x 57.0 4-5x21	12,000
Cumberland-st., e. s., 122 ft. n. of Lafayette-av., 25x100	7,500
Degraw-st. and Cheever-place, n. e. corner, 20x75	9,000
Ewen-st., w. s., 55 ft. s. of Boerum-st., 25x100	3,750
Ewen and Devoe sts., n. e. corner, 20x75	4,400
Fort Green-place, e. s., 416.6 ft. s. of Hanson-place, 20.6x100	48,500
Hewes-st., n. s., 264.4 ft. w. of Lee-av., 21.6x90	1,900
Hewes-st., s. s., 264.4 ft. w. of Lee-av., 21.6x90	1,900
Oakland-st., e. s., 229.2 ft. n. of Van Cott-av., 25x 100	2,800
Pearl-st., w. s., 187.3 ft. n. of Tillary-st., 20.8x102.11	6,000
Poplar-st., n. s., 196.2 ft. e. of Columbia-st., 102.8x 21.10⅛x101.2x22.4	4,000
President-st., s. s., 225 ft. w. of Powers-st., 100x100	6,000
Prospect-st., n. s., 125 ft. w. of Bridge-st., 25x74	4,000
Prospect-st., s. s., Lot No. 34, (6th Ward.)	1,8[illegible]0
Quincy-st., n. s., 50 ft. e. of Throop-av., 75x100	1,950
Sandford and Willoughby sts., s. e. cor., 90x50x20x 25x70x25	3,774
Skillman-st., w. s., 188.8 ft. s. of De Kalb-av., 38x100	2,200
Vosques-st. and Wyckoff-st. s. e. corner, 187.10x 91.5x67	1,700
Waverley-place, s. s., 210.6 ft. w. of Poplar-st., 25x26x22.5x20	500
1st-place, n. s., 90 ft. e. of Clinton-st., 25x133.5½	20,000
3d-st., n. s., 240.11 ft. e. of Smith-st., 80x80	6,000
South 4th-st. and 5th-st., n. e. corner, 21.4x71	9,750
North 5th-st., s. s., 25 ft. e. of 3d-st., 25x100	1,500
6th-st., s. s., 97.10½ ft. w. of 6th-av., 100x250	10,000
Dekalb-av., s. s., 80 ft. w. of Yates-av., 20x100	4,000
Flatbush-av., e. s., 2[illegible]6.1 ft. s. of Wyckoff-st., 20x 100	10,000
Flushing-av., s. s., irregular lot adjoining Price's premises, (18th Ward)	5,000
Same property	6,000
Gates-av., s. s., 375 ft. w. of Ralph, 50x200	3,000
Graham-av., w. s., 33 ft. w. of Moore-st., 17x75x26x 32.6x1.3x42.6	2,705
Hudson-av., w. s., 97.8 ft. s. of Fleet-st., 22.4x76 22.1x81.6 Hudson-av., w. s., 95 ft. s. of Fleet-st., 2.8x81.6	1,000
Montrose-av. and Leonard-st., n. e. cor., 100x100	19,000
Newtown Road and Covert-av., n. w. corner, irregular lot	300
Tompkins-av., e. s., 75 ft. n. of Willoughby-av., 20x100	7,000
4th-av., e. s., 66.8 ft. s. of 12th-st., 16.8x97.10⅛	3,700
7th-av. and President-st., n. w. cor., 92.6x100	7,250
Lot No. 19 Pecare's Map, (9th Ward)	250

Leases Recorded.

Fulton-st., No. 72, dwelling house, 4 years, per year	$600
Grand-st., No. 2, American Hotel, 6 years, per year	1,200
South 2d and 9th sts., n. e. corner store, 3 years, per year	300

Flatlands.

Salt Meadow, on Flatland Bay, adj. Wyckoff's, 3 acres Salt Meadow, adj. Garrison's, 1 acre	$1,040
2 acres on Woodland Road to Canarsie, adj. Skidmore's Part of Canarsie woods, adj. D. Aurian's, ind'ite	4,000

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

Lot in Morrisania, n. s. Main-st., Mott Haven, 100x 25	$700
Lot in Mount Pleasant, s. s. Beekman-av., (No. 10) 125x50	4,250
Two lots in Bedford, e. s. of Middle Patent Highway, containing 40 acres	4,000
Lots Nos. 119 and 380 West Farms, e. s. 5th-av., 100 x100	600
Lot in Greenburgh (known as the "Saxter Homestead,) 400x275	5,000
Two lots in Eastchester, s. s. 1st-av., Mt. Vernon, 200x210 and 10[illegible]x105	4,300
2 lots in Yonkers, Nos. 13 and 15, on Woodworth-av., 100x50	8,250
Lot in Rye Town, s. s. North-st. road, 3 acres	2,500
Lot in Yonkers, e. s. Warburton-av., 220x350	8,000
Lot No. 4 Eastchester, on Garden-place, 100x50	300
Lot in Portchester, e. s. Highland-st., 114x50	500

NEW-JERSEY.

Jersey City.

North 4th-st., n. s., 175 ft. e. of Prospect-st., 25x100	$700

Hoboken.

Lot No. 7, block No. 47, Coster estate	$500

Hudson City.

Lots Nos. 69 and 70, block No. 3, Map Chelsea, each 25x100	$1,200
Lot Nos. 7, 8, 9, 10, block No. 5, Hudson Grove	2,000

Bergen.

Beach-st., corner Barrow-st., 113.6x107.2x25x58x89 x50	1,500

BANKING AND FINANCIAL.

☞ HOLDERS OF THE CENTRAL PACIFIC RAILROAD Bonds are joint investors with the United States Government in the Grand Continental Pacific Railroad Line, having the prior claim thereon. These securities are highly commended to persons desiring good, safe, steady investments. They are for sale, for the present, at par and accrued interest in *currency*—the interest and principal being repayable in GOLD—and now yield nearly nine per cent. upon the outlay. All information, &c., furnished on application by

FISK & HATCH,
BANKERS AND DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
No. 5 Nassau-st., New-York.

GENERAL MARKETS.

NEW-YORK, Saturday, April 25, 1868.

The receipts of the principal kinds of produce, since our last, have been as follows:

Ashes, bbls	...	Barley, bushels	...
Flour, bbls	7,360	Malt, bushels	8,000
Flour, bags	...	Peas, bushels	...
Cornmeal, bbls	190	Pork, bbls	36
Cornmeal, bags	850	Cut Meats, pkgs	135
Wheat, bushels	350	Lard, pkgs	100
Corn, bushels	8,260	Beer, tcs. and bbls	93
Rye, bushels	370	Whisky, bbls	...
Oats, bushels	13,625	Petroleum, bbls	...

ASHES—Have been in moderate request at $8 75@$8 87½, chiefly at $8 75, for Pots, and $11 50@$11 75 for Pearls, ₱ 100 lbs.

COFFEE—Has been in demand at uniform prices, including Java at 23½c.@24½c.; Maracaibo, 16c. @18c.; Laguayra, 16c.@17½c.; Rio, 9c.@13½c., in bond; Native Ceylon, 18c.@20c.; Jamaica, 15c.@15½c.; St. Domingo, 14c.@15c., all in gold, ₱ lb.

COTTON—An active business has been reported to-day, chiefly for export, and on speculative account, at a further improvement in prices, the market, however, closing tamely at the annexed figures. The aggregate of the reported sales was 6,986 bales, including 290 bales to spinners, 3,350 to shippers, and 3,346 to speculators. Messrs. CORNWALL & ZEREGA, in their circular for the current week, notice the movements of the six business days ending last evening thus: "Our market for the week has been active, and prices have advanced 2c. ₱ lb. from the closing prices of last week, market closing quiet but steady at the quotations. The sales have been 27,471 bales, including 3,321 to spinners, 15,391 to speculators, and 8,759 to exporters, of which 450 were in transit. The very decided decline in the receipts at the ports has sustained our market, and although our quotations leave a doubtful margin for exporters, the tendency of prices is still upward. The exports from this port for the week have been 16,699 bales."

Closing Prices of Cotton, to-day:

	Upland.	Mobile.	N. O. & Tex.
Ordinary, ₱ lb	29	29	29½@—
Good Ordinary	30⅛	31	31½@⅛
Low Middling	31⅛	32	32⅛@⅛
Middling	32⅛	33	33⅛@⅛
Good Middling	34	34⅛	35 @—

Movements of Cotton at this Port.

	Bales.
Receipts this week	6,452
Receipts last week	10,662
Receipts preceding week	11,661
Receipts since Jan. 1, 1868	320,403
Receipts since Sept. 1, 1867	547,925
Receipts year ending Jan. 1, 1868	679,672
Receipts year ending Sept. 1, 1867	773,927
Receipts year ending Jan. 1, 1867	657,438
Receipts year ending Sept. 1, 1866	511,630
Exports since Tuesday	8,351
Exports since Jan. 1, 1868	183,911
Exports since Sept. 1	331,912
Exports year ending Jan. 1, 1868	438,119
Exports year ending Sept. 1, 1867	472,590
Exports year ending Jan. 1, 1867	381,090
Exports year ending Sept. 1, 1866	495,300
Estimated stock on hand here	90,000

Movements in Cotton at all the Shipping Ports.

Receipts at all the shipping ports of the United States from the close of the war, May 1, 1865, to Sept. 1, 1866	2,571,040
Receipts at all the ports, since Sept. 1, 1867	2,045,000
Receipts same time 1866-7	1,647,000
Receipts at all the ports year ending Sept. 1, 1867	1,331,988
Receipts preceding cotton year	2,154,476
Exports from all the ports since Sept. 1, 1867, to latest mail dates	1,443,000
Exports same time 1866-7	1,148,000
Exports from all the ports year ending Sept. 1, 1867	1,557,054
Exports preceding cotton year	1,554,664
Estimated stock on hand at all the ports Aug. 31, 1867	80,296
Estimated stock on hand at all ports, at latest mail dates	268,000
Estimated stock same time in 1867	490,000

FLOUR AND MEAL.—State and Western Flour has been comparatively firm, but inactive to-day. Sales have been reported since our last of 8,100 bbls., including poor to choice Superfine State and Western at $9 25@$10 00; very inferior to fair ordinary extra State at $10 05@$10 75; fair ordinary to very choice genuine Spring Wheat extra State at $10 75@$11 50, and poor to good shipping brands of round-hoop extra Ohio at $10 35@$10 85 ₱ bbl. We quote:

Superfine State and Western	$9 25@10 00
Extra State	10 05@10 75
Extra Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, &c	10 25@14 00
Extra Ohio, round-hoop, shipping brands	10 35@10 85
Extra Ohio, trade and family brands	10 90@15 50
Extra Genesee	11 60@14 25
Common to choice extra Missouri	11 25@16 75

Southern Flour has been quiet. Sales have been reported since our last of 670 bbls. at $10 30@$11 20 for common to fair, and $11 20@$16 50 for fair to very superior extras ₱ bbl. California Flour is in moderate demand, at full prices; sales have been reported of 650 sacks at $13@$14 75 for extras, ₱ 196 lbs. Rye Flour continues in fair demand at $8 35@$9 85, for inferior to choice, ₱ bbl.; sales 600 bbls. Corn Meal is in less request at $5 90@$6 for Jersey; $5 75@$6 for Caloric; $5 90 for City, and $6 35@$6 45 for Brandywine, ₱ bbl.; sales 400 bbls.

GRAIN.—Wheat has been quoted held firmly to-day. Sales have been reported since our last of 21,000 bushels, including Amber Michigan at $2 90; No. 1 Spring at $2 60 in store, and $2 63 afloat; No. 2 Spring at $2 53 in store; Amber State at $2 90; and White Southern at $3 ₱ bushel. Corn has been moderately inquired for by home and export purchasers at a shade lower prices. Sales have been reported of 55,000 bushels at $1 14@$1 18 for New Western Mixed, in store and afloat; $1 18 for Old Mixed Western, in store; $1 20@$1 21 for New Yellow Jersey, Western and Southern; $1 18@$1 16 for New Straw-colored and White Southern, and $1 14@$1 16 for White Western ₱ bushel. Rye has been selling in small lots at from $2 20@$2 25 ₱ bushel. Nothing new in Barley or Malt. Oats have been in more demand, but irregular in price; sales have been reported of 69,000 bushels Western at 85c. in store, and 86½c.@87½c., mainly at 87c. delivered, ₱ bushel.

HAY.—North River Bale continues in good demand at 80c.@90c. for shipping, and $1 10@$1 50 for poor to very choice, ₱ 100 lbs. Straw is in better request at 85c.@90c. for short and long rye ₱ 100 lbs.

HOPS.—Have been quiet, yet steady, including American at 10c.@65c. for new; older growths, 5c.@25c., and foreign at 20c.@50c. ₱ lb. We quote in detail thus: New-York State, common to fair, 10c.@20c.; good to prime, 25c.@35c.; choice to fancy, 45c.@50c.; Eastern, common to prime, 10c.@20c.; prime to choice, 35c.@50c. Wisconsins, common to fancy, 30c.@55c. Michigans, common to fair, 10c.@20c.; prime, 30c.@40c. Yearlings of all grades, 10c.@25c.; old Olds, 5c.@15c. Foreign—Canadians, 15c.@35c.; Bavarians, 30c.@40c.; Belgians, 20c.@25c., ₱ lb.

HIDES.—The week's receipts have been 73,201 hides and 50 bales do.; sales, 65,600 hides, the latter including 16,500 Dry Buenos Ayres, 21¼@23 lbs., part 20½c., gold, usual selection; 2,800 Dry Corrientes, 24 lbs., 20c.; 2,000 Dry Rio Grandes, 20@20½ lbs., part 20c.@20½c., gold, usual selection; 1,500 Dry Rio Grande Kips, 11⅜@12 lbs., 21c., gold, usual selection; 2,000 Dry Orinoco, 21 lbs., private terms; 500 Dry California, 22 lbs., 21½c., gold, usual selection; 2,600 Dry Vera Cruz, 17@18 lbs., private terms; 1,000 Dry Bogota, 20 lbs., private terms; 1,000 Dry Mexican, 23 lbs., private terms; 300 Dry Savanilla, 22 lbs., private terms; 34,000 Dry Port-au-Platt, 18 lbs., private terms; 24,300 Dry Texas, 21@25 lbs., 20c.@21c., currency; 500 Wet Salted Buenos Ayres, 57 lbs., private terms; 1,000 City Slaughter Ox, 75 lbs., private terms. The stock on hand of Ox and Cow Hides is 217,100 (same time last year 130,800—week before, 454,000,) and 250 bales, as follows: 157,000 Dry Buenos Ayres, Montevideo and Corrientes, 19,300 Dry Rio Grande, 16,000 Dry Orinoco, 2,500 Dry California, 1,000 Dry Savanilla and Bogota, 500 Dry Maracaibo, 20,000 Dry Mexican and Texas, 900 Singapore Buffalo, 400 Wet Salted Para, and 250 bales East India Cow and Buffalo.

LEATHER.—The movements in this line, during the week, Messrs. Day & Co. notice thus: "The demand for Hemlock Sole continues as last noted. Though the receipts from the tanners have been more liberal, amounting to about 45,000 Sides, the stock is still small and poorly assorted. The scarcity of desirable Leather restricts transactions, and, in consequence, only a moderate business has been done during the week. Prices are firm. Oak Sole remains as last quoted. Rough is still in good demand." We quote: Oak Slaughter and Salted, good Light, 38c.@42c.; Oak Slaughter and Salted, good Middle, 38c.@46c.; Oak Slaughter and Salted, good Heavy, 40c.@46c.; Oak Slaughter, light Cropped, good, 37c.@42c.; Oak Slaughter, Bellies, Cropped, good, 20c.@22c.; Hemlock, Buenos Ayres, &c., good Middle, 26½c.@28½c.; Hemlock, Buenos Ayres, &c., good Heavy, 25c.@26½c.; Hemlock, California, good Light, 25½c.@26c.; Hemlock, California, good Middle, 25½c.@27c.; Hemlock, California, good Heavy, 25½c.@27c.; Hemlock, Orinoco, good Light, 25½c.@26c.; Hemlock, Orinoco, good Middle, 25½c.@27c.; Hemlock, Orinoco, good Heavy, 23c.@25c.; Hemlock, Orinoco and Buenos Ayres, damaged, all weights, 21½c.@25½c.; Hemlock, California and Buenos Ayres, poor, all weights, 17c.@20½c.; Hemlock Slaughter, in rough, 37c.@39c.; Oak Slaughter, in rough, light, 39c.@46c.; Oak Slaughter, in rough, middle, 38c.@39c.; Oak Slaughter, in rough, heavy, 41c.@45c., cash, ₱ lb.

MOLASSES.—Has been quiet but steady, including Porto Rico at 65c.@75c.; Cuba at 37c.@55c.; New-Orleans, 80c.@95c. ₱ gallon.

NAVAL STORES.—Have been in fair demand and buoyant, including Spirits Turpentine at 73c.@75c. ₱ gallon; Crude do. at $5; Rosin at $3 07@$8 37 ₱ 280 lbs.; Tar at $3@$3 50; Pitch at $3 37@$3 50 ₱ bbl.

OILS.—Continue quiet but firm, including Crude Whale at 73c.@75c.; Bleached Whale at 80c.@85c.; Crude Sperm at $2@$2 05; Unbleached Whale at $2 20@$2 25; Lard Oil at $1 45@$1 65; Red Oil at $1 02@$1 05; Linseed Oil at $1 14@$1 18; Olive, $2 63@$3 25 ₱ gallon.

PETROLEUM.—Has been in rather better request at 12c.@12¼c. for Crude in bulk; 16⅜c.@17c. for do., in bbls.; 24½c.@27½c. for Refined, in bond, and 33c.@34c. for Refined, free, ₱ gallon.

PROVISIONS.—Pork has been much dearer to-day, on a fairly active business, chiefly in New Mess. Sales have been reported since our last of 3,350 bbls., in lots, at $28 37@$28 87 for Mess, $28 37, regular, for New Western Mess; $28 50@$28 75 for New City Mess; $27@$27 50 for Old Mess; $26@$27 25 for Thin Mess; $22 75@$26 50 for Extra Prime, and $24@$25 for Prime Mess. Cut Meats have been also more active but firm. Sales have been reported of 320 pkgs. at 16⅛c.@16½c. for Pickled Hams; 20c.@22c. for dry Hams; and 12¼c.@13¼c. for Shoulders, ₱ lb. Bacon has been quiet but steady; sales have been reported since our last of 213 boxes at 14¼c. for Cumberlands, 15⅞c.@15¾c. for Short Rib and 17¼c.@17½c. for Short Clear, ₱ lb. Lard has been inactive at full prices. Sales have been reported since our last of 470 tcs. and bbls., at 18c.@18⅜c. for poor to prime, and 18½c.@18⅞c. for Kettle-rendered ₱ lb. Beef has been quiet; sales, 150 bbls. at $15@$20 for Plain Mess; $20 50@$24 75 for Extra Mess, and $9@$15 for inferior grades ₱ bbl. Tierce Beef has been in moderate demand, including Prime Mess at $34@$39 and India Mess at $41@$44 ₱ tierce; sales since our last 260 tcs. Beef Hams inactive; small lots changed hands at $35@$36 50 ₱ bbl. Butter and Cheese have been in moderate request.

NEW CROP BUTTER.

Fresh pails, State and Jersey, ₱ lb	52 @55
Pennsylvania, ₱ lb	50 @52
State, firkins, ₱ lb	none.
State, half-firkin, tubs, ₱ lb	45 @48
Welsh, tubs, ₱ lb	40 @43
Western, firkins, ₱ lb	35 @43

OLD CROP BUTTER.

Low to medium qualities State, ₱ lb., old	15 @30
Low to common qualities Canada, ₱ lb., old	13 @25

CHEESE.

Factory Dairies, fancy and Cheddar shapes, ₱ lb	16½@17
Factory Dairies, fine quality, ₱ lb	15 @16
Factory Dairies, fancy and extra quality, ₱ lb	16 @17
Farm Dairies, fancy and extra, ₱ lb	14 @16
Farm Dairies, fair to good, ₱ lb	12 @14
Farm Dairies, common, ₱ lb	9 @10
Orange County, Skimmed Cheese, ₱ lb	9 @11

SKINS.—Deer have been quiet, buyers refusing to pay asking prices. We quote: Honduras, 42½c.; San Juan, 40c.; Bolivar, 30c.; Sisal, 45c.; Vera Cruz, 45c.; Chagres, 43½c.@45c.; Puerto Cabello, 33c. ₱ lb. Goat have been in active demand at former rates. Sales have been reported since our last of 450 bales Tampico, 50 bales Cape, and 400 bales other Mexicans, 100 bales Cape and 90 bales Payta on private terms. We quote: Tampico, 47½@50c.; Matamoras, 42½c.@45c.; Vera Cruz, 45c.@47½c.; Buenos Ayres, 36c.@38c.; Payta, 37c.@39c.; Curacoa, 45c.@48c., gold; Cape, 42½c.@45c., currency; Madras, 40c.@45c., gold, ₱ lb.

SUGARS.—Have been in moderate demand at uniform rates. Sales have been reported since our last of 870 hhds. Cuba, &c., at from 11c.@13½c., and 450 boxes Havana, part at 13c. ₱ lb. Refined Sugars have been in fair request at from 14c.@17c. ₱ lb.

TALLOW, &c.—Sales, 64,000 lbs. Tallow at 12⅛c.@12½c. ₱ lb.; 31,000 lbs. Stearine at 18c.@18½c. ₱ lb.; 34,500 lbs. Grease at 8⅞c.@10c. ₱ lb.

FREIGHTS.—Have been quiet to-day, with 537 vessels of all classes in port. For Liverpool there were taken 470 bales Cotton, by steamer, at ½d. ₱ lb.; 7,600 bushels Corn at 8d. ₱ bushel. For Bristol, an Austrian bark, with 20,000 bushels grain, at 5s. 3d. ₱ quarter.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-CLASS cook; thoroughly understands her business in all its branches; has good City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 138 7th-av., near 24th-st.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN A SITUATION as first-class chambermaid and waitress; has the best City reference. Call or address No. 246 7th-av., near 26th-st.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT, A SITUATION as cook; [illegible] best City reference given. Call at No. 458 6th-av., for two days.

WANTED—BY AN ENGLISH GIRL A SITUATION as washer and ironer. Call at No. 122 Mott-st., in the store.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN, A SITUATION as first-class seamstress; has the best City reference. Can be seen at No. 113 West 23d-st.

WANTED—BY A FRENCH PROTESTANT girl, a situation to go to Europe with a lady or family. Apply at present employer's, No. 4 West 22d-st.

WANTED—BY A SCOTCH GIRL A SITUATION as chambermaid and waitress; has good City reference. Call at No. 119 West 32d-st.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG GIRL TO GO TO Europe with a lady or family; [illegible] present employers until suited. Call at No. [illegible]

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A GOOD GERMAN girl, to do general housework. No. 3 Bridges-st., between Canal and Division sts., basement.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—BY AN HONEST, INDUSTRIOUS, respectable woman, a situation as first-class cook, who understands all kinds of family cooking, also soups, fish, meats, pastry, creams and desserts of all kinds; is an excellent baker; would assist with the washing if required; no objection to the country; can give City and country reference. Apply at No. 289 Elizabeth, one door from Bleecker-st., in Mrs. Glennan's. Can be seen for two days.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL, A situation as chambermaid and waitress in a private family; is fully competent to take the entire charge of a dining-room; has no objection to go a short distance in the country; good City reference. Can be seen at No. 334 East 21st-st., between 1st and 2d avs., second floor, back room.

WANTED—BY A VERY RESPECTABLE young woman, a situation as lady's maid and seamstress, or nurse; good hairdresser and seamstress; cut and fit, operate on the machine; has the best City references; City or country. Apply at No. 329 4th-av., near 25th-st.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT YOUNG WOMAN, a situation as infant's nurse; understands bringing it up by the bottle; very neat sewer; good City reference; no objection to the country, or would travel. Call at No. 537 6th-av., in the ladies' hair-dressing establishment.

WANTED—BY TWO COMPETENT, TIDY girls, with excellent City references, situations in one family in the City, or a few miles in the country; one as cook and laundress, the other as chambermaid and waitress, take charge of the silver and dining-room; wages, $12 and $10. Call at 303 East 29th-st., cottage.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A THOROUGHLY experienced infant's nurse and seamstress; can take the entire care of an infant and bring it up on the bottle; a Protestant; a family having a country place preferred; the best of City reference. Call at No. 344 6th-av., third floor.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl, a situation in a private family to cook, wash and iron, or would be willing to take the place of laundress; can produce a most excellent reference of over two years from her last place. Can be seen for two days at No. 983 3d-av., two stairs up.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman a situation as chambermaid and seamstress in a private family; has no objection to go in the country. Can be seen for two days at No. 223 1st-av., between 13th and 14th sts., second floor, front room.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG COLORED GIRL A situation as lady's maid and seamstress; is a good hair dresser, understands all kinds of family sewing and is a thorough operator on Wheeler & Wilson's machine. Call or address for one week No. 214 West 29th-st.

WANTED—A LADY GOING TO EUROPE IS desirous of obtaining a situation for her chambermaid, or would do chamberwork and plain sewing, or assist with washing and ironing. Apply at her present employer's, No. 55 West 17th-st.

WANTED—SITUATIONS AT BOOKHAM'S, NO. 329 4th-av., for a large number recommended laundresses, ladies' maids, nurses, seamstresses, housekeepers, cooks of all kinds, young girls as nurses, chambermaids, houseworkers, &c., of all nations.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl, a situation as chambermaid and waitress, or to do housework for a small family. Can be seen for two days at No. 327 West 26th-st.; City reference given if required.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY YOUNG PROTESTANT woman as chambermaid and seamstress; understands cutting and fitting children's clothes; operates on Wheeler and Wilson's machine; has best City references. Apply at No. 330 4th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS FIRST-CLASS cook; understands soups, meats, all kinds of game, boning and larding, and all kinds of desserts; best of City references from last place. Call for two days at No. 110 West 20th-st., in rear.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE ENGLISH woman, a situation as nurse and plain sewer; no objection to travel; good City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 26 East 12th-st., between University-place and 5th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS LADIES' MAID or seamstress by a most respectable young woman; Protestant; has the best of references; is a very good dressmaker, and in every way a clever needle-woman. Call for two days at No. 45 New-Canal-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT woman, a situation as good cook and baker; would assist with washing; good reference. Apply at No. 216 West 27th-st., between 7th and 8th avs, second floor, room six.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOMAN to do chamberwork and waiting or to take care of children; best City reference; no objection to the country. Can be seen at No. 118 East 8th-st., St. Mark's-place.

WANTED—IN COUNTRY OR CITY, BY AN experienced nurse, who can take charge of an infant from its birth, a situation; would take care of grown children or an invalid lady. Apply at No. 404 6th-av., between 24th and 25th-sts.

WANTED—BY A LADY, A GOOD HOME FOR a little girl, ten years old, in some nice family where the child would be well treated and cared for; the City preferred. Address No. 362 7th-av., near 33d-st., front room over the store.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE woman, to do cooking and part of the washing and ironing in a private family; is a good cook; has good City reference. Call at No. 63 West 24th-st., corner of 6th-av., for two days.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT WAITRESS, who can take the place of a man waiter, a situation; understands the care of silver, glass, &c.; is a good chambermaid. Apply at No. 404 6th-av., between 24th and 25th sts.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT young woman a situation as seamstress, and would assist in chamberwork; has good City references. Can be seen for two days at No. 100 West 40th-st., corner 6th-av.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG GIRL A SITUATION as chambermaid and waitress or chambermaid and assist in the care of children; has no objection to go to the country; the best of City reference. Call or address No. 343 33d-st., between 1st and 2d avs.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT PERSON, A situation as chambermaid and to do fine washing and ironing; perfectly understands French fluting; has long and unexceptionable reference. Can be seen for a few days at No. 57 West 33d-st., near Broadway.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A SCOTCH WOMAN as nurse and seamstress; can take the charge of an infant; can cut and fit children's clothes; will go to the country; good city reference. Call at No. 384 Bowery, second floor.

WANTED—BY AN AMERICAN WOMAN, A situation as good cook, washer and ironer; an excellent baker; or will do general housework in city or country; good reference. Call at No. 384 Bowery, second floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS NURSE BY A competent person; is capable of caring for a baby from its birth; or would like any other respectable situation. Can be seen at her present employer's, where she has lived three years, No. 105 East 17th-st.

WANTED—BY A LAUNDRESS, WHO DOES French fluting, clear starching, &c., a situation; would take the place of chambermaid and waitress, or cook, washer and ironer. Apply at No. 404 Sixth-av., between 24th and 25th-sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COMPETENT person, as seamstress, who understands dressmaking, cutting and fitting, and all kinds of family sewing; can operate on the machine; understands hairdressing. Call or address No. 240 29th-st., near 2d-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE woman as good cook, and is willing to do the plain washing; no objection to go a short distance in the country; good City reference. Call at No. 249 West 33d-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL, A situation as chambermaid and waitress or to assist in washing and ironing; has good City reference. Call at No. 281 7th-av., for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE woman, as professed cook in a gentleman's family, equal to a Lord's family in Europe; City reference. Can be seen at No. 125 West 25th-st., for two days.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG ENGLISH WOMAN, a situation as nurse and seamstress; thoroughly understands her business; good reference. Call for two days at No. 137 West 19th-st., in the basement.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE girl as chambermaid or to take care of grown children and do sewing. Can be seen for two days at her present employer's, No. 121 East 23d-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-CLASS laundress; can do French fluting and all kinds of fine washing; has good City reference. Apply at No. 289 6th-av., corner 18th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-CLASS cook; has lived seven years in her last place; best of City reference. Can be seen at No. 118 Amity-st., between Macdougal-st. and 6th-av.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT girl, a place to do plain sewing and take care of grown children, or to do light chamberwork. Apply at No. 38 West 25th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman, a situation as chambermaid and waitress in a private family; has the best of City reference. Can be seen at her present employer's, No. 30 West 28th-st.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG GIRL, A SITUATION as chambermaid and to assist in any other work, or to take care of grown children. Apply at her present employer's, No. 16 East 10th-st., near University-place.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOMAN as first-class laundress; understands French fluting, fine muslins, &c.; has unexceptional City references from her last place. Apply at No. 330 4th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COMPETENT young woman as nurse and chambermaid; is a good plain sewer, an excellent fine washer and ironer; good City reference given. No. 34 West 13th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOMAN, a situation as nurse to growing children in a private family; has four years' reference from her last place. Call at No. 335 6th-av., corner 21st-st.

WANTED—IN THE COUNTRY, BY A COOK, washer and ironer, a situation; can milk, make butter, bread, &c. Apply at No. 404 6th-av., between 24th and 25th sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT girl as nurse and seamstress, or chambermaid and waitress; has the best of references; wages $10. Apply at 1,288 Broadway, second floor, between 33d and 34th sts.

ALL WHO WANT COMPETENT HELP, male or female, for City or country, such as coachmen, grooms, waiters, laborers, servants, farm hands, gardeners, boys, cooks, chambermaids, waitresses, nurses, seamstresses, laundresses, houseworkers, small girls, &c., can be immediately suited at CARPENTER'S Select Servants' Institute, No. 138 11th-st., cor. 6th-av.

AT BEDELL'S, NOS. 330 AND 332 4TH-AV., corner 25th-st., will be found a large number of first-class servants, viz.: Housekeepers, ladies' maids, seamstresses, cooks, laundresses, chambermaids, waitresses, nurses, and girls for general housework.

AT THE NEW-YORK EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, No. 1,288 Broadway, near 34th-st., families, boarding-houses, hotels and restaurants can be supplied with help of any capacity. N. B.—Particular attention paid to country calls.

MRS. LOWE'S INSTITUTE FOR GERMAN servants, No. 17 Stanton-st., near Bowery.

MALES.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS WAITER BY A singleman in a private family; best of City reference. Address or can be seen for two days at No. 2 East 21st-st., corner 5th-av.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG man, a situation as coachman; understands his business thoroughly; country preferred. Can be seen at Nos. 215 and 217 Lexington-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN and groom by a single Protestant man; thoroughly understands his business; best City and country references. Call, or address J., No. 28 East 19th-st.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

MALES.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MARRIED COUPLE, no incumbrances, situations in some respectable family; the man as coachman and groom; is a good plain gardener; his wife is a good plain cook, and is an excellent washer and ironer, or would do upstairs work, or take charge of children; they have the highest of recommendations; have no objection to city or country. Apply or address for three days No. 85 4th-av., between 10th and 11th-sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A GERMAN young man as coachman and gardener; would engage in either employment separately; understands gardening thoroughly in all its branches, including greenhouse operations; is acquainted with the milking of cows; has reference. Can be seen at No. 19 Centre-st., near City Hall, or by addressing CHRISTOPHER SCHULTS, Box No. 195 Times Office.

WANTED.—A PARTY OF LONG EXPERIENCE in the drygoods business, and having an extensive available aquaintance with the leading buyers of the West and Southwest, is open to an engagement with a first-class importing or jobbing house, as commercial traveler or salesman; unexceptionable references. Address D. G. P., Box No. 1,549 Post-office, New-York.

WANTED—BY A VERY RESPECTABLE young man a situation as light porter in a store; can get the best of recommendation if required from his present employer, whom he has served for four years; any firm that wants a trustworthy man will do well by addressing J. M., Box No. 207 Times Office, for three days.

WANTED—BY A SINGLE MAN A SITUATION; thoroughly understands the care of a gentleman's place; is a good plain gardener, and is well accustomed to the care of horses and driving; willing to be generally useful; good references. Address M. C., Box No. 180 Times Office.

WANTED—BY A SINGLE YOUNG MAN, A situation as coachman and to make himself generally useful about a gentleman's place in the country; can take care of cows, &c., and understands gardening. Address WILLIAM, at his late employer's, No. 30 Pine-st., Rooms Nos. 4 and 5, between 11 and 3 o'clock.

WANTED—BY A PRACTICAL GARDENER OR farmer, a situation; is steady, sober and capable; can also fill a coachman's place; understands the management of horses thoroughly; expectations as to salary moderate. Apply at No. 1,288 Broadway, second floor.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY A MAN AND HIS wife; the man understands working on a farm and taking care of a gentleman's place; understands the care of horses; his wife can do housework, or chamberwork and waiting; have good reference. Call at No. 105 East 43d-st., near 4th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER BY a married man, two in family, who has practical knowledge of greenhouse and cultivation of fruits and vegetables; well skilled in laying out new places; has good City reference as to character and ability. Address T. B., South Bergen, N. J.

WANTED—A COACHMAN AND GROOM'S situation by a first-class coachman, a middle-aged Scotchman, married, without incumbrance; has lived with some of the best families in the City; the best of references given. Call on or address D. T., at Graham's harness-store, No. 66 University-place.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY a competent man, who is thoroughly conversant with his business in each department; the best of City and country references. Address J. C., Box No. 196 Times Office, or at harness store No. 25 Fulton-st., Brooklyn, for three days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A GERMAN married man; will take a place as single man, or together, as gardener, farmer, good driver, care horses, &c.; make himself generally useful; has the best references. Apply at No. 329 4th-av., near 25th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN as coachman; thoroughly capable; City or country; would assist in garden and make himself generally useful on a gentleman's place; can milk; best City reference. Address M. C., Box No. 219 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN and gardener, by a married man; no incumbrance; understands both branches perfectly well; make himself generally useful; good reference from his last employer. Address R. D., Box No. 210 Times Office.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, A SITUATION as coachman and groom; has good recommendation from his last employer; is willing to make himself useful; can milk a cow if required. Address J. M., Box No. 204 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN and groom, by a single man who understands his business thoroughly; has six years' reference from his last employer; is a willing and obliging man. Address M. L., Box No. 214 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE man as coachman; is a first-class driver and groom; no objection to the country; is willing to make himself generally useful; the best City and country reference. Address M. L., Box No. 210 Times Office.

WANTED—BY A SINGLE PROTESTANT (Scotchman) a situation as coachman and groom in City or country; understands his business thoroughly; has first-class reference. Address C., Room No. 52, Frankfort House, corner Frankfort and William-sts.

WANTED—A GANDENER'S SITUATION BY a single man; references, thirteen years; first-class place with greenhouses preferred. Address GARDENER, care Davidson & Co., No. 23 Fulton-st., New-York, in seed store.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY a single man of long experience in the care and management of horses, fine harness and carriages; best City reference. Address P. H., Box No. 197 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN and groom by a single man in either City or country; thoroughly understands the care of horses and carriages as reference will show; can milk. Address THOMAS, Box No. 214 Times Office.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT MAN AND wife, without children, situations in the country; the man on a farm, and the wife to do housework; good reference. Apply at No. 332 1st-av., between 19th and 20th sts.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT young man a situation as good groom and coachman; has good reference; no objection to the country. Call or address N., No. 14 East 39th-st., private stables.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS WAITER IN A private family by a single young Englishman; understands his duties thoroughly, and has city reference; no objection to go in the country. Call at No. 125 4th-av., near 12th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT German man as first-class waiter; understands his business thoroughly; has unexceptional City references. Apply at No. 330 4th-av.

WANTED—BY A GENTLEMAN, TO PROCURE a situation for his coachman; is a young married man, trusty, sober and obliging. Call on or address No. 149 East 35th-st., for two days.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, A SITUATION as coachman and groom; has first-class recommendation. Address W. D., present employer, No. 141 East 21st-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN and groom; best City and country reference; no objections to the country. Address No. 7 East 28th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG German, a situation as coachman; can be highly recommended. Address P. B., Box No. 196 Times Office.

A GENTLEMAN HAVING DISPOSED of his horses, desires to get a situation for his coachman, who understands his business perfectly. Address J. K., No. 60 West 18th-st.

DRY GOODS JOBBERS.—HAVING BEEN 20 years a member of a well-known firm, I wish to engage as buyer for an established house. Address G., Box No. 751 Post-office.

AUCTION SALES.

JOSEPH HEGEMAN, Auctioneer.

FURNITURE SALES IN BROOKLYN.

BY JOSEPH HEGEMAN & CO.
TUESDAY, APRIL 28, at 9 o'clock A. M.
At No. 97 State-st., corner Clinton-st., Brooklyn.

A general assortment of good parlor, chamber and dining-room furniture, Brussels carpets, pier mirrors, &c.

SAME DAY.
At 9 o'clock A. M., at No. 26 Hoyt-st., between State and Atlantic sts., Brooklyn.

A general assortment of parlor, chamber and dining-room furniture, Brussels carpets, &c.

SAME DAY.
At 10 o'clock A. M., in Tompkins-av., second house from Quincey-st., by the Gates-av. cars.

Parlor, chamber and kitchen furniture, bookcase, crockery, glass, pictures, refrigerator, &c.

SAME DAY.
At 12½ o'clock P. M., at No. 32 Lafayette-av., between Raymond and St. Felix sts., Brooklyn.

Walnut parlor suite, paintings, lace curtains, lounges, walnut and enameled marble-top sets, hair mattresses, beddipg, extension table, china, kitchen utensils, Brussels carpets, oilcloths, &c.

SAME DAY.
At 1 o'clock P. M., at No. 380 Carlton-av., between Fulton and Atlantic avs., Brooklyn.

Walnut, mahogany and oak marble-top parlor, chamber and dining-room furniture, Brussels and ingrain carpets, kitchen ware, &c.

SAME DAY.
At 1¾ o'clock P. M., at De Kalb-av., fourth house east of Tompkins-av.

Rosewood piano, French-plate pier glass, Brussels and ingrain carpets, oilcloth, mahogany parlor furniture, beds and mattresses, walnut extension table and chairs, cook stove and kitchen furniture.

SAME DAY.
At 4 o'clock P. M., at No. 94 West Warren-st., between Court and Clinton sts.

Two parlor suites, rosewood and mahogany, in plush and hair cloth, centre and extension tables, mattresses, bureaus, bedsteads, Brussels carpets, &c.

SAME DAY.
At 4 o'clock P. M., at No. 590 De Kalb-av., between Nostrand and Marcy avs.

Large rosewood secretary bookcase, mahogany bookcase, mahogany parlor and chamber furniture, oak extension table, chairs and buffets, spring mattresses, carpets, crib, &c.

SAME DAY.
At 4 o'clock P. M., at No. 99 12th-st., between 3d and 4th avs., Brooklyn.

A general assortment of parlor, chamber, dining-room and kitchen furniture.

NOTICE.

If our customers will oblige us by depositing in every instance an amount sufficient to cover the purchase, they would greatly facilitate our movements and receive their bills without the least delay.

F. COLTON, Auctioneer.

MOST ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, with parians, bronzes, statuettes, damask and lace curtains, Steinway rosewood piano, together with about 100 oil paintings, many of which have been on exhibition at the Paris Exposition and are of very superior quality, together with all the superior furniture of the house, made by Pottier and Stymus and Meeks of this City, on MONDAY, April 27, at No. 58 West 39th-st., between 5th and 6th avs. Descriptive catalogues early on Monday, at house.

SAME DAY, at 2½ o'clock, at No. 34 West 15th-st., an assortment of good parlor and bedroom furniture.

On TUESDAY, April 28, at No. 145 West 15th-st., elegant furniture, Axminster, velvet and other carpets, rosewood piano, rich bronzes, parians, with a choice assortment of parlor, dining-room and other goods. See catalogues at house.

EDWARD SCHENCK, Auctioneer.

ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE
AT NO. 165 WEST 11TH-ST.

The property of a French family returning to Europe. By EDWARD SCHENCK, on WEDNESDAY, 29th inst., at 10½ A. M., all of the fine furniture, most of it made to order in Paris by Messrs. Ringuet, Leprince & Marcotte, consisting of parlor, bedroom and dining-room furniture, consisting of an elegant French carved oak buffet and bookcase, &c., together with the kitchen furniture.

J. M. PHELPS, Auctioneer.

ATTRACTIVE SALE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE at New-Brighton, Staten Island. PHELPS, FALLON & CO., No. 5½ Pine-st., will sell at auction on TUESDAY, April 28, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the late residence of Rear-Admiral Sloat, deceased, at New-Brighton, S. I., a large and varied assortment of household furniture, consisting in part of parlor, dining-room, bedroom and kitchen furniture. Particulars at office of Auctioneers.

AUCTION SALES.

By W. L. WALL & Co., Auctioneers, Nos. 315 and 317 Pennsylvania-av., Washington, D. C.

PEREMPTORY SALE OF MEDICAL STORES, &c., AT AUCTION.

On TUESDAY MORNING, 28th April, commencing at 10 o'clock, we will sell, at our salesrooms, without reserve, the following medical stores, comprising:

24 cases powdered opium, in half pound bottles, Philadelphia Laboratory.
24 cases powdered ipecac, in half pound bottles, Philadelphia Laboratory.
24 cases powdered soc aloes, in half pound bottles, Philadelphia Laboratory.
5 cases chloroform, in half pound tin cans, Astoria Laboratory.
50 cases ether sortior, in half pound tin cans, Astoria Laboratory.
100 cases pulverized rhubarb, in half pound bottles, Philadelphia Laboratory.
10 cases Bermuda arrow root, in five pound cans.
1,000 gross quart packing bottles.

The above goods can be seen three days before the sale, and will have to be removed within five from the day of sale.

Terms—Cash in Government funds.

W. L. WALL & CO., Auctioneers
Washington, D. C.

By LEAVITT STREBEIGH & CO., Book Sale Rooms, and Art Galleries, Clinton Hall, Astor-place.

AMERICANA.

An extraordinary collection of WORKS RELATING TO AMERICA, being a second portion of the magnificent Private Library now on sale by J. W. BOUTON, No. 416 Broome-st., New-York, consisting of Local History, Biography, Voyages and Travels, Works on the Revolution and on the War of 1812-15, the American Indians, Rare Tracts, (several hundred in number,) &c., most of which are in elegant bindings, or in boards, uncut.

The whole to be sold by Auction, by LEAVITT, STREBEIGH & CO., Auctioneers, Astor-place and 8th-st., MONDAY, April 27, 1868, and following days, commencing at 4 o'clock P. M., each day.

Also an extraordinary series of books on large paper, including the works of Franklin, Adams, Washington, Webster, Bancroft, Irving, &c.

Catalogue ready; price 50 cents.

JOHN H. DRAPER, Auctioneer.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE OF THE "PLACE SUGAR REFINERY."

J. H. DRAPER & CO. WILL SELL,
on TUESDAY, May 12, 1868,
at 12 o'clock noon,
AT THE EXCHANGE SALESROOMS, NO. 111 BROADWAY, BY ORDER OF FRANCIS SKIDDY, ESQ., ASSIGNEE IN BANKRUPTCY:

The eight-story brick building No. 380 South-st., known as the "PLACE SUGAR REFINERY," 70 feet front, 140 feet deep, extending through to Front-st., with all the machinery and appurtenances of a sugar refinery in complete running order, and capable of turning out 1,500 barrels of sugar a week. Also, dock privileges and storehouse on the north side of Front-st., adjoining the refinery, built on leased ground, with unexpired lease. Also, a complete stock of boneblack, supposed to be about 500,000 pounds. For further information apply on the premises, until day of sale, to A. B. THORBURN.

GEO. COOK, Auctioneer—Salesrooms 84 and 86 Cedar-st.

GENTEEL HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

THIS DAY, at No. 9 Abingdon-square, at 10½ o'clock, the entire parlor, chamber, dining-room and kitchen furniture, including carpets, oil-cloths, china, glass, beds, bedding, &c. Catalogues at sale.

Also, on TUESDAY, at salesrooms,

Assignee's sale of superb cabinet makers' stock, including rosewood, black walnut and other parlor and chamber suites in variety; library and dining-room furniture, hall stands, tables, chairs, easy chairs, &c.

EDWARD M. BROWN, Auctioneer.

BY T. R. MINTURN, BROWN & CO.

THIS DAY, (Monday,) April 27, at 12 o'clock, on Pier No. 6 East River:

FRESH SICILY ORANGES AND LEMONS.
125 boxes fresh Sicily Oranges.
3,238 boxes fresh Sicily Lemons.
Cargo brig Ercole, from Palermo.

EDWARD SCHENCK, Auctioneer.

WILL SELL ON THURSDAY, APRIL 30, at 10½ o'clock, at No. 55 West 17th-st., the elegant furniture and billiard-table contained in said house, consisting of rich ebony and gold parlor suites, cabinets, pedestals, centre-tables, ottomans, &c.,
made to order by POTTIER.
Six elegant Paris clocks, candelabras and bronzes, rosewood billiard-table, marble-top,
made to order by
PHELAN.
Rosewood 7-octave piano and stool,
made by
BOARDMAN & GRAY.
Brocatel, damask and lace curtains, velvet and Brussels carpets and oil-cloths, mirrors, chandeliers and engravings, oak dining-table, buffet, chairs and lounges, armoire-a-glace, bedsteads and bureaus, library, card and dressing tables,
made to order by
HUTCHINGS.
Fine china and glass ware; also, a general assortment of bedroom and kitchen furniture, with which the sale will commence.

J. M. PHELPS, Auctioneer.

ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE AT AUCTION.—J. M. PHELPS & CO., No. 5½ Pine-st., will sell at auction on WEDNESDAY, April 29, at 10 o'clock, A. M., at No. 323 West 28th-st., the furniture contained in said house, consisting in part of rosewood and brocatelle parlor suites, centre tables, tete-a-tetes, elegant lace curtains, Brussels carpets, &c.; bedrooms in mahogany, a full and complete assortment; dining room in black walnut, consisting in part of black walnut extension table, buffet, &c., &c., with a full and complete assortment of dining room and kitchen furniture, with which the sale will commence. Catalogues and further particulars at office of auctioneers.

EDWARD A. LAWRENCE, Auctioneer.

CUSTOM-HOUSE SALE OF UNCLAIMED goods, by order of the Collector of the Port, Hon. H. A. Smythe, (seized for violation of the Revenue laws:)

Messrs. LAWRENCE & STRATTON

Will sell by auction, on TUESDAY next, the 28th of April, at 10 o'clock, at No. 45 Barclay-st., New-York, a large assortment of very superior brands of imported cigars, splendid silks, velvets, laces, shawls, watches and jewelry, fine liquors, &c. Terms cash, in bankable money. A deposit will be required from each purchaser. No checks taken unless certified, and no deductions made whatever after the goods are sold.

LARGE SALE OF CLOTHING, CAMP AND GARRISON EQUIPAGE.

DEPOT QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE,
WASHINGTON, D. C., April 14, 1868.

WILL BE SOLD at public auction, on TUESDAY, May 5, under the supervision of Capt. D. G. THOMAS, M. S. K., at Depot of Army Clothing, Armory-square, this City, commencing at 10 A. M., the following described CLOTHING, &c., to wit:

15,000 pairs Bootees, hand-sewed.
3,000 Trowsers, foot.
1,500 Trowsers, m't'd.
12,873 Sack Coats, unlined.
37,816 Felt Hats.
22,000 Hat Cords.
17,000 Leather Stocks.
2,339 Leather Leggings.
3,351 Linen Leggings.
30,000 yards Worsted Lace.

62,000 Knapsacks.
17,000 Canteens.
10,000 Metallic Shoulder Scales.
6,300 Camp Kettles.
32,000 Mess Pans.
7,859 Ax Slings.
1,561 Pick Slings.
2,456 Hatchet Slings.
4,000 Pickaxes.
7,000 Pick Handles.

918 Hospital, Wall and Common Tents and Flies, (worn.)
About 50,000 N. C. Officers' Chevrons, Badges, &c.
About 250,000 numbers and letters.
Lot of Tent Pins, all sizes.
600 Wall-Tent Poles.
19,900 Common Poles, &c.
&c.

Terms—Cash, in Government funds.

Every purchaser will be required to make a cash deposit on the day of sale.

Catalogues will be furnished on application.

By order of the Quartermaster-General.

J. C. McFERRAN,
Deputy Quartermaster-General,
Brevet Brigadier-General, U. S. A.

SIXTY-FIRST AUCTION SALE OF SCRANTON COAL, on WEDNESDAY, April 29, 1868.

NEW-YORK, April, 21, 1868.

The Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad Company will sell, by Messrs. JOHN H. DRAPER & CO., auctioneers, at the Company's salesroom, No. 26 Exchange-place, corner of William-st., New-York, on WEDNESDAY, April 29, at 12 o'clock, noon.

75,000 TONS

of coal, from the Lackawanna regions of the usual sizes, deliverable at their depot, Elizabethport, N. J., during the month of May, 1868.

TERMS: Fifty cents per ton, payable in current funds, on the day of sale, and the balance, within ten days thereafter, if required, at the office of the Company.

SAMUEL SLOAN, President.

STEAMSHIPS ATLANTIC, BALTIC AND WESTERN METROPOLIS.—Public notice is hereby given that default having been made in the condition of a mortgage on the above-named vessels, executed and delivered to us by the New-York and Bremen Steamship Company, and bearing date the 21st day of March, A. D. 1867, we shall, under and by virtue of the power in us vested by the said mortgage, sell at public auction on the 14th day of May next, at 12 o'clock noon, at the Merchants' Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, in the City of New-York, by Albert H. Nicolay, Auctioneer, the said steamships

ATLANTIC,
BALTIC and
WESTERN METROPOLIS,

together with all and singular their respective engines, machinery, boilers, masts, bowsprits, sails, boats, anchors, cables, ship and cabin furniture, plate, and all other necessaries thereunto appertaining and belonging. Dated New-York City, April 25, 1868.

CHARLES LULING & CO.,
Mortgagees.

ISLE ROYALE MINING CO.,
No. 44 EXCHANGE-PLACE, NEW-YORK, March 6, 1868.

IN ACCORDANCE WITH A RECENT law of Michigan prescribing the method for sales of real estate belonging to mining companies, the Isle Royale Mining Co. will offer for sale, at their business office in the City of New-York, on WEDNESDAY, May 27, 1868, certain parcels of land, with the buildings thereon, lying in the village of Houghton, north and south of Sheldon-st., including dock on Portage Lake. Said property not being needed for the use of the Isle Royale Mining Co., the stockholders of said Company have authorized the directors to make a sale of it, in accordance with law, and all parties disposed to bid for the whole or any part of said property are requested to appear at the time and place above named.

By order of directors, F. W. CAPEN,
Secretary.

FERRY LEASES AT AUCTION.—AT THE City Hall, on THURSDAY, the 7th day of May, 1868, at 11 o'clock A. M., will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder with adequate security, for a term of ten years from the 1st day of May, 1868.

1. The lease of the ferry as now established from the foot of James-st. to Hunter's Point, L. I.
2. The lease of the ferry as now established from the foot of Jackson-st. to Brooklyn, L. I.

Terms and conditions of sale may be had upon application at the Comptroller's Office.

By order of the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund.

RICHARD B. CONNOLLY, Comptroller.

CITY OF NEW-YORK, DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE,
COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE, April 1, 1868.

OFFICE OF ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTER-GENERAL,
CORNER OF HOUSTON AND GREENE STS.,
NEW-YORK CITY, April 23, 1868.

I WILL SELL ON THURSDAY, APRIL 30, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the Battery Barracks, New-York City, the balance of the buildings, property of the United States, remaining on the Battery grounds, and also an assortment of condemned Quartermasters' stores, consisting of grain sacks, carts, stoves, pipe, zinc, tools, saddles, iron bedsteads, &c.

Terms—Cash, in United States funds.

Bids deemed disadvantageous to Government may be rejected.

RUFUS INGALLS,
Brevet Major-Gen. and Asst. Q. M.-Gen.

WILLIAM ABBOT, Auctioneer.

WILL SELL ON TUESDAY, AT 10 o'clock, a bankrupt stock in the warehouse formerly occupied by the Boston Spring Bed Company, No. 217 New Canal-st., between Centre-st. and Bowery, to the highest bidder—25 spring beds, 22 iron bedsteads, 140 counterpanes, 75 comforters, 150 assorted feather pillows, 20 hair mattresses, 42 hair top do., 29 husk, 27 sea moss, 17 straw, 49 pair blankets, 150 Alhambra quilts, 200 lbs. feathers, 1,000 hair, 50 wood and canvass cots, 40 bedsteads, 20 linen and cotton ticks, feather beds, all new and made up for family trade. Catalogues on morning of sale. Goods can be paid for and remain until 3d of May, or packed and shipped.

GEORGE COOK, Auctioneer.

HANDSOME HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, &c.—Will be sold by auction on TUESDAY, at 12½ o'clock, the contents of private dwelling, No. 51 East 29th-st., near 4th-av. The furniture is all first class and in fine order, carpets, kitchen articles, &c.

AUCTION SALES.

PIANOS.

RECEIVER'S SALE.

JAMES M. MILLER, Auctioneer, will sell at auction,
On TUESDAY, April 28.
Commencing at 10 o'clock A. M.,
Pianos and all the stock in the premises,
No. 499 Broadway, New-York,
belonging to the firm of
GROVESTEEN & CO.
By order of John Adriance, Receiver.

ROBERT SOMERVILLE, Auctioneer.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 29, AT 10½ O'CLOCK.

AT THE ELEGANT RESIDENCE
25th-st., Broadway and 5th-av.

All the elegant furniture, mirrors, carpets, bronzes, bedding, China, glass and silverware, kitchen furniture, &c., &c., contained in said hotel. A rare chance for dealers and others.

ROBERT SOMERVILLE, Auctioneer, office No. 39 Nassau-st.; Art Gallery, No. 82 5th-av.

ROBERT SOMERVILLE, Auctioneer.

AT NO. 267 WEST 37TH-ST.,

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 29, at 1 o'clock,

The entire contents of the above private residence, consisting of a general assortment of household furniture.

ROBERT SOMERVILLE, Auctioneer, office No. 39 Nassau-st.; Art Gallery, No. 82 5th-av.

ROBERT SOMERVILLE, Auctioneer.

AT NO. 37 WEST 32D-ST.,

WEDNESDAY, April 29, 10½ o'clock.

SUPERB HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, PIANO, mirrors, carpets, curtains, chandeliers, &c., &c., at the above private residence.

ROBERT SOMERVILLE, Auctioneer, office No. 39 Nassau-st.; Art gallery, No. 82 5th-av.

ROBERT SOMERVILLE, Auctioneer.

AT NO. 329 EAST 14TH-ST., BETWEEN 1ST AND 2D AVS.

MONDAY, April 27, at 10½ o'clock.

GENTEEL HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, consisting in part as follows: Velvet, Brussels and ingrain carpets; rosewood 7-octave piano, rich parlor and chamber furniture, lace and brocatel curtains and cornice, bookcases, wardrobes, sofas, chairs, hatstands, hair mattresses, pillows, bedding, &c.; also a general assortment of kitchen furniture, cooking utensils, &c.

ROBERT SOMERVILLE, Auctioneer; office No. 39 Nassau-st.; Art Gallery No. 82 5th-av.

ROBERT SOMERVILLE, Auctioneer.

AT NO. 119 EAST 9TH-ST.,

near University-place,
WEDNESDAY, April 29, at 1 o'clock.

GENTEEL HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.—Rosewood piano, &c., &c., contained in the above private residence.

ROBERT SOMERVILLE, Auctioneer, office No. 39 Nassau-st.; Art Gallery, No. 82 5th-av.

ROBERT SOMERVILLE, Auctioneer.

NO. 7 WEST 15TH-ST.,

MONDAY, April 27, at 10½ o'clock.

ALL THE SUPERB FURNITURE contained in the above dwelling, rich parlor and chamber suites in reps, brocatel and hair cloth, rosewood piano, velvet and Brussels carpets, pier and mantel mirrors, lace and brocatel curtains, marble-top buffets, extension tables, marble-top centre and side tables, bookcases, wardrobes, chairs, &c.; hair and straw mattresses, bolsters and pillows; large quantities of bedding, linenware, and also a great variety of kitchen furniture, crockery and glassware, &c., &c.

ROBERT SOMERVILLE, Auctioneer, office No. 39 Nassau-st.; Art Gallery, No. 82 5th-av.

ROBERT SOMERVILLE, Auctioneer.

TUESDAY, APRIL 28, AT 10½ O'CLOCK,

AT NO. 18 WEST 54TH-ST., NEAR 5TH-AV.
SUPERB HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,
MADE TO ORDER BY THE BEST CITY MAKERS.
THE CHANDELIERS, BRONZES, CLOCK, &c.,
IMPORTED BY TIFFANY & CO.
THE CARPETS, CURTAINS, &c., BY A. T. STEWART & CO. AND SLOAN.
THE MIRRORS, CARVED CORNICE, &c.,
BY WILLIAMS & STEVENS.

being the entire furniture contained in the elegant mansion of Capt. Wm. P. Williams, consisting in part, as follows:

DINING-ROOM.

Carved black-walnut buffett, black-walnut extension table, China enameled punch-bowl, elegant rosewood seven octave piano, by Chickering & Sons, maroon reps. curtains, massive marble mantle clock, bronze groupes, real bronze chandaliers, fine Sevres China dinner set, richly painted and decorated, fine crystal glassware, &c., &c.

RECEPTION-ROOM.

Super English velvet carpets, satin delaine curtains, tassels, &c., heavy lace curtains, heavy French mirrors, rich rosewood arm chairs, elaborately carved centre tables, artistic bronze figures, brilliant crystal chandaliers, superb silver and bronze ornaments, vases, cornucopia, &c., &c.

DRAWING-ROOM.

Superb royal Axminster medallion carpets, rich carved rosewood suite, elegant ebony reception, easy and ladies' chairs; statuary, marble-top centre and side tables, rich satin brocatel curtains, magnificent mirrors, Sevres china and ormolu card receivers; bronze and marble statuary, consol tables, Egyptian candlesticks, vases, and many other very beautiful objects, selected for their exceeding elegance.

MAIN HALL.

Heavy velvet rugs, carved hat-rack, with deer head; fine bronze figures, parre le grand, rich velvet stair carpets, Gothic chairs, super-carved hall regulator, English oil-cloths, English brussels carpets, rosewood and black-walnut chamber furniture, &c. The finest sale of the season, and particularly worthy the attention of connoisseurs, as well as dealers.

ROBERT SOMERVILLE, Auctioneer.

AT NO. 109 WEST 47TH-ST.,

TUESDAY, April 28, at 10½ o'clock A. M., all of the GENTEEL HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE contained in the above private residence, consisting of following:

Velvet, Brussels and ingrain carpets, rosewood parlor suite, marble-top tables, mirrors, lace curtains, chamber furniture, bedsteads, bureau, sofas, mattresses, pillows, bolsters, bedding, &c., together with a variety of kitchen furniture, cooking utensils, &c.

ROBERT SOMERVILLE, Auctioneer, office No. 39 Nassau-st., and Art Gallery, No. 82 5th-av.

ROBERT SOMERVILLE, Auctioneer.

NOTICE.

ROBERT SOMERVILLE, AUCTIONEER, WILL OCCUPY THE OLD-ESTABLISHED SALESROOM, NO. 37 NASSAU-ST., ON AND AFTER MAY 1. CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED. LIBERAL ADVANCES MADE.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.

HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER WILL sell by auction on WEDNESDAY, April 29, at 10½ o'clock, at the residence No. 42 East 10th-st., half block from Broadway.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

Full particulars hereafter.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.

HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER WILL sell by auction on THURSDAY, April 30, at 10½ o'clock, at the residence No. 224 Lexington-av., near 35th-st.:

ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

Full particulars hereafter.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.

HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER will sell by auction on WEDNESDAY, April 29, at 10½ o'clock, at the residence No. 107 East 35th-st.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

Full particulars hereafter.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.

HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER WILL sell by auction on WEDNESDAY, April 29, at 10½ o'clock, at the residence No. 212 West 40th-st., between 7th and 8th avs.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

Full particulars hereafter.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.

HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER WILL sell by auction on THURSDAY, April 30, at 10½ o'clock, at the residence No. 251 5th-av., corner 28th-st.:

SUPERB HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

Full particulars hereafter.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.

HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER WILL sell by auction on WEDNESDAY, April 29, at 11 o'clock, at one of the cottages known as the Messrs. Brown Bros.' cottage, New Brighton, not far from landing—

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

Full particulars hereafter.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.

HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER WILL sell by auction, on THURSDAY, April 30, at 10½ o'clock, at the residence No. 153 Greene-st.:

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

Full particulars hereafter.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.

HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER WILL sell by auction on MONDAY, April 27, at 10½ o'clock, at No. 356 West 32d-st.:

GENTEEL HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE—Consisting of velvet and Brussels carpets, carved rosewood suite in crimson figured brocatel, rosewood marble-top centre table, gilt frame French plate pier mirror, with pier base and cornices to match; rosewood seven octave piano, piano stool in plush, rosewood marble-top pier and side tables, oak extension dining table, oak cane seat chairs, mahogany and black walnut bedsteads, mahogany marble-top dressing bureaus, hair mattresses, feather bolsters and pillows, straw paillasses, mahogany marble-top washstands, black walnut marble-top dressing bureaus, oak lounges in green reps, Wilton stair carpets, oil cloths, stair rods, window shades, china, crockery and glassware, kitchen furniture, &c., with which the sale will commence.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.

HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER WILL sell by auction on MONDAY, April 27, at 10½ o'clock, at the residence No. 9 Great Jones-st.:

HANDSOME HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE—Consisting of velvet, Brussels and ingrain carpets, parlor suites, marble-top centre tables, pier mirrors, gilt cornices, window curtains and shades, mahogany and black walnut bureaus, bedsteads, washstands, commodes, &c., mattresses, pillows, bolsters, &c., extension table, dining chairs, stair carpets, rods, oilcloths, china, crockery, glassware, &c.; also, kitchen furniture.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.

HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER WILL sell by auction, on TUESDAY, April 28, at 10½ o'clock, at the residence, No. 15 East 17th-st., near Union-square,

GENTEEL HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE—Consisting of Brussels carpets, worsted, damask and lace curtains, upright rosewood etageres, parlor suite, rosewood covered in reps, rosewood piano-forte, oil-paintings, pier glasses, clocks and vases, bookcase, mahogany suite in hair-cloth, mahogany bedsteads, bureaus, chairs, window curtains, mantel ornaments, hall stand, oilcloths, china, glass and kitchen ware, &c., &c.

BENJ. F. THEALL, Auctioneer.

LARGE SALE HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, MIRRORS, CARPETS, &c.

DOUBLE HOUSE NO. 6 BOND-ST., NEAR BROADWAY.

BENJ. F. THEALL will sell by auction, on TUESDAY, 28th inst., at 10½ o'clock, at the above residence, all the fine rosewood, walnut and mahogany parlor and bedroom furniture, dining-room, large lot of crockery and glassware, mirrors, very large assortment of Brussels and ingrain carpets, all the kitchen utensils, &c. Catalogues now ready at No. 65 Liberty-st.

By M. DOUGHTY, Auctioneer.

ON MONDAY, APRIL 27, AT 10½, THE entire furniture contained in the residence No. 40 East 4th-st., viz.: Rosewood parlor furniture en suite, fine walnut and mahogany chamber suites, best curled hair mattresses, beds and bedding, carpets and oilcloths throughout, the house mirrors, kitchen furniture, &c.; the whole to be peremptorily sold. Descriptive catalogues at sale.

By HENRY D. MINER, Auctioneer—Salesroom, No. 37 Nassau-st., opposite the Post-office—Art Gallery, No. 845 Broadway.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE OF THE ESTATE OF GEORGE R. CHOLWELL, BANKRUPT.

HENRY D. MINER & BARKER will sell at auction, by order of assignee, the entire stock and fixtures of store No. 26 Maiden-lane. The fixtures will be sold on the premises on FRIDAY, May 1, at 10 o'clock, and the stock removed to our store, due notice of sale of which will be given.

AUCTION SALES.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

ELEGANT SUBURBAN RESIDENCE AND VILLA PLOTS AT AUCTION.

MESSRS. MULLER, WILKINS & CO.
WILL SELL AT AUCTION.

At 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, N. Y., ON TUESDAY, April 28, about 55 acres of land, together with the mansion, gardeners' cottage, greenhouse, farm-house, barn, bathing and boat house, and private dock thereon, situate on the

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD,

in the township of West Farms, Westchester County, about 1½ miles from Harlem Bridge, and about three miles from

CENTRAL PARK,

and bounded by the Hunt's Point Road and Leggett's Creek. The land being the most elevated on the East River, within several miles of New-York, has a commanding view of New-York City, East River and Long Island Sound. This property, formerly known as the

LEGGETT HOMESTEAD,

will be sold in VILLA PLOTS of from 1 to 3 acres, and has been so subdivided that each plot has a

COMMANDING VIEW.

To capitalists or persons of moderate means wishing safe investments, or [illegible]

SUBURBAN HOMESTEADS,

this property will be found most attractive, combining as it does all the conveniences of the city with the advantages of the country, affording fine BOATING, BATHING and FISHING; and is adjoining, or in the immediate vicinity of the property and elegant residences of Messrs. E. G. Faile, O. Bryan, Paul Spofford, Charles D. Dickey, F. Barretto, Col. Richard M. Hoe, Gilbert and Casanova. The distance from the City Hall to this property, by the

CENTRAL UNDERGROUND RAILROAD

will not exceed thirty minutes, and will be nearer Wall-st. in point of time than Brooklyn or Jersey City, without the dangers, detentions and inconveniences incident to ferry travel. It is accessible at all hours by horse and steam cars, steamboats, carriages and foot passengers.

Topographical maps ready at the office of the Auctioneers, No. 7 Pine-st. Two-thirds of the purchase money may remain on bond and mortgage for a term of years at SIX per cent. per annum.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

COTTAGES AT OYSTER BAY AT AUCTION.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction, on WEDNESDAY, April 29, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway:

Three new and beautiful cottages, (Swiss, French and Moresque styles,) together with about 56 acres of land, at Oyster Bay, Long Island, about 27 miles from City Hall, New-York. The cottages are built in the most substantial manner and fitted with every convenience conducive to comfort. The land will be sold in plots of from 2 to 5 acres, and so subdivided as to give each plot an eligible building site. As a Summer retreat Oyster Bay is one of the most delightful places in the vicinity of New-York, and to those fond of boating, bathing or fishing, particularly desirable. Maps at office of Auctioneers.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction on TUESDAY, April 28, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway:

EAST 26TH-ST.—The unexpired term being two years from May 1, 1868, of upper portion or dwelling part of house No. 100 East 26th-st., corner of 4th-av.; contains 22 rooms; annual rent $2,300—payable monthly in advance. Terms cash.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE OF 64 LOTS ON 109TH AND 110TH STS., 9TH AND 10TH AVS., OPPOSITE THE NEW MORNING SIDE PARK—by order of the Trustees of the Leake and Watts Orphan House.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction on THURSDAY, April 30, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom No. 111 Broadway, by order of the Trustees of the Leake and Watts Orphan House:

The entire block of land bounded by 109th and 110th sts., 9th and 10th avs. This property is diagonally opposite the New Morning Side Park, one block from the Central Park, and one and a half blocks from the new River Side Park and Grand Drive. These parks, together with the great improvements now in progress under the direction of, and contemplated by the Central Park Commissioners, all combine to render this property most attractive as an investment.

Maps may be had on application to the auctioneers, No. 7 Pine-st., New-York.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

THE VALUABLE PROPERTY KNOWN AS THE NATIONAL HALL AT AUCTION.—ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction on WEDNESDAY, April 29, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway;

4TH-AV.—The four lots of land, with the substantial three-story building thereon, known as NATIONAL HALL, situate on the southwest corner of 4th-av. and 129th-st. The building was erected in the most substantial manner; on the first floor there are five stores; on the second there is a large Hall elegantly painted and frescoed, 85x45 feet, with reception rooms; on the third floor are additional reception rooms and large gallery. The mirrors, chandeliers, seats, carpets, chairs and piano, (cost $500,) will be sold with the premises. The building will produce a net rental of about $9,000. Lots 100x99.11.

129TH-ST.—The first-class 2½-story frame house, filled in with brick, situate on the south side of 129th-st., commencing 100 feet west of 4th-av. The house is 22x55 feet, built in the most substantial manner, and has all the modern improvements and conveniences.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

VALUABLE PROPERTY ON BROOME-ST. AT AUCTION.—ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction on WEDNESDAY, April 29, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway:

BROOME-ST.—The two lots of land, with the two-story brick store and two-story frame dwelling thereon, situate on the north side of Broome-st., between Orchard and Ludlow sts., and known as Nos. 252 and 254. The store is sixty feet deep, and has been occupied for the past twenty-five years as a first-class grocery. Lot 38 feet 10¼ inches by 87 feet 6 inches.

Maps at office of auctioneers.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

BRICK STABLE ON 51ST-ST. AT AUCTION—ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction, on TUESDAY, April 28, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway:

51ST-ST.—The lot of land, with the brick stable thereon, situate on the south side of 51st-st., 100 feet west of 3d-av., and known as No. 166. The stable covers the lot. Lot 100 feet 5 inches.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.

ELEGANT FURNITURE.—GRAND PIANOFORTE, REAL BRONZES, AXMINSTER VELVET AND BRUSSELS CARPETS.

E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction on MONDAY, April 27, 1868, at 11 o'clock A. M., at the private residence No. 8 West 33d-st., near 5th-av., the furniture contained in said house, made to order by Roux, Marcotte & Co., Laun & Salle, Pottier & Stymus, consisting of elegant ebony and gilt parlor suite in satin damask, ebony and gilt arm and reception chairs, carved rosewood etageres, carved rosewood grand pianoforte, Chickering, maker, ormolu fancy stands, elegant bronze verde antique and marble clock and vases, bronze and ormolu chandeliers, crimson satin damask and lace curtains, handsome black walnut gilt cornices, carved black walnut library suite in silk reps, carved black walnut and gilt library table, black walnut bookcase, rosewood gothic and arm chairs, carved black walnut dining table, arm and side chairs, black walnut buffet, French plate pier and mantel mirrors, linen window-shades, carved black walnut bedsteads, dressing bureaus, rockers, lounges, commodes, mattresses, paillasses, bolsters and pillows; Axminster velvet and brussels carpets, oil cloths, handsome dinner set, glassware, together with kitchen furniture. Catalogues at No. 3 Pine-st.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.

ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, PIER AND MANTLE MIRRORS, SEVERS, CHINA VASES, &c., AT AUCTION.

E. H. LUDLOW & CO. WILL SELL BY AUCTION, on TUESDAY, April 28, 1868, at 11 o'clock A. M., at the private residence No. 176 5th-av., near 23d-st., the entire furniture contained in said house, consisting of elegant carved rosewood suite, one inlaid ormolu cabinet, carved rosewood etageres, one ebony and ormolu chair, yellow satin; two gilt chairs, sofa and centre tables, ormolu chandeliers and card tables, severs, china vases, pier and mantle mirrors; rich Algeria yellow silk and lace curtains, bronzes, black walnut hall chair and hat stand, one handsome library suite in crimson reps, two black walnut book cases and cabinet, black walnut escretoire, black walnut buffet, one black walnut dining room suite, black walnut bedsteads, armoire a glace, dressing table with glasses, bureaus, lounges and chairs, in green and brown reps, mattresses paillasses, bolsters, pillows, &c., aubusson, velvet and Brussels carpets, bronze gas fixtures, linen shades, together with an assortment of kitchen utensils, with which the sale will commence. Furniture can be seen to-day provious to the sale. Catalogues at No. 3 Pine-st.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.

VALUABLE WATER AND CHERRY-ST. PROPERTY AT AUCTION.—E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction on THURSDAY, April 30, 1868, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, (Trinity Building,) New-York:

WATER-ST.—The valuable four-story basement and sub-cellar brick store, No. 342 Water-st., north side, between James and Rosevelt sts, 24.9x63.10; lot, 24.9x66 feet.

WATER AND CHERRY STS.—The valuable four-story basement and sub-cellar brick building, No. 458 Water, through to No. 193 Cherry-st., near Peck-slip, and adjoining "Hecker's Mills," 25x120 feet, covering entire lot. Both leased until May 1, 1869.

Maps now ready at the Auctioneers' office, 3 Pine-st.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.

EXECUTOR'S SALE OF NO. 41 FORSYTH-ST.—E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction, on THURSDAY, April 30, 1868, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, (Trinity Building,) New-York, by order of F. G. Rogers, executor of James Rogers, deceased:

FORSYTH-ST.—The valuable lot, with the two-story and attic brick front and rear buildings, No. 41 Forsyth-st., between Canal and Hester sts. Leased for four years from May 1, 1868, at $1,300 and water tax. Lot, 25x100.

Maps, &c., at auctioneers' office, No. 3 Pine-st., N. Y.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.

EXECUTORS' SALE OF AN UNDIVIDED HALF PART OF ABOUT TWENTY-NINE ACRES AT SOUTH ASTORIA AT AUCTION.

E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction, on THURSDAY, April 30, 1868, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, by order of the Executors of Charles Welsch, deceased:

SOUTH ASTORIA.—About 14½ acres, with streets included, situated about 1½ miles from either 34th-st. or Astoria Ferries, lying in different plots from one-half to one and a half acres; said land is well situated and is good ground with the exception of about four acres salt meadow. The whole will be sold in one parcel for cash, ten per cent. on day of sale, balance in ten days, when deeds will be delivered.

Maps at the office of the Auctioneers, No. 3 Pine-st.

HENRY D. MINER, Auctioneer.—Salesroom, No. 37 Nassau-st., opposite the Post-office; Art Gallery, No. 845 Broadway.

H. D. MINER & BARKER WILL REMOVE MAY 1 TO THEIR NEW AND SPACIOUS SALESROOM, NO. 8 CORTLANDT-ST., FOUR DOORS WEST OF BROADWAY, WHERE THEY WILL HOLD REGULAR WEEKLY SALES OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, FOR THE CONVENIENCE OF THOSE DESIRING TO REMOVE THEIR CHATTELS; AND WILL ALSO GIVE THEIR PERSONAL ATTENTION TO SALES OF FURNITURE AT THE RESIDENCE OF PARTIES DECLINING HOUSEKEEPING. CONSIGNMENTS OF GENERAL MERCHANDISE SOLICITED AND LIBERAL ADVANCES MADE.

By HENRY D. MINER, Auctioneer—Salesroom No. 37 Nassau-st., opposite the Post-office; Art Gallery No. 845 Broadway.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of GEORGE R. CHOLWELL, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—Assignee's Sale.—Notice is hereby given that on the 1st day of May next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., by order of the Court, the assignee will sell at auction, on the premises, No. 26 Maiden-lane, the fixtures of said store, being part of the assets of the above-named bankrupt, the stock of goods consisting of pocket-books, writing desks, card-cases, work-boxes, bankers' cases and fancy articles, will be sold at the auction rooms of H. D. MINER & BARKER, on the 12th day of May, of which due notice will be given.

Dated at New-York, the 20th day of April, 1868.

G. A. C. VAN BEUREN, Assignee.
MINER & BARKER, Auctioneers, No. 37 Nassau-st.

By HENRY D. MINER, Auctioneer—Salesroom No. 37 Nassau-st., opposite the Post-office—Art Gallery No. 845 Broadway.

WILDER'S PATENT FIRE AND BURGLAR-PROOF SAFES.—H. D. MINER & BARKER will sell at auction TUESDAY, April 28, at 11 o'clock, at store No. 8 Cortlandt-st., to save expense of moving, the entire stock of the celebrated Wilder Patent Salamander Fire and Burglar-proof Safes, comprising a fine assortment of all sizes. These safes are warranted the best fire-proof safes in the world, and all warranted perfectly free from dampness.

AUCTION SALES.

JAMES CAGNEY, Auctioneer—Office No 515 Washington-st., above Spring.

VERY SUPERB HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,

MADE BY THE CELEBRATED IDEN & HUTCHINGS,
AT NO. 54 WEST HOUSTON-ST., BETWEEN GREENE AND WOOSTER.
THIS DAY (MONDAY) AT 10½ O'CLOCK.

This house cost $15,000 to furnish the furniture, the very best and in perfect order, will be sold without regard to cost and without reserve or limit. Consists of three elegant parlor suites, splendid pier and mantel mirrors, oil paintings, elegant rosewood 7¼-octave piano, cost $650, velvet and Brussels carpets, fine rosewood and walnut bedroom suites, very best bedding, &c. See Herald.

J. BOGART, Auctioneer.

WILL SELL AT PRIVATE RESIDENCE. THIS DAY, April 27, at 10½ o'clock, at No. 114 2d-av., corner 7th-st., elegant household furniture, royal Wilton carpets, tapestry, Brussels carpets; pier and mantel mirrors, richly figured satin damask curtains, superior lace curtains, &c. PARLORS—Rosewood parlor suites in satin, damask, silk, brocatel and reps; large French plate pier and mantel mirrors, rosewood centre-tables, etageres, mantel ornaments, Wilton carpets, oil-paintings. BEDROOMS—Rosewood, black walnut and mahogany bedsteads; marble-top bureaus, washstands, hair and spring mattresses, pillows and bolsters, wardrobes. LIBRARY—Rosewood and black walnut bookcases, black walnut library table, lounge, chairs, a quantity of books, secretary bookcase. DINING-ROOM—Mahogany extension dining-tables, mahogany chairs, silver-plated ware, china and crockery, window-shades, gas chandeliers, rosewood piano. First-class sale; catalogue ready.

WM. TOPPING & CO. Auctioneers.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE IN BANKRUPTCY.—WILLIAM TOPPING & CO., Auctioneers, No. 132 Church-st., will sell at their auction rooms on FRIDAY, May 8, the stock of dry goods belonging to the estate of J. Blumenthal, now in bankruptcy, by order of B. GOLDSMITH, Assignee.

FRANCIS FITZSIMMONS, Auctioneer—Office No. 706 3d-av

WILL SELL, ON MONDAY, 27TH INST., at 10½ o'clock, at the private residence No. 14 East 54th-st., near 5th-av., an elegant assortment of substantial household furniture, a very fine 7-octave rosewood piano-forte, &c. Sale positive.

BANKRUPT NOTICES.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON the 18th day of April, A. D. 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of GUSTAV ZERWECK, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 57 Broadway, in the City of New-York, before Isaiah T. Williams, Register, on the 9th day of May, A. D. 1868, at 1 o'clock P. M.

R. MURRAY, U. S. Marshal,
as Messenger Southern District of New-York.
APRIL 25, 1868.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON THE 13th day of April, A. D. 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of SIMON SCHWAB, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 161 Broadway, in the City of New-York, before Mr. Henry Wilder Allen, Register, on the 18th day of May, A. D. 1868, at 11 o'clock A. M.

R. MURRAY, U. S. Marshal,
as Messenger Southern District of New-York.
APRIL 25, 1868.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON the 13th day of April, A. D. 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of BENJAMIN J. SCHOONMAKER, of New-York City, in the County of New-York, and State of New-York, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 57 Broadway, in the City of New-York, before Isaiah T. Williams, Register, on the 6th day of May, A. D., 1868, at 2 o'clock P. M.

R. MURRAY, U. S. Marshal,
as Messenger Southern District of New-York.
APRIL 25, 1868.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON the 10th day of March, A. D. 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of OLIVER H. KEEP, of New-York City, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition: that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 39 Pine-st., New-York City, before John Fitch, Register, on the 8th day of May, A. D. 1868, at 12 o'clock M.

R. MURRAY, U. S. Marshal,
as Messenger Southern District of New-York.
APRIL 25, 1868.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of ISAAC LEWINE, bankrupt.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said Court, by Isaac Lewine, in said district, duly declared a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts, and other claims provable under said act, and that the 13th day of May, 1868, at 11 o'clock A. M., at the office of Henry Wilder Allen, Register in Bankruptcy, No. 161 Broadway in the City of New-York, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest may attend, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.

Dated New-York, on the 16th day of April, 1868.

ap20-law3wM* GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of JULIUS PRAGER, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—Before Hon. Henry Wilder Allen, Register.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Julius Prager, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York, and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said district.

Dated at New-York, the 10th day of April, A. D. 1868.

JOHN SEDGWICK, Assignee,
ap13-law3wM* No. 137 Broadway, New-York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of HERMAN HARRIS, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—Before Henry Wilder Allen, Register.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Herman Harris, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York, and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.—Dated at New-York the 11th day of April, A. D. 1868.

JOHN SEDGWICK, Assignee,
ap13-law3wM* No. 137 Broadway, New-York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of PIERRE C. KANE, a bankrupt.—Before Isaac Dayton, Esq., Register.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of the estate of Pierre C. Kane, of the City and County of New York, in said district, and who was, on the 25th day of February, A. D. 1868, adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition by the District Court of said district.—Dated at the city of New York the 25th day of March, A. D., 1868.

NELSON TAYLOR, Assignee,
ap13-law3wM* No. 16 Wall-st., New-York City.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of MANDLEBERT CANFIELD, bankrupt.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of the estate of Mandlebert Canfield, of New-York, in the County of New-York, and State of New-York, in said district, and who has been adjudged bankrupt upon petition of himself by the District Court of said district.—Dated at New-York City, the 17th day of April, A. D. 1868.

JNO. SEDGWICK, Assignee,
No. 137 Broadway, New-York City.
THORNDIKE SAUNDERS, Attorney, No. 25 Chambers-st.
ap20-law3wM*

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of ALEXANDER F. NEWMAN, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—Before John Fitch. To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Alexander F. Newman, of New-York City, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said district.

Dated at New-York, the 3d day of April, A. D. 1868.

I. M. ANDRUSS,
ap20-law3wM No. 39 Pine-st., New-York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of JOHN SHARP, a bankrupt.—Before John Fitch, Register.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of John Sharp, of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, within the said district, who has been adjudged bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.—Dated at New-York the 10th day of April, A. D. 1868.

ap20-law3wM* WILLIAM B. WHITE, Assignee.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of RICHARD B. CARY, a bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of the estate of Richard B. Cary, of Fishkill, County of Dutchess, and State of New-York, in said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said district.—Dated Poughkeepsie, N. Y., April 10, 1868.

WM. R. WOODIN,
ap13-law3wM* Assignee.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In bankruptcy.—In the matter of WILLIAM SAMUELS, bankrupt.—The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of the estate of William Samuels, of New-York City, in the County and State of New-York, in said district, who has been adjudged bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.

Dated at New-York City, April 13, 1868.

THOS. R. DUNCAN, Assignee,
ap13-law3wM* No. 134 Church-st., New-York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of ALFRED NEAFIE, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—Before Mr. Theodore B. Gates, Register of said Court in bankruptcy.—Southern District of New-York, ss.: At the village of Ellenville, in the County of Ulster and State of New-York, the 13th day of April, 1868.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of the estate of Alfred Neafie, of the village of Ellenville, in the County of Ulster, in said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition by the District Court of said district.

ap27-law3wM A. S. WELLER, Assignee.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of MARCUS S. WIEDER, bankrupt.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Marcus S. Wieder, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.

Dated at New-York the 31st day of March, A. D. 1868.

ap27-law3wM* JNO. SEDGWICK, Assignee.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ISRAEL OPPENHEIMER, a bankrupt.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of the estate of Israel Oppenheimer, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York, in said district, who was, to wit, on the 13th day of January, A. D. 1868, adjudged a bankrupt upon the petition of himself, by the District Court of said district.

Dated at New-York, the 20th day of April, A. D. 1868.

JOHN SEDGWICK, Assignee,
ap27-law3wM* No. 137 Broadway, New-York City.

BANKRUPT NOTICES.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON the 23d day of April, A. D. 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of CHARLES N. KINNEY, of Assining, in the County of Westchester and State of New-York, doing business in the City of New-York, formerly a member of the firm of Charles N. Kinney & Co., who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 7 Beekman-st., corner of Nassau-st., Rooms Nos. 3 and 4, New-York City, before James F. Dwight, Register, on the 26th day of May, A. D. 1868, at 12 o'clock M.

R. MURRAY, U. S. Marshal,
as Messenger Southern District of New-York.
APRIL 27, 1868.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON the 16th day of March, A. D. 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of AUSTIN SHERMAN, of New-York City, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 39 Pine-st., New-York City, before John Fitch, Register, on the 8th day of May, A. D. 1868, at 12 o'clock M.

R. MURRAY, U. S. Marshal,
as Messenger Southern District of New-York.
APRIL 27, 1868.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON the 23d day of April, A. D. 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of JOHN J. M. RAMSEY, GEORGE H. RAMSEY, JOHN L. COLES, DAVID H. COLES, JOSEPH DWIGHT TREADWAY and THEODORE G. ASCOUGH copartners in the firm name of Ramsey, Coles & Co., in the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, and the estate of each of them, who have been adjudged bankrupts on their own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupts, to them, or either of them, or for their use, or the use of either of them, and the transfer of any property by them or either of them, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupts, and of each of them, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of their estate, or the estate of either of them, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 7 Beekman-st., corner Nassau-st., Rooms Nos. 3 and 4, in the City of New-York, before James F. Dwight, Register, on the 13th day of May, A. D. 1868, at 1 o'clock P. M.

R. MURRAY, U. S. Marshal,
as Messenger Southern District of New-York.
APRIL 27, 1868.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON THE 13th day of April, A. D. 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of CHARLES M. SIMPSON, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York, and State of New-York, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 161 Broadway, in the City of New-York, before Mr. Henry Wilder Allen, Register, on the 19th day of May, A. D. 1868, at 11 o'clock A. M.

R. MURRAY, U. S. Marshal,
as Messenger Southern District of New-York.
APRIL 27, 1868.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON THE 23d day of April, A. D. 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of RALPH BENJAMIN, of Stamford, in the County of Fairfield and State of Connecticut, doing business in the City of New-York, formerly a member of the firm of Leonard & Benjamin, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts, and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 7 Beekman-st., corner Nassau-st., Rooms Nos. 3 and 4, in the City of New-York, before James F. Dwight, Register, on the 28th day of May, A. D. 1868, at 12 o'clock M.

R. MURRAY, U. S. Marshal,
as Messenger Southern District of New-York.
APRIL 27, 1868.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON the 17th day of April, A. D. 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of REUBEN SMITH, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts, and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt to prove their debts and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 83 Nassau-st., in the City of New-York, before Edgar Ketchum, Register, on the 9th day of May, A. D. 1868, at 1 o'clock P. M.

R. MURRAY, U. S. Marshal,
as Messenger Southern District of New-York.
APRIL 27, 1868.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of AARON VAN VALKENBURGH, bankrupt.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said Court, by Aaron Van Valkenburgh, in said district, duly declared a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts and other claims provable under said act, and that the 12th day of May, A. D. 1868, at 11 o'clock A. M., at the office of Henry Wilder Allen, Register in Bankruptcy, No. 161 Broadway, in the City of New-York, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest may attend, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.

Dated New-York, on the 18th day of April, 1868.

ap20-law3wM* GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of THEODORE DE WITT, bankrupt.—Before Isaiah T. Williams, Register.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Theodore De Witt, of Yonkers, County of Westchester and State of New-York, carrying on business in the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.

Dated at New-York, the 6th day of April, A. D. 1868.

JOHN SEDGWICK, Assignee,
No. 137 Broadway, New-York City.
THORNDIKE SAUNDERS, Attorney,
ap13-law3wM* No. 25 Chambers-st.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON the 16th day of March, A. D. 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of VIRGIL PRICE, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York, and State of New-York, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition: that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 39 Pine-st., New-York City, before John Fitch, Register, on the 8th day of May, A. D. 1868, at 12 o'clock M.

R. MURRAY, U. S. Marshal,
as Messenger Southern District of New-York.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON THE 23d day of April, A. D. 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of ALBERT W. ROOD, of New-York City, in the County of New-York, and State of New-York, formerly a member of the firm of Rood & Davol, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 7 Beekman-st., corner Nassau-st., Rooms Nos. 3 and 4, in the City of New-York, before James F. Dwight, Register, on the 12th day of May, A. D. 1868, at 2 o'clock P. M.

R. MURRAY, U. S. Marshal,
as Messenger Southern District of New-York.
APRIL 27, 1868.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON THE 11th day of April, A. D. 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of WILLIAM H. RUSSELL, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 57 Broadway, in the City of New-York, before Isaiah T. Williams, Register, on the 13th day of May, A. D. 1868, at 12 o'clock M.

R. MURRAY, U. S. Marshal,
as Messenger Southern District of New-York.
APRIL 27, 1868.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON THE 24th day of April, A. D. 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of PHILIP HUSSBAUM, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York, and State of New-York, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be Nassau-st., in the City of New-York, before Edgar Ketchum, Register, on the 12th day of May, 1868, at 12 held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 83 o'clock M.

R. MURRAY, U. S. Marshal,
as Messenger Southern District of New-York.
APRIL 27, 1868.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of LEOPOLD BUXBAUM, AARON BUXBAUM and SELIGMAN OPPENHEIMER, bankrupts.—In Bankruptcy.—Notice is hereby given that a general meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupts will be held at No. 161 Broadway, in the City of New-York, in said district, on the 8th day of May, 1868, at 2 o'clock P. M., at the office of Henry Wilder Allen, Esq., one of the Registers in Bankruptcy in said district, for the purpose named in the twenty-seventh section of the act of Congress entitled "An Act to Establish a Uniform System of Bankruptcy Throughout the United States," approved March 2, 1867. Dated New-York, April 24, 1868.

WILLIAM A. KOBBE,
Assignee of said Bankrupts.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of ALVAN B. PRESTON, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—Before Mr. Theodore B. Gates, Register of said Court, in bankruptcy.—Southern District of New-York, ss.: At the village of Ellenville, in the County of Ulster, and State of New-York, the 13th day of April, 1868.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of the estate of Alvan B. Preston, of the village of Ellenville, in the County of Ulster, in said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt, upon his own petition, by the District Court of said district.

ap27-law3wM A. S. WELLER, Assignee.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of AMOS PRENTISS, bankrupt, —In Bankruptcy.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Amos Prentiss, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York, and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.

Dated at New-York, the 22d day of April, A. D. 1868.

JOHN SEDGWICK, Assignee,
ap27-law3wM* No. 137 Broadway, New-York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of NEWMAN LEOPOLD, bankrupt.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Newman Leopold, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.—Dated at New-York the 20th day of April, A. D. 1868.

JOHN SEDGWICK, Assignee,
ap20-law3wM* No. 137 Broadway, New-York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of CAROLINE MARKS, bankrupt.—The undersigned hereby give notice that they will sell at public auction, through Messrs. Kobbe, Corlies & Co., at their auction rooms, Nos. 87 and 89 Leonard-st., on FRIDAY, May 8, at 10 o'clock A. M., the claims and accounts due to the above estate.

I. W. CORLIES,
M. H. GOOD, Assignees.

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, MONDAY, APRIL 27, 1868.

Amusements this Evening.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
14th-st. and Irving-place.
DEBORAH. Leading character by Mlle. Janauschek.

WALLACK'S THEATRE.
Broadway, corner 13th-st.
THE RENT DAY and ICI ON PARLE FRANCAIS. Characters by Messrs. J. W. Wallack, J. H. Stoddart, J. C. Williamson, Charles Fisher, Mrs. Jennings, Mrs. Sefton, Miss Mary Scott, and others.

FRENCH THEATRE.
14th-st., near 6th-av.
LA BELLE HELENE. Characters by Mlle. Tostee, Messrs. Guffroy, Duchesne, Mlle. Marguerite and Mlle. Mathilde.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.
Broadway, between Prince and Houston sts.
THE WHITE FAWN.

OLYMPIC THEATRE.
Broadway, between Houston and Bleecker sts.
HUMPTY DUMPTY. Characters by Mr. Geo. L. Fox, Mr. F. Lacy, Mr. C. K. Fox, Mlle. Emilie Rigl, Mlle. Schell, Miss M. Blake, Miss Lillie Whiting, and others.

NEW-YORK THEATRE.
Broadway, near 8th-st.
PARIS AND HELEN; OR, THE GRECIAN ELOPEMENT.

BROADWAY THEATRE.
Broadway, near Broome-st.
RORY O'MORE and CONNECTICUT COURTSHIP. Characters by Mr. and Mrs. Barney Williams, &c.

BOWERY THEATRE.
Bowery, near Canal-st.
JACK SHEPPERD.

EUROPEAN CIRCUS,
Broadway and 34th-st.
AFTERNOON and EVENING—EXHIBITIONS OF EQUESTRIANISM, &c.

SAN FRANCISCO MINSTRELS.
No. 585 Broadway.
HUMORISTS AND VOCALISTS.

STEINWAY HALL.
Nos. 71 and 73 East 14th-st.
READINGS FROM SHAKESPEARE. By Mrs. KEMBLE: "Richard III."

NATIONAL ACADEMY OF DESIGN,
Corner 23d-st. and 4th-av.
EXHIBITION of PICTURES and SCULPTURES.

ART GALLERY.
No. 845 Broadway.
THE GREAT NATIONAL PAINTING OF THE "NEW REPUBLIC." By Ferd. Pauwels.

FIFTH-AVENUE ART GALLERY.
5th-av., corner 14th-st.
EXHIBITION OF JEROME THOMPSON'S PAINTING, "THE OLD OAKEN BUCKET."

IRVING HALL.
Irving-place, corner 15th-st.
GRAND ORATORIO, "ENGEDI." Artists: Mme. Parepa-Rosa, Mr. Geo. Simpson, Mr. Geo. F. Bristow, Mr. J. P. Morgan, and Theo. Thomas' orchestra.

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We cannot return rejected communications, nor preserve manuscripts, unless specially requested so to do.

To Advertisers.

Advertisers in the Times are requested to bring in their notices at as early an hour in the day as possible. If received after 8½ o'clock, it will be impossible to classify them under their proper heads.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

EUROPE.

The Abyssinian expedition is well-nigh at an end. On Good Friday King Theodore's troops were routed before Magdala, and King Theodore himself was killed, and on the Monday following Magdala was taken, and the British captives were liberated.

The man who attempted to murder Prince Alfred was an Irishman and a Fenian, Farrell by name. The Prince, though severely wounded, is recovering, and is now *en route* for England.

Earl Kimberley has been appointed Governor of the Hudson Bay Company.

Mr Gladstone has published a card denying the correctness of all the personal charges made against him.

The loss of the bill relative to the Federal debt puts an end to all military preparation in Germany. The reduction of the Prussian army to a peace footing will be commenced on May 1.

The Brava Cabinet is now completed and will pursue a policy identical to that of the late Prime Minister Narvaez.

The examination of the alleged Clerkenwell conspirators was continued on Saturday. Testimony for the defence was taken, and the Attorney General summed up for the prosecution.

Stackelburg has been appointed to succeed Budberg as Russian Minister to Paris.

Many American naval officers are expected to be present at the opening of the International Marine Exhibition at Havre.

The Bremen steamship *Hermann*, from Bremen April 11 and Southampton April 14, arrived at this port yesterday.

THE IMPEACHMENT TRIAL.

The first business before the Court Saturday was the consideration of the order offered by Mr. Edmunds providing for an official report of the final proceedings in secret session. The subject was finally postponed until Monday. Mr. Sumner proposed that the Senate should proceed to vote on the impeachment articles at 12 o'clock of the day succeeding the final argument. Objection was made to considering the proposition and it went over. He also offered two additional rules relative to the manner of taking the vote on the articles, which also went over for future consideration. Mr. Groesbeck then addressed the Senate for the defence, and at the conclusion of his argument the Court adjourned.

GENERAL.

The *Central Christian Advocate*, the organ of the Methodist Episcopal Church, states that while in 1862 there were but 32 ministers and 2,141 members of that Church in Missouri, there are now about 200 ministers and 26,000 members, being an increase of about 4,000 a year.

The United States Grand Jury of Missouri has found bills against several members of the whisky ring. No names have yet been made public, but it is understood that several prominent citizens and one or two Government officials are involved.

An interesting trial for murder was concluded last week at the term of Court in Sussex County. Jesse Draper, a deaf and dumb negro, was charged with the murder of N. H. Dickerson, in November last. The facts were not denied, but a plea of self-defence and non-accountability, by reason of deficient mental capacity, was made. His own counsel could not make him understand, and he did not comprehend the proceedings during the trial. A verdict of not guilty was rendered.

Gen. Halleck has ordered two companies of troops against the hostile Indians who massacred the Pierson family, a few days ago, in Long Valley, Nevada. The entire white population of the neighborhood are in arms and in pursuit of the savages.

Late dates from Mexico have been received. Negrete, with about 500 men, was openly in arms against the Government. The war in Sinaloa was progressing. The revolutionists had 3,000 men, and the Government troops, under Gen. Corona, were 5,000 strong. Ortega's party was making strong exertions, and was allied with the Chiefs Negrete, Leon, Galvez, Vicario, Zertuche, and others.

The ceremony of decorating the graves of the Confederate dead, occurred at Cave Hill Cemetery, near Louisville, yesterday.

In Ottawa, Saturday, ten detectives swore to having overheard a conversation between Whalen and Doyle in the jail, in which Whalen admitted to Doyle that he shot D'Arcy McGee, and that he would either be hanged or go to the Penitentiary for life, for it. Further evidence adduced would indicate that Doyle was really an accomplice of Whalen. The House of Commons, on Saturday, passed a bill providing for the support of the widow and family of Mr. McGee.

In Portland, Me., on Thursday last, a young man named William P. D. Foss, while taking a small cartridge pistol from his pocket accidently discharged it, the ball taking effect in the abdomen of a Miss Henrietta Haskins, who was standing near. Death, twenty-four hours after, relieved her from intense agony.

The Fire Department of Bloomington "struck," the other day, and compelled the city to accede to their demands, which were an appropriation of $1,700 and a voice in the making of rules for the department.

About 2 o'clock on Saturday morning a fire was discovered in the Farmers' Hotel, Lockport, and the flames quickly communicated to the marble works of Snyder & Holley adjoining, on the west; to the grocery store of Mr. Finney, on the east, and to the brick residence of S. W. Locker, on the north. Snyder & Holley's loss is about $6,000; insured for $4,500. Mr. Locker's loss is about $2,500. Fully insured. The other losses are small, with light insurances.

A bill was introduced into the Ohio House of Representatives on Friday to take from the Governor and Adjutant-General the control of the State Arsenal and other military property, and transfer the same to the control of the Chairmen of the House and Senate Committees on Military Affairs. At the same time, and in the same House, was introduced a bill to repeal the act which prohibits the carrying of concealed weapons.

A desperate fight among firemen occurred in a bar-room in Brooklyn, E. D., late Saturday night, in the course of which Hugh McGoldrick, proprietor of the saloon, was dangerously stabbed.

Senator Yates has written a letter, addressed to the "People of the State of Illinois," acknowledging as substantial truth the criticisms passed upon him by the Press of the State. He claims that their statements are exaggerated, and apologizes for his bad conduct; and without reserve or defence he declines positively to resign, but promises to reform at once and do his duty hereafter free from the besetting sin which has dragged him down.

A large attendance of visiting Odd Fellows was gathered at Alexandria, Va., yesterday, when the 49th anniversary of the birth of Oddfellowship in the United States, was celebrated.

The death of Hon. William C. Rives, formerly a United States Minister to France, and Senator from Virginia, and that of Mrs. George D. Prentice, wife of the editor of the Louisville *Journal*, are announced.

The telegraph has reported the killing of a member of the Kuklux Klan by a negro in Mississippi. It seems that dressed in their masks and their ghostly habilaments, at about midnight, they demanded admission into one of the cabins. The colored man rose and inquired who they were. They replied "friends." He took occasion to peep at his "friends," and discovering their character seized a rifle and shot one dead. The rest ran away in a hurry, and have not been heard of since. The dead body was recognized and removed in the morning. All parties have evidently thought the less said the soonest mended.

Advices from Arkansas state that buffalo gnats are very destructive to stock. The Des Arc *Citizen* says fifty horses were killed in that vicinity last week.

O'Hara, the newly-elected Democratic Clerk of the Recorder's Court in Chicago, has been sued for damages to the amount of $10,000, for forcibly putting Simeon W. King, a lawyer, out of the court-room while he was objecting to the naturalization of newly-arrived Irishmen, before election day.

The Frankfort (Ky.) *Commonwealth* of April 17, contained no less than six proclamations by Gov. Stevenson, offering rewards for the arrest of assassins. The parties named are James Powell, who murdered James McCune; Newton Moody and Lafayette L. Gurill, who murdered W. M. Hamilton; W. H. Abbott, who murdered W. H. Wilson; James Thomas, who murdered Joseph E. Stevens; George W. Ingraam and Newton Ingram, who murdered Lewis Murphy; and Andrew Alfrey and Allen Alfrey, who murdered Isaac Hall.

During the prevalence of a violent storm on Wednesday night last, a family named Simpson, living near Ashland, Tenn., about twelve miles from Nashville, met with a sad calamity. The house occupied by the family stood at the bottom of a steep hill; and a tree on the top, being uprooted by the storm, came crashing down the precipice and through the house, the butt end foremost. The mother and daughter, who were in bed at the time, were knocked clear out of the house, both receiving fatal injuries. The father was also shockingly bruised and battered, while a little baby, who occupied the cradle, was landed in the fire-place, and escaped almost unhurt.

Mrs. Samantha Grier, charged with a murderous assault on Miss Comstock, a teacher in Chicago, has been held for trial on $15,000 bail. Miss Comstock and Mrs. Grier were both in court. Miss Comstock was attended by her mother and Mr. Moss, to whom she is engaged to be married. She was quite weak from the effect of her injuries, being unable to stand alone.

It is but justice to Dr. Hyde to say that he has been completely exonerated from any fault in the matter of the boy Furgerson at the Brooklyn Orphan Asylum. The case was greatly exaggerated, and is the more annoying from the fact that the delicacy of the case forbids public explanation in detail. Dr. Hyde enjoys the fullest confidence of our best physicians, several of whom testified that his course in the matter was precisely the one they themselves would have adopted.

A fairly active trade was reported in Cotton on Saturday, at an advance of ½c. ℘ lb., making the total rise last week, 1½c.@2c. ℘ lb. Breadstuffs were less freely sought after; Corn was a shade cheaper. A good inquiry prevailed for the leading kinds of Provisions, especially for Pork, which was decidedly dearer. Groceries were firm and in moderate request. The Freight market was very quiet, with 537 vessels of all classes in port.

The Public Acquiescence in Impeachment.

The Impeachment trial draws to a close. This week will probably see the end of it, and unless Senators themselves spend a good deal of time in debate, it is not unlikely that the verdict will be rendered and sentence pronounced within the week. What either will be, it is not worth while to anticipate;—but we see no reason to change the opinion we have already expressed that the President will be found guilty and removed from office.

Some of our neighbors seem to think it quite worth while to impeach and depose the President, for the sake of the splendid proof it will afford of the strength of our institutions. One of our weekly contemporaries, the *Spirit of the Times*, claims to have been among the first to demand impeachment, as it is now among the loudest to exult in it, as a proof to all the world that a people who can endure, without civil commotion, the assassination of one President, can endure with much greater tranquillity the expulsion of another. "The spectacle of the removal by the Senate of an unworthy President, with the tranquil concurrence of the people, will be more to monarchy than the march of a Republican army across the face of Europe." Why not, then, reënact this fine spectacle, for the terror and consternation of European monarchs, whenever it may seem to be for our interest to give them another wholesome shock?

It is certainly a gratifying fact that we can remove an unpopular and unworthy President, in case of necessity, without plunging the country into civil war. But could we do so to an "unworthy" President, if he did not happen to be "unpopular" also? Suppose Mr. Johnson had a strong, compact, powerful political party at his back,—holding the whole patronage of the country from his hands and eager to retain it, by upholding him from whom they had received it,—would impeachment and expulsion from office be so easy a matter? Would it be accepted with so much of equanimity, if it rested on no stronger ground than that on which Mr. Johnson is arraigned? Suppose Andrew Jackson were in the Executive chair, backed by the Democratic Party; would he submit to ignominious expulsion from office for having attempted to dismiss one of his Secretaries against the will of Congress?

What makes Mr. Johnson's impeachment and expulsion safe and tranquil, is the fact that he has no party to sustain him. He has absolutely no hold upon the people, or upon any party or any section of the country. He alienated the Republicans when he refused to accept their plan of reconstruction. He refused to seek or accept the alliance of the Democrats, or to give them control of his policy or his patronage. He alternately invited and repelled the favor of the Southern whites, and he stands now without the support or confidence of any section. No chief magistrate while in office ever stood more absolutely alone. He failed utterly to realize the fact that a public man in this country is absolutely nothing, except as he is the representative and agent of a party, and that a public officer, no matter how high his place or how great his official power, cannot look for support except from some one of the great political parties into which the country is always divided. Our Government is, in fact, a Government of parties. The party in power is absolute: the party out of power counts for nothing. Constitutions and laws are only the forms through which or under which power is exercised; it is the will of the party in possession of office which guides and sways the public action.

Mr. Johnson has attempted to control the action of parties, instead of being himself controlled by it. He has not yielded to advice, to counsel, to anything but the dictates of his own judgment or the promptings of his own will. He has sought to be in his own person, the Executive—to wield all the powers of that office solely according to his own convictions and inclinations—scorning advice, repelling concert and coöperation, and cutting himself off as a necessary consequence from all outside aid and support. If Mr. Johnson had not thus steadily gone forward to alienate, one after another, all the great political powers of the country, impeachment would have been impossible. If either of the great parties, or either of the great sections of the country, had stood by him or had an interest in sustaining him, impeachment would have been neither easy nor safe. The great body of the Democratic Party—comprising nearly one half of the Northern and Western States, and quite one-half of the whole people,—profess to regard Mr. Johnson's impeachment and removal as a high-handed assault on the integrity of the Government, and as threatening the overthrow of our institutions; yet they will not lift a finger to shield him from it. This is simply because he has no strength with the people; he has no hold either on their interests or their feelings. Even the few office-holders who still retain places at his hands, have learned his utter helplessness, and are busiest of the whole in making their prostrations before the rising sun.

All that monarchies will learn from this incident of our history is, that it is quite safe to eject a President who has made himself friendless and powerless. That a strong, popular, powerful Chief Magistrate could be impeached and deposed from office easily and without commotion—no matter what his offences might be—is by no means so clear. A republic can hurl down its rulers, when they become weak and powerless, just as Napoleon can, and for the same reason,—because they can't help themselves. But if Andrew Jackson, with the Democratic party at his back, and the army and navy ready to obey his orders, were in Andrew Johnson's place to-day, we should not see impeachment carried out so quietly and tranquilly as it will be now. Fortunately, in such a case, we should not need to see it carried out at all. The experiment is never likely to be tried except when it is safe.

Gov. Bullock and the Liquor Question

The message addressed by Gov. Bullock to the Massachusetts House of Representatives exemplifies qualities that enter largely into the composition of a judicious Executive. Unlike another Executive, he does not deem it his duty to make the assertion of his own convictions, the occasion for assailing the purposes by which others are actuated. He does not consider himself bound to convert difference of opinion into a cause of quarrel, or to insist that his judgment affords an infallible index to the popular will. He does not meet facts with predictions or legislative action with defiance. In these characteristics the Governor shows himself superior to the President.

And yet the former is not indifferent to his constitutional responsibility, or slow to present the matured result of his opinions. The new License bill, as he sees it, is open to serious objections. According to his understanding of the case, it is "destructive to the influences of the family and fireside, adverse to good morals, and repugnant to the religious sentiment of the community." He cannot bring himself to approve, with his signature, a bill fatal to the rigid restraint, which, as a Prohibitionist on principle, he believes to be desirable. Still he bends before the current of popular feeling as exhibited in the last State election. The verdict then rendered "was unmistakably in favor of a change of State policy in regard to the traffic in liquor," and he disclaims all desire to thwart the electoral will "as expressed through a general court elected on this specific issue." That is to say, Gov. Bullock, while adhering firmly to his own views, recognizes the right of the Legislature to carry out the views of its constituents, and allows the bill to become law without the anger and bitterness of a fruitless contest. He proves that it is possible to be honest yet not obstinate—frank and consistent, yet neither insulting nor aggressive. The lesson is not a new one, but it is one that has been strangely overlooked in these later days.

The legislation which elicits the message is equally suggestive, though in a somewhat different direction. It is the sign of a reaction which may possibly extend beyond the liquor question. Ultraism has other phases than prohibition. The spirit which undertakes to prevent the use of intoxicating drinks on the ground that they are "adverse to good morals," and which claims an authority to overthrow a universal usage, and interfere with a business of itself legitimate, on the ground that they are "repugnant to the religious sentiment of the community," is not confined to Massachusetts or even to State Legislatures. The liquor controversy has developed it here and there in New-York. This State has its prohibitionists. And this City has temperance reformers running so near the verge of prohibition that they denounce every man who would abate hostility to the present Excise law by mitigating its harshness. These persons may learn from Massachusetts the fate that usually overtakes persistence in extreme measures. "Good morals" and "religious sentiment" have there been made pretexts for a *surveillance*, a despotism, a desire to control the tastes, habits and convictions of others, which ultimately became intolerable. The people revolted against the extremists, and elected a Legislature that is now undoing their work. Prohibition has been superseded by license, the regulation of which rests with local bodies, deriving their character from the localities concerned.

Gov. Bullock says that the rebound is too great. But all rebounds are, in the very nature of things, in excess of the degree originally contemplated. Reforms that might be easily kept within moderate limits if begun at the proper time, grow into revolution under the provoking influence of continued oppression. We shall not be surprised, therefore, if the reaction against compulsory teetotalism, which has set in in Massachusetts, lead to a larger freedom than the opponents of the law now abrogated in the first instance desired. In view of this contingency and of the natural law in which it has its origin, the judicious friends of the New-York measure may usefully rebuke the disposition to scout and resist amendments required to obviate the opposition which will gain strength with each succeeding election. The removal of obnoxious features of the law may preserve features that are essential from destruction. The Senate has saved us this session from a revival of the old system, but the benefits conferred by a well-regulated system of licensing are too many and too vital to be staked upon a single branch of the Legislature. The best way of keeping alive the heart of the law is to purge it of the irritating and offensive elements by which its action is impaired. The experience of Massachusetts is too valuable to be lost.

Disraeli as a Theologian.

It was very amusing to see Mr. Disraeli's attempts to give his Ministry a theological, or rather a sectarian basis. When he made such a fierce assault upon Popery and Ritualism in Parliament a short time ago, and attempted to show that both of them were enemies of English liberty and the English Crown, he evidently thought he could rouse the Protestant feeling of John Bull, and save at once the Established Church and his own head. He speedily discovered, however, that he had made a failure as to the Anti-Popery cry. It frightened none of the Opposition leaders, had no effect in the country, and was universally ridiculed as a stale trick of a hard-up politician.

He has been no more fortunate with his Anti-Ritualism than with his Anti-Popery. He has already been compelled to write an exculpatory letter on the subject, and the way in which he attempts to wriggle out of his former position can only be appreciated by reading this curious production, which will be found among our English news. Though he has gone so far as to charge the "High Church Ritualists" with having "long been in secret league and with now being in open confederacy with Irish Romanists for the destruction of the union between Church and State," he now falls upon his knees and humbly says that it is a mistake to suppose that he intended to cast any slur upon the High Church Party. On the contrary, he has the highest respect for the High Church Party. Nay, he believes (Disraeli *believes!*) that there is no party to which England is more indebted for the maintenance of the orthodox faith, the rights of the Crown, and the liberties of the people. What he really referred to in his tirade was an "extreme faction in the Church," (which he shrewdly avoids designating by any name,) which "does not conceal its ambition" to destroy things, and which he "has reason to believe," &c., &c. These fatal machinations will of course be opposed by the utmost energies of "your faithful member and servant, B. Disraeli."

Mr. Disraeli has evidently made a mistake in this whole business. The Papists and the Ritualists may possibly entertain the dangerous designs which he charged them with; but unless he is prepared to stick to his accusations for a while, they only make him appear ridiculous.

The Southern Elections—Democrats and Negroes.

How the Southern elections have ended is still imperfectly known. But sufficient has been published to make it certain that in Georgia and elsewhere the opposition has derived aid from negro votes. Unless the reporters have systematically lied, we must conclude that in several localities, in all the States, freedmen have voted for what is called the Democratic ticket.

The circumstance is, perhaps, not surprising. As a race, the blacks are proverbially alive to kindly influences, and nothing is more natural than that planters who as slave-owners, and more recently as employers, have acted generously and considerately toward their laborers, should now be able in some measure to determine their political course. There is nothing surprising, therefore, in the alleged conjunction of votes. The only cause for wonder is that the more moderate planters have not at an earlier stage recognized the force of the old tie, and endeavored to conciliate and control the newly-enfranchised class, instead of denouncing their acquisition of the privilege and quarreling with the men who would direct its use. It has been evident, from the beginning, that planters whose record as such is humane and honorable, might, if they chose, acquire political influence over the freedmen. If they have not acquired it, we suppose that it is because they have resisted the march of events as blindly as they once resisted the force of the Union.

Will they continue their resistance? Supposing the statements to be true which point to occasional political alliances between Conservatives and freedmen, with what reason or propriety can the Conservatives in question persist in their opposition to negro suffrage? If they are not above seeking the help of negro votes, they cannot with any decency deny the right of negroes to the franchise, or their fitness to be trusted with it. Qualifications may be insisted on; but the safety of negro suffrage, under certain restrictions, they cannot well dispute.

The elections have made it clear that there is no necessary antagonism between the races, even at the ballot-box. Where antagonism does exist, we suspect that it derives much of its force from the failure of the whites to profit, as in Georgia, by the opportunities which intelligence and the ownership of property confer. At any rate, the dogma that this is only "a white man's Government" is now seen to be wholly untenable. The Georgia Democrats helped to extinguish it when they sought and accepted black votes against the new Constitution.

The British Success in Abyssinia.

The British triumph in Abyssinia appears to have been complete. On Good Friday Gen. Napier drove King Theodore from his intrenchments in front of Magdala, on the following Monday he stormed the town and fortress, the captives were released, and the British force, having accomplished its object, was expected to start immediately upon its return march. Theodore, as might have been expected from his character and antecedents, was killed while fighting at the head of his warriors in defence of his citadel. The "little war" which at one time threatened to swell to such dangerous proportions, has been brought to a close in a couple of engagements; all the objects for which it was entered upon have been attained; the *prestige* so invaluable to England in India has been maintained intact, and the British tax-payer is relieved from the nightmare visions of increased income tax which had disturbed his peace of mind.

The result fully justifies both the scale on which the expedition was organized and the cautious tactics of Gen. Napier. Had a smaller force been originally dispatched, or a less experienced chief than Gen. Napier employed, a single reverse, the coalition of the rival chieftains, pestilence, or bad weather, might have entailed serious disasters on the British arms. But while time and treasure had been spent in order to provide against every possible adverse contingency, Gen. Napier found himself at the last enabled to make a successful dash with the *élite* of his force, and now finds his return to the sea coast, before the rainy season sets in, as simple an affair as a march past the flag on a field day. He has unquestionably manifested military capacity of a very high order, and will doubtless reap his reward in the shape of honors and distinction from his Government. The experience of forty years' service and innate Scotch caution placed him at last in a position where a judicious and brilliant dash enabled him to achieve his object at the smallest possible cost of life.

The effect of this success on the English political situation will be far from inconsiderable. Although a previous Ministry had left the Abyssinian difficulty as a legacy to their successors, the present Cabinet had incurred the responsibility of dispatching the expedition and of selecting its commander. Now that things have turned out so well Mr. Disraeli can face Parliament and appeal to the tax-payers with no insignificant claims upon their forbearance and respect.

The Attempted Assassination of Prince Alfred of England.

It appears that the attempt to assassinate the Duke of Edinburgh, at Sydney, was the work of a Fenian named Farrell, who shot the Prince in the back. The ball, however, has been extracted and the Prince is reported to be convalescent, and on his way back to England.

It is satisfactory to know that the would-be assassin was captured on the spot, but we regret to learn that he is known to be connected with the Fenian organization. At the present moment, when the English people have decisively made up their minds to begin the good work of removing Irish grievances, and when the heir to the throne has been welcomed as a visitor by the Irish, the news of this dastardly and motiveless outrage must inspire every man, whatever his nationality, with peculiar horror. Fenianism, in its higher aspects, may be honorable, if Quixotic; but its reputation has of late been sullied by the commission of a series of foul crimes by men rightly or wrongly—in too many cases the former—supposed to be connected with the organization. It would, however, be both unfair and absurd to impute to the Fenians as a body any responsibility for the Clerkenwell massacre, or the D'Arcy McGee murder, even should it be proved that individual Fenians had been concerned in those crimes. But it is unquestionably unfortunate for the cause of Ireland that the name of a wide-spread popular organization should have to be coupled with the recital of so many and so black crimes. But we hope and believe that the English, even in the first flush of their indignation at the attempt on the life of their favorite Sailor-Prince, will retain too much good sense to be in any way influenced by it in their dealings with Ireland, with the Irish people, or even with Irish Fenians. We not only do not believe that any "organization" will be found to be implicated in the affair, but we doubt whether any other human being than the actual criminal was accessory to the attempt. There are degrees in both folly and crime, but the lowest depth of both seems to have been reached by Farrell, and for the credit of both Irish nature and human nature generally, we believe that the miserable wretch who has been foiled in his object and handed over to justice was the sole planner as well as the sole executant of the deed.

Wanton as was the disregard for human life involved in the Manchester rescue and the Clerkenwell explosion, there was an object in both—the release of prisoners who to ardent imaginations might appear as martyrs. Even in the case of D'Arcy McGee, the victim was in active political life, and, detestable and inexcusable as the crime was, there is a bare possibility that the assassin might have brought himself to believe, in some morbid state of mind, that he was furthering the interests of his countrymen by the removal of a political opponent. But Prince Alfred is simply a youthful member of the English royal family, precluded by his position from taking any part whatever in politics, and with no more responsibility on his shoulders for the English treatment of Ireland than any other subject of the British Crown. Looking simply at the crime without any regard to such considerations as the rank of the victim, it stands before us as a cowardly and cruel deed, the motives impelling to which can only have found place in the mind of a savage or a madman.

Senator Yates' Defence.

We publish a very singular letter of Senator Yates to the "People of Illinois," in reference to the charges of drunkenness against him, which have lately been connected with the imperative demand that he should resign the place which he has disgraced.

The Illinois Senator confesses the truth of the charges. He confesses the "weakness that has borne him down," owns that he has often yielded to temptation, and has as often suffered the pangs of unutterable remorse. At the same time he alleges that he would show that he has not been a constant drinker, that his yielding to stimulants has been periodical, that he has never appeared in the Senate except when sober, and that he has for most of the time performed his duty as a Senator. He apologizes without reserve for his conduct, craves pardon of the State he has offended, and promises immediate and entire reformation. He refuses, however, to resign before the expiration of his term, considering that such an act would be cowardly, disgraceful and suicidal.

We are sure that Senator Yate's letter will secure him a great deal of sympathy. It is evidently written under the deepest feelings, and its prayers for forgiveness, and for a condonement of his past offences, are too fervent and sincere to be refused. If his will and his self-control be as strong as his present resolution, he may serve out his term with honor to himself and credit to the State. We sincerely hope that he may.

The feeling in Illinois about his conduct has been very strong, the remonstrances against it very loud, and the calls for his resignation very imperative. His case has been taken up by the temperance societies and the churches as well as by the political Press. The Republican journals have been no less severe in their language than the Democratic, and the voice of the whole State has been such as to compel his heeding it. He will now have the encouragement of every good man to sustain him in the reformation which he promises.

MINOR TOPICS.

The extreme Republican papers throughout the country scout the idea of allowing the Senate to vote by *ballot* on impeachment. They declare that it is a subtle device to betray the country, and that the people have a right to know how every man votes. The ballot is denounced as a relic of the Star Chamber system. But why, then, are Senators allowed to deliberate on their verdict in secret? Why is the vote to be taken in secret? Why are nominations to office considered and voted on in secret session? Is all this a sham—intended to be betrayed and never supposed to bind anybody's action or conceal anybody's vote? It will be observed that the Senate, at the instance of Mr. Sumner, has taken up the question of the mode of voting at the close of the trial, and it will probably be acted upon to-day.

Nobody expects a single vote to be changed either way on impeachment by speeches on either side. Indeed, the time has gone by when votes could be changed on any question of ordinary legislation by speeches, in Congress or elsewhere. And yet the eagerness to make speeches seems to increase just in proportion as their uselessness becomes more evident. This is partly because public men become more and more fond of enlightening their constituents, and partly because they grow more and more enamored of their own eloquence.

It is not easy to see what the President expected to gain by the nomination of Gen. Schofield to be Secretary of War just at present. He can hardly have supposed that the Senate would suspend the process of impeachment to confirm any nomination he might make; yet without such a confirmation the nomination would be the most empty and aimless of all possible forms. Nor could such a proceeding fail to prejudice the President still further in the Senate's judgment. Gen. Schofield is a man of great natural ability and an accomplished soldier. We should suppose that under the circumstances of the case he would promptly and peremptorily decline to have his name used in such a connection.

It is not easy to see what motive or excuse the weekly *Nation* has for so sweeping a denunciation as it utters upon the daily Press. "One of the commonest modes," it says, in which "*most Editors* of the leading papers display personal or political dislike," is to "suppress or turn into burlesque speeches delivered at public meetings." This is wholly untrue. It has never been characteristic of more than one of all the daily journals of this City, and it was long ago abandoned even by that one. And the *Nation* is compelled to invent a specific accusation even to find seeming support for its calumny in a single instance. It states that the *World* omitted Mr. Curtis' speech at the Dickens dinner altogether, which is not true, and asserts further that the *Tribune* alone published a full report, which is equally unfounded. For a paper which pretends to be so hypercritical, and which is always so pretentious, the *Nation* is very greatly addicted to making false or careless statements. There are some other things which reflect discredit on American journalism, as well as the faults which most offend the taste and elicit the rebukes of that particular paper.

The Hartford *Courant* remarks that there is no pledge on the part of Congress to admit the Southern States, even if their new Constitutions have been adopted, until enough of the Legislatures have adopted the Constitutional Amendment to make it part of the fundamental law. Five more are needed, and no State will be admitted until the Legislatures of them all have taken action. The elections were held in the South, we think, under a different impression. We trust it will be definitely settled in due course of time whether the Southern States are to come in or not. If they are not, it ought not longer to be deemed a crime, on one side more than on the other, to keep them out.

We publish this morning a report of the Committee appointed by the Trustees of the "Juvenile Guardian Society" to inquire into the management and results of that institution. We have published at various times some severe strictures upon it, and up to the present time no satisfactory explanation has been made of the points which seemed to need it most. The statement now made is entitled to attention, whether it be deemed conclusive or not. The parties concerned assert the absolute good faith with which they have prosecuted the work of the institution from the beginning. The original name of the Society, as is claimed, was the "City Missionary Society," and it was not until it had been in operation fifteen years that the name was changed to that which it now bears. It gives various details of its receipts and expenditures, and submits to the public the question whether the Society shall be sustained in its efforts or not.

There seems to be a strong pressure upon President Johnson to make nominations to various vacant foreign posts as well as to others at home. Most of these applications come from parties already in office, but who do not regard their present tenure of office as likely to be very permanent after Mr. Wade's advent. It is not at all likely, however, that Mr. Johnson will make any nominations until the close of his trial. Such action would be decidedly too "cool" for the atmosphere in which he is now living. The nomination of a new Secretary of War, in place of Mr. Stanton "*to be* removed," will probably answer all the purposes of an experiment.

The London *Times*, which always does its best to interpret the average sentiment and coming purpose of the English people, pronounces some sentences which will be read as the *Mene, mene, tekel upharsin* of the Irish Church. It declares that the Church is an illusion. That it is a false limb, only held in its place by ligatures and bandages. That the Irish land-interest on one side, and the English Church interest on the other, are the two "dog-shores" that still keep it on its narrow and rotten basis. These metaphors are full of deadly meaning. The *Times* wields a two-edged weapon which damages the English Church as well as the Irish. Even now there is a sign of that beginning of the end. The *Imperial Review* reports that a large meeting of nonconformists, chiefly Welsh, was recently held in Liverpool, where it was resolved that the English Establishment was not at all wanted in "wild Wales." If that outwork of the Irish Church be broken down, let Mother Church look to her central citadel and beware of the metaphors of the London *Times*.

Very strong efforts are making in Washington to secure large grants of money and land to aid in the construction of new railroads through Texas, Northern Mexico and California. We hope Congress will give them no countenance. This is no time for such appropriations, however meritorious they may be. Our debt is too pressing, our taxes too onerous, every branch of industry is suffering too severely to justify any such expenditures of public money at present. All these schemes ought to be content to wait awhile, and Congress should see to it that they do.

Ex Gov. Brown, of Georgia, has incurred a great deal of very bitter hostility from the opponents of the Congressional policy of reconstruction in that State, by the zeal with which he has taken and sustained the other side. In a recent speech vindicating his conduct, he says he does so because he thinks "the conqueror has the right to dictate terms to the conquered, which the conquered are bound to accept." It may be inferred from this that Gov. Brown will sustain whatever policy Congress may see fit to adopt toward the South. Mr. Stevens himself could ask nothing more.

The lectures of Mr. Waterhouse Hawkins and his purpose of giving us a zoölogical and botanical institution, are good and praiseworthy things. The *éclat* and elegance of the project will be a great help of our social progress—a refined enjoyment for all those whose tastes can rise to the level of it. But what about the great mass and million of our people whose tastes are not up to that level? That zoölogy and botany will hardly "come home to their business and bosoms," we are afraid; and that main element and test of our real "civility" must be left to the care of the policemen and the controlling providence of our criminal courts as usual. Zoölogical Gardens are good. But we want something more. There are just 420 churches in New-York. They are good too. But what if we were also to have 420 comfortable public reading rooms for those hard-handed fellows who are not up to the level of the stamens and pistils? Are the churches enough? And will the Zoölogical Gardens be enough?

The competition between the rival lines of steamers to California is flooding San Francisco with more people than can find employment or the means of livelihood. Loud complaints are made in that city of the rapidly increasing surplus of population. Trade is dull, wages are low, provisions and all the necessaries of life are high, and those who take advantage of the low rates of passage to get out there, find themselves quite unable to get back. San Francisco has ceased to be a "new country" in the sense of needing fresh immigration.

AMUSEMENTS.

Musical.

CLASSICAL MUSIC.

The season moves quietly to its close. The excellent series of classical chamber concerts came to an end a few days since, and on Saturday the Philharmonic Society gave its fifth and last concert at the Academy of Music. Bad times have been experienced by both associations, but we are glad to know in no sufficient degree to impair their permanence. Messrs. Mason, Thomas, Mosenthal, Matzka and Bergner have worked long and faithfully in the cause of chamber music. On the occasion of their last concert they presented a programme of unusual excellence; a clear indication that the spirit which has so long actuated them in the good cause was in no respect abated. An Octette in E flat opus 20 by Mendelssohn was performed with excellent effect; also Mozart's quartette in D minor, and Beethoven's sonata for piano and violoncello opus 5—in which the composer's love for the latter instrument is so clearly indicated. The execution was of course excellent. In the sonata, Mr. S. B. Mills assisted Mr. Bergner, and, it is needless to add, with immense advantage to the public and the piano. The same gentleman performed Schumann's strikingly romantic and effective sonata in G minor, one of the two in opus twenty-two. The fresh suggestiveness of the ideas, the vigor of the treatment, and the perfection of the performance electrified the audience—always deliberate in its convictions, and not apt to throw up its cap too jubilantly. Mr. Mills received the extraordinary honor of being recalled thrice after the performance of the sonata. Long may such worthy artists, one and all, flourish in the land.

The Philharmonic Society has never distinguished itself more than during the present season. Thanks to the energy, intelligence and influence of Dr. Doremus, it has wrought radical changes to its own good. The orchestra numbers a hundred of the best players in the country, and the works selected have been the largest in the *repertoire*. In Mr. Bergmann it possesses a conductor of the first rank, and the new President commands the respect of the community, both musically and otherwise. The final programme was perhaps the weakest of the season. It suffered by contrast with the admirable one which preceded it, and indeed it could not be otherwise. The attendance, however, improved steadily to the end. We are glad to hear that the dividend divided by the Society is extremely satisfactory to its members.

OPERATIC.

It would really seem as if Opera houses were built to excite public derision. Every important city in the Union has its Academy of Music; but, so far as we know, there is not one that can boast of a company to play in it. We have got everything necessary for opera except singers and fiddlers and managers, and people with money who are willing to spend it. Particularly is this the case in New-York. We have a brand-new Academy of Music, which has never yet been filled, and we have a resplendent house in the Eighth-avenue called Pike's Opera House, which is never likely to be filled until times get better. Neither of these houses is now open for opera. If we would hear opera we must go to an ablishment that was *not* built for the purpose of presenting this form of entertainment, namely, the French Theatre. Here we have Mr. Bateman and his French company of singers revelling in opera-bouffe, and to all appearances doing extremely well in that pursuit. The Academy is silent and forgotten, save when a wild howl echoes through its deserted halls on the subject of its one hundred and ninety-nine and a half stockholders. The calculation is from the pen of a contemporary, whose dance of victory round the doomed building is really amusing. At Pike's Opera House there is a fair prospect for next season. Wallace's "Lurline"—a work which combines scenic effect with very charming music—is in the way of production. But scenery takes time to paint, and two or three hundred dresses cannot be made in a day. It will be the first of September before "Lurline" can be brought out in the way contemplated by Messrs. Pike and Harrison.

For the moment, then, Mr. Bateman has the field entirely to himself. It seems, indeed, as though he were likely to monopolize permanently much of the musical attraction of the City. The kind of opera which he gives is a novelty with our public, and it has taken. "La Belle Hélène" is played nightly to crowded audiences. It may be neither so good nor so popular as "La Grande Duchesse," but it certainly pleases. But here again we are nonplused, for the house having been rented to Mr. Grau, there will be an end of opera-bouffe after the present week. Mr. Bateman, whose enterprise has met with so prompt and liberal a response, is to be the recipient of a complimentary benefit on Saturday evening next. It is tendered to him by a large committee of gentlemen, who seek in this way to mark their esteem for a manager who has worked hard and successfully in the public behalf. The occasion will be unusually interesting. Portions of "La Grande Duchesse" and "La Belle Hélène" will be performed—sufficient in themselves to insure the success of the entertainment, and to introduce all the artists of Mr. Bateman's company. In addition to this, Mr. Bateman himself will perform; in English, of course, but in a piece wherein there will still be a flavor of French. The benefit takes place at the Academy of Music, and will bring Mr. Bateman's regular season to a close.

MISCELLANEOUS CONCERTS.

Of the giving of miscellaneous concerts, as of the making of books, there is no end. They are mostly of a personal and direct character, appealing to the *clientelle* of the giver. These performances are generally tame, but genial—the reciprocity between the player and the audience being perfect. We can refer only to such as were somewhat out of the beaten track. Mr. Jerome Hopkins' "Hours with the Piano," in aid of the Orpheon Free Choral School Fund, were carefully prepared illustrations of various schools of piano-forte music. The gentleman's energy and enthusiasm have placed him prominently before the public. We think, however, that he is heard to better advantage as a composer than as a pianist. In the matter of playing we have reached the highest point of the art. Mr. Hopkins will give his last recital, at Steinway Hall, on Wednesday afternoon, at 3 o'clock.

Signor Antonio Barili, a well-known teacher of singing, gave two concerts at the same establishment on Tuesday and Thursday last. The artists were distinguished amateurs, pupils of the Professor. The programme was peculiar, being made up entirely of pieces selected from Signor Barili's "Vocal Album for 1868." Of these compositions it is sufficient to say that they display a happy invention, an excellent knowledge of musical form, abundant melody and a flowing, taking rhythm. They are thoroughly Italian, and will, we doubt not, become popular.

Prof. Millet, another well-known and esteemed teacher, also gave a concert at Irving Hall on the same evening. The singers and players were again amateurs. Several of the pieces were from the well-informed pen of Mr. Millet.

On Wednesday evening Mr. J. W. Hill gave his annual concert, and was rewarded with an overflowing audience. The principal interest of the occasion was in the reappearance of Mme. Agatha States, of whose recent success at Pike's Opera House we have had occasion to speak. The lady has a wonderful voice, and with study can readily take a leading place in the ranks of lyric artists.

On Thursday next, Mr. Alfred H. Pease, an industrious and talented artist, will give his fifth annual concert at Steinway Hall. Mme. Parepa-Rosa, Mr. Carl Rosa, Mr. S. B. Mills, Mr. Pattison, Mr. Colby, and Mr. E. Lansing are the artists who take part on the occasion.

The great Musical Festival will commence on the 18th of May, at Steinway Hall, and last one week. It will, of course, be under the direction of Mr. L. F. Harrison.

Mendelssohn's eighth book of "Songs without Words" is finding its way to the concert rooms. Mr. Lang, of Boston, has been playing some of the numbers, and we notice that the papers give him the credit of introducing the work for the first time to the public. This is a mistake. Mr. Richard Hoffman, of this City, played a selection from this posthumous publication so long ago as Jan. 24, at the concert of the Mendelssohn Glee Club. The book, by the way, is published by Ditson.

NEW-YORK THEATRE.

The English version of "La Belle Hélène" will be played every evening during the present week, after which it will be withdrawn.

MENDELSSOHN UNION.

The last grand concert of the season takes place this evening, when a programme of unusual excellence will be presented. The works to be given are Beethoven's "Mount of Olives"—for the first time in many years—and Mendelssohn's "Forty-second Psalm." The artists for this grand occasion are Mme. Parepa-Rosa, Mr. George Simpson, &c., and Mr. Theo. Thomas' full orchestra. The occasion is worthy of the best patronage of the public.

Theatrical.

This evening Mlle. Janauschek is to appear as *Deborah* at the Academy of Music; the drama of "The Rent Day," and the farce of "Ici on Parle Francais" will be acted at Wallack's Theatre; at the Olympic the pantomime of "Humpty Dumpty" enters upon its eighth week; Mr. and Mrs. Barney Williams will appear in "Rory O'More" and "Yankee Courtship," at the Broadway Theatre; the three hundred and second performance of "The White Fawn" will take place at Niblo's Garden; "Paris and Helen" begins its third week at the New-York Theatre; a new version of "Jack Sheppard," in five acts and thirty-five scenes, is to be produced by Mr. Boniface at the Bowery Theatre, and at No. 954 Broadway the "Panorama of the War" will be exhibited for the twenty-fifth time.

Mrs. Kemble begins her final course of readings in New-York, until her return from the West, at Steinway Hall to-night. The tragedy of "Richard III." is the play to be read.

The "Cynocephalus," whose amusing performances at the Circus have been remarked upon, is dead. The creature died on Saturday, of inflammation caused by exposure.

Benefit to Mr. Bateman.

The following correspondence sufficiently explains itself:

NEW-YORK, April 20, 1868.

H. L. Bateman, Esq., Director of the French Opera Bouffe:

DEAR SIR: We learn from the announcement in the public journals that your season at the French Theatre is drawing to a close—a season which has given us the enjoyment of a novel and most refined amusement, and one which has justly been marked by the most unprecedented success.

For several years your energy and enterprise have furnished us with great novelties in amusements, and to you the American public are indebted for the first opportunity of enjoying the French Opera Bouffe, with all the accessories, artistic excellencies, and correct interpretations that mark the Parisian stage. In recognition of that enterprise and energy, and as a mark of our personal esteem, permit us to tender you a testimonial benefit, to take place at as early a day as may be agreeable to you.

Very truly, yours,
WILLIAM BUTLER DUNCAN,
LEONARD W. JEROME,
CLARENCE S. BROWN,
Major-Gen. DANIEL E. SICKLES,
and many others.

THEATRE FRANCAIS,
NEW-YORK, April 24, 1868.

To Messrs. William Butler Duncan, Leonard W. Jerome, Clarence S. Brown and others.

GENTLEMEN: Acknowledging the receipt of your letter of the 20th inst., permit me to thank you for the flattering sentiments of myself you express therein.

I cheerfully accept the testimonial benefit proposed, and would suggest that the evening of May 2 and the Academy of Music be selected as the time and place.

With the highest appreciation of your kindness, I am, gentlemen, yours, respectfully,
H. L. BATEMAN.

FOREIGN NEWS BY MAIL.

ARRIVAL OF THE BREMEN STEAMSHIP HERMANN.

The steamship *Hermann*, which left Bremen April 11 and Southampton April 14, arrived at this port yesterday, with two days' later advices than were at hand by the *Scotia*.

The *Court Journal* announces that the Queen and royal family will leave Windsor Castle on Saturday next for Osborne, and remain there about a month, previous to their departure for Balmoral.

The *Observer* says that Earl Russell has consented to preside at a public meeting which is to be held in London, in support of Mr. Gladstone's scheme for the disestablishment of the Irish Church.

The *Times'* Paris correspondent states that the article signed "Paulin Limayrac," in the *Constitutionnel*, and expressing the opinion that France had only been arming to reëstablish "a balance of forces in which lay the security of peace," is said to have come direct from the Emperor's Cabinet and to have been dictated by His Majesty.

The new Prussian *Gazette* declares that the extension to the South German States of the law upon freedom of changing domicile has been secured by treaties. These treaties contain a proviso that they shall in no way be affected by any changes of the law within the North German Confederation.

The Vienna *Official Gazette* says: "In order to remove every possible doubt, we have been authorized expressly to declare that the letter alleged by a French paper to have been addressed by the Pope to the Emperor of Austria is entirely apocryphal."

A telegram from Vienna announces that the negotiations for a commercial treaty between Austria and England have at length been brought to a successful conclusion, and that it is proposed that the treaty shall come into operation on the 1st of June next.

Advices received from the Mauritius, dated March 12, state that a hurricane had passed over that island, by which fourteen ships were driven ashore and the sugar crops damaged. The epidemic prevalent in the island had not disappeared.

AFFAIRS IN ENGLAND.

Parliamentary Topics—The Irish Church Controversy—Lord Palmerston and His Influence—British Politics and Politicians—Popular Religion—An English Scandal—The Prince of Wales' Irish Tour.

From Our Own Correspondent.

LONDON, Wednesday, April 11, 1868.

The first "combined" attempt to turn out the Disraeli Ministry has failed. It has taken the Liberal Party a full week to bring themselves to realise that their grand assault fell short of accomplishing its principal aim, but as the members of the Cabinet have quietly gone into the country instead of resigning, the most hopeful of Mr. Gladstone's followers are compelled to see that the victory practically remains with the losing side. All kinds of argument, and every variety of pressure, has been brought to bear on Mr. Disraeli to induce him to "clear out." The Liberal papers have been earnestly assuring him that there is really nothing left for him to do but to give up gracefully, and that by so acting he may greatly strengthen himself in the good opinion of the country. But they cannot persuade the old fox to cut off his tail. Mr. Disraeli laughs at the counsels and suggestions which pour in upon him, and holds fast to his office. Of what use, then, is virtue on the other side? We are told by Radical newspapers that it required one of the severest "whips" ever known to bring up the Liberals in a body at Mr. Gladstone's back. Some of them are already half repentant. And now are there to be no spoils to divide after all? The *Spectator*, after expressly announcing that the result of the division would certainly be the downfall of the Ministry, now puts a good face on the matter, and proves in its usual conclusive fashion that it will be much better for the Liberal Party—better for every one—to wait until next Easter before turning out Mr. Disraeli. That kind of reasoning has a great deal to recommend it. If you cannot get a thing to-day it is not a bad plan to wait for it until to-morrow.

PARTY PROSPECTS.

The Irish Church is doomed all the same, no matter which side holds office, and no doubt Mr. Disraeli is as well aware of the fact as any one in the country. It is really rather hard of the fates to give him a perfectly hopeless cause to fight for immediately after he had laid one troublesome spectre to rest. The Conservative Party cannot reasonably be expected to give up all their cherished prejudices at once, and their faith in endowments and in "Church and State" is too solid and too general to be treated lightly by their leader. Mr. Disraeli cannot save the Irish Church, although he may slightly delay its dissolution. He cannot abolish it, because his party would not consent to the measure. He will not resign, because he justly treats this contest as primarily one for power, and as for a majority being against him, why Lord Derby took office with a known minority, and everybody assented to the arrangement. There is nothing very astonishing, therefore, in the fact that the Liberal leaders can nearly always beat the Ministry on a division. One of the Liberal papers, speculating upon the probabilities of the future, anticipates that there may be "three hundred Radicals" in the House next year. The Conservatives, on the other hand, say: "We gave the country a great Reform bill, and we have a right to hope that the new constituencies will show their gratitude by giving us a majority." This expectation, being based upon the spontaneous action of gratitude, is not likely to bear much fruit. My conviction is that there will be a very large return of Radicals to the House next year, and that Mr. Disraeli's followers will be left weaker in numbers than ever. The age is against conservatism—at least on this side the Atlantic, and perhaps the case is not much different on your side.

PARTY WARFARE IN ENGLAND.

It is of no use denying that party warfare with us is now, at least, as unscrupulous and as full of deceit and treachery as it can possibly be in any other part of the world. Your readers, if they ever study English politics at all, must have studied them to very little purpose if they do not see that in this controversy about abolishing the Irish Church the leaders on neither side care one straw about *principle*. What they want is *place*. I must say that I used to think better of the politicians of my own country. I used to think that great professions were sometimes the mark of sincerity, and that a distinguished statesman would scorn to turn his back on his past life, and eat up every word he has ever said, and sully the opinions with which his name has been associated, merely to turn a rival out of office and seize the prize for himself. That, however, is what Mr. Disraeli did last year. I was reading in *Hansard* the other day, and came to a debate on Reform in which Mr. Disraeli said, that under a wide system of suffrage "there would be no charm of tradition, no statesmanship, no eloquence, no learning, no genius. Instead of these (he continued) you will have a horde of selfish and obscure mediocrities, incapable of anything but mischief, and that mischief devised and regulated by the ruling demagogue of the hour." Now he addressed these words as a solemn warning to the country on the 27th April, 1866, and one year later he brought in a Household Suffrage bill—a measure of the exact kind which he declared would be morally ruinous to the country. Well, then, let us look at the opposite side of the House. Mr. Gladstone we have always prided ourselves upon as a sternly conscientious Minister. If there is one cause with which his name has been identified more than another, from his first entrance into public life, it is the preservation of the link between Church and State. Only two years ago he quieted the fears of one of his constituents by assuring him that there was no probability of the dissolution of the Irish Church becoming a practical question during this generation. Now he is for striking it down at one blow. What are we to think of the consistency or high moral tone of English statesmen after all this? Perhaps some people never thought very much of it—I did, and I am sorry to part with my old delusions. It makes it no better to say that one side is as bad as the other. If all political life is degraded instead of only one section of it, so much the more cause is there to grieve over the irreparable change.

LORD PALMERSTON.

If any one searches carefully into the causes of this downward tendency he will trace them chiefly to the influence of one man—Lord Palmerston. There was no trick too dirty for this most flexible of leaders to practice in order to gain power, and he was supported out of doors by men of his own stamp, whom he won by invitations to Cambridge House. He believed in nothing himself, and he probably never had a sincere conviction in his life on a question which affected large masses of the people. He kept his influence in later years by appealing to the *bullying* element in Englishmen, and by trading upon the reputation which his admirers assiduously got up for him, of being the dread of all foreign Powers. Lord Russell, seeing how successful the method was, tried to bully *too*, only he chose all the weak powers he could lay hold of for the purpose, and cringed down meekly before the strong. To do Lord Palmerston justice, he never had *that* tendency—he was for fighting everybody, whether they were his own size or not. Mr. Gladstone was Lord Palmerston's colleague for some years, and the lesson of his life has not altogether been lost upon the author of the "tracts" in *Good Words*. No doubt the system is carried to its fullest development by Mr. Disraeli. I have always doubted, however, whether the motive for his actions is intentional or conscious want of principle. He looks upon human affairs with a sort of contempt for them, and a feeling of inability to control them. We constantly seem to hear him asking, "What does it matter how it all goes? This great multitude will be just as happy, and just as unhappy, whatever leaders they have, and whatever course those leaders followed. Let it go on its own way." Thus thinking, he sacrifices no convictions when he takes up a new position. His path is written in water. But is this the sort of quality which we mean when we boast of "statesmanship?" Have we any right to say that Mr. Gladstone is a public man of higher character than Mr. Thaddeus Stevens, or that Mr. Disraeli has more principle than President Johnson? On the contrary, the comparison, on the score of sincerity or consistency, would be clearly all against us.

SLANDER AND CALUMNY.

And then take that other phase of political warfare in its darker aspects—the poisoning of reputations. In a book published not long ago concerning America, there was a chapter on "Party Government," which did not give a favorable view of public life in the United States. Some critics, I have observed, asked, "Why did not the author say something about England?" Because he was not writing about England at that moment; but I think if he were to undertake a similar work in reference to English politics his comments would be equally free, and his conclusions equally disagreeable to people who were jealous of the fair fame of their country. Calumny and slander! Do we never hear them, then, in this realm of England? Why, what have all the "loungers about clubs," the tattlers of society, the "loafers" about town, been telling each other and everybody else who would listen to them all this week? That Mr. Disraeli was *drunk*—I will use the plain word—on the last night of the Irish debate, and that toward the end of his speech he could scarcely talk distinctly. That he was unusually excited, all agree—his friends say that he was suffering much from physical pain. "No," say the "Liberals"—why are the Liberals everywhere so often the illiberals?—"he was almost blind drunk." The other day a well-known go-between of the clubs met me in St. James'-street, and announced the momentous fact that he had seen that very morning some of "Dizzy's paper (*i. e.* bills) still flying about." "Why," said your innocent correspondent," "I thought he had got out of all pecuniary scrapes long ago—there was that legacy, you know, and £2,000 a year pension, and now £5,000 a year for serving as Prime Minister—altogether a pretty good income?" "Ah, yes, but I tell you I saw his bills at F——'s just now to the tune of £8,000." Of course I didn't believe my charming acquaintance, and he knew I didn't, and walked away perfectly satisfied. So much for the amenities of public life in England. Added to all defects which you in America may happen to share, we have the desperate snobbism of men who believe that because they draw some Government pay for doing nothing, or have paid for the right to wear the Queen's uniform, or had an aunt who was a cousin six times removed of a noble lord, therefore they are as the immortal gods before whom the inferior creatures of the earth must bow down and worship. Do we not buy and sell seats in Parliament to these and other glorified beings? I read in the *Saturday Review* (not apt to exaggerate such a matter,) "It is a very nice thing to be a member of Parliament. And there are only two ways, in these times, of becoming one. You must either buy your way in at a cost of so many pounds sterling per head, or you must make vows of devotion and subservience which, to the minds of some men, are more costly than any amount of money." If the writer of the book to which I have referred ever takes up the subject of "Party Government" in England, I hope he will have the frankness to tell us the truth about his own country.

POPULAR RELIGION.

There are some men, however, still among us who have the courage to break through all the prejudices of the class in which they were born and reared, and to go about among even the very poorest of God's creatures as if they were brethren in truth as well as in name. I never presume in this column to touch upon religious subjects, but an incident occurred lately which it would be almost a wrong to pass over unnoticed. There is in that part of England which is known as the "Black Country," a Bishop of the Episcopal Church who for many years labored in New-Zealand, and left that colony amid the tears of all who knew him, white or black. There was a church to be opened for the collier population the other day at a place called "Talk-o'-th'-hill." Before handing it over to those benighted creatures, the colliers, the respectabilities of the district resolved to have one day in it of special and exclusive devotional exercises. Their prayers might thus ascend to Heaven unpolluted by the breath of poor, ignorant working miners. To complete their plan they induced the Bishop to conduct the services, and arranged that admission to the church should be gained only by tickets. Those tickets of course were only distributed to persons whose piety was guaranteed by the elegance of their shawls, bonnets and coats. But the Bishop, having duly consecrated the church, and without saying a word to "the respectable congregation," suddenly walked down the aisle of the church to the porch, and preached bareheaded to the great mass of people who had assembled outside. "He reminded them of the great mining catastrophe of 1866, and of the dangerous character of their occupation; he urged that, as the soil was undermined by them, so was life undermined by sin and death, and pressed them to seek the only refuge in life eternal." This great crowd of colliers were profoundly affected by the earnestness and pathos of the appeal, and it is said that many were moved to tears. Should we hear much about the decline of the Church, of *any* Church, if all Bishops and all preachers were like Bishop Selwyn—if they indeed "preached the word," instead of amusing themselves with lighted candles, gaudy robes, and other "Ritualistic" trumpery?

AN ENGLISH SCANDAL.

To the English upper class Mr. W. Vernon Harcourt, otherwise "Historicus," is in every way a more satisfactory man than Bishop Selwyn. He understands their snobbism for the best of all reasons. Being made the arbitrator in the case of Lord Willoughby de Eresby *vs.* Mme. D'Alteyrac, he issues to the world with fearful grandeur and pomp the high and mighty document in which he sets forth his decree. The *object* of the arbitration was to withdraw a disgraceful scandal from the public eye—but Mr. W. Vernon Harcourt is too puffed up with a sense of his own importance to be silenced in this way. He, therefore, sent in his award to the *Times*, which, contrary to all custom or propriety, published it at length. The *Solicitors' Journal* points out that the paper and its contributor both committed an unpardonable offence—but what cares Mr. Harcourt for the judgment of the world? He is above the world. He is like Mr. Hepworth Dixon—so satisfied with himself that the universal condemnation of mankind could not disturb his equanimity for an instant. And, in its way, this is a gift not entirely without its uses.

HEPWORTH DIXON.

The great Mr. Dixon has not been silent this week. The *Athenæum*, in which he puffs his own books and abuses everybody else's, is of course the vehicle through which he addresses the world. He now informs the British public concerning the peculiar features of American cities. It will remind your readers of the best "graphic" writing in fourth-rate magazines. Baltimore, it seems, is apt to "clothe itself in steel," and may be remembered "by the color of its streets, by the dash of its people, by the heat of its pavement, *and by the frolic of its quays*"—the last sentence being so foolish that one wonders how even Mr. Dixon wrote it, only that it was obviously needed to complete an imaginary antithesis. Then, again, Baltimore is famous for "decorous excess in the ways of vice—for all the delights which are supposed to hang about wine, women and song," and so forth. Mr. Dixon's crapulous instincts have not yet been entirely repressed by the castigations he has recently received. The other American cities are touched off in the same lively manner. I hope Mr. Dixon's friends in America are proud of him.

THE PRINCE OF WALES' IRISH TOUR.

The Prince and Princess of Wales are going to Ireland, and everybody is expected to throw up his cap. Wonderful condescension, is it not? The *Times* is half out of its mind about it. Had a Duke gone to Ireland it would have been a great matter—but, lo! the Prince himself descends to visit the benighted population of Erin. Truly our lot is cast in a happy land, where even Princes are not too proud to visit their people once or twice in a lifetime. We are all taught to expect great events from the Prince's visit—it is to heal up all feuds between the two countries, reconcile Ireland to the Union, "squelch" the Fenians, &c. Let him believe it who likes!

RITUALISM.

High Church Ritualists and Irish Romanists—Letter from the British Premier.

The following letter, addressed by Mr. Disraeli to Rev. Arthur Baker, Rector of Addington, Bucks, a constituent of the right honorable gentleman, has been forwarded to the London *Times* for publication:

HUGHENDEN MANOR, Maundy-Thursday, 1868.

REVEREND SIR: I have just received your letter, in which, as one of my constituents, you justify your right to ask for some explanation of my alleged assertion that the High Church Ritualists had been long in secret combination and were now in open confederacy with Irish Romanists for the destruction of the union between Church and State.

I acknowledge your right of making this inquiry; and if I do not notice in detail the various suggestions in your letter, it is from no want of courtesy, but from the necessity of not needlessly involving myself in literary controversy.

You are under a misapprehension if you suppose that I intended to cast any slur upon the High Church party. I have the highest respect for the High Church party; I believe there is no body of men in this country to which we have been more indebted, from the days of Queen Anne to the days of Queen Victoria, for the maintenance of the orthodox faith, the rights of the Crown, and the liberties of the people.

In saying this I have no wish to intimate that the obligations of the country to the other great party in the Church are not equally significant. I have never looked upon the existence of parties in our Church as a calamity; I look upon them as a necessity, and a beneficent necessity. They are the natural and inevitable consequences of the mild and liberal principles of our ecclesiastical policy, and of the varying and opposite elements of the human mind and character.

When I spoke I referred to an extreme faction in the Church, of very modern date, that does not conceal its ambition to destroy the connexion between Church and State, and which I have reason to believe has been for some time in secret combination, and is now in open confederacy with the Irish Romanists for the purpose.

The Liberation Society, with its shallow and shortsighted fanaticism, is a mere instrument in the hands of the confederacy, and will probably be the first victim of the spiritual despotism the Liberation Society is now blindly working to establish.

As I hold that the dissolution of the union between Church and State will cause permanently a greater revolution in this country than foreign conquest, I shall use my utmost energies to defeat these fatal machinations.

Believe me, reverend Sir, your faithful member and servant,
B. DISRAELI.
Rev. ARTHUR BAKER, A. M., Rector of Addington.

ITALY.

Interesting Murder Trial—Tardy and Disproportionate Punishment of the Culprits.

Naples (April 7) Correspondent of the London Times.

After an interval of nearly three years between the commission of the crime and the verdict of the jury, a murder case of a most heinous character was finally tried last week. It is marked by three features,—the horrible character of the crime, the comparative leniency of the punishment, and the slow administration of justice. The case was tried, indeed, in 1866, the murder having been committed in 1865; the sentence was annulled by the Court of Cassation, and only last week was a final verdict of the jury pronounced before an extraordinay court. Whatever improvements, therefore, may have taken place in Southern Italy in the administration of justice there is great room for many more.

One of the prettiest villas in the charming neighborhood of Capodimonte, now inhabited by an English family, was in 1865 tenanted by Capt. Nicastro, his wife, and sister. Rev. Stefano Pirolo, spiritual director of the Military College of the Nunziatella, was an intimate friend of the family, and on the evening of the 20th of September, in the absence of the captain, went to visit the ladies. As night came on he took leave of them, and, in spite of the most diligent search, no traces of him were found for twelve days, when the body was found floating on the water of a cistern in the grounds. It was dressed as on the evening when the priest left the house, and his watch, purse and cigar-case were on it. Robbery was not, therefore, the motive of the crime. The orderly of the Captain, the porter, the gardener, and the guardian of the villa, who were arrested immediately, most stoutly denied all knowledge of the crime, but Rizzo, the gardener, afterward confessed that Sepe, the guardian, had offered him £2 out of £17 which had been promised him by a Signora Maniscalcone for the murder of the priest, who was dishonoring the family. Rizzo refused, and was threatened with being cut in pieces if he breathed a word of the affair, but on the night of the crime he was compelled to be present. The manner of committing it was thus: As soon as the priest appeared the orderly from behind threw a sheet over his head, and struck him to the ground. After having reduced him to an almost lifeless state, they put his hat and umbrella in the sheet, and shot him out of it into the reservoir, throwing in at the same time heavy stones to prevent the body from floating. This confession was afterward retracted by Rizzo, who alleged that it had been insinuated to him by the Marchese Elephante, now deceased, but it was confirmed by many witnesses on the trial, especially by an under-gardener, who said that on the night of the murder he was ordered by the three accomplices to watch at the gate, as they were going to take some grapes and figs, that while there he heard a heavy sound as of a body splashing in the water, and that on asking what it was they told him that they had thrown the priest in and would treat him in like manner if he were not silent. The jury found them guilty, and the Court pronounced the sentence of twenty years' hard labor for the orderly and the guardian, and seven years of seclusion for the gardener. Thus in a country where murder is a common occurrence—where not a week passes without the "*Sacco Nero*" of the journals being filled with cases of the kind of a more or less heinous character, three hired assassins, for they had no personal animosity against the priest, are, after a delay of nearly three years, let off with that which people of that class value above everything else—life. When punishment is so tardy and so disproportionate to the crime who can wonder at its increase in Naples? And that it does increase we have it on the highest judicial authority in this city, who, in his usual address to the court at the commencement of the year, declared that such was the fact. The tragic incident which I have related as illustrative of much that takes place in this country excited at the time a great sensation. Names of considerable social respectability were mixed up with it; it was a tale of intrigue, of jealousy, and vindictiveness, terminating in murder, which appealed powerfully to the imagination; but who, after the lapse of three years, thinks of or even remembers the tragedy enacted in the gardens of the Villa Ruffo on the night of the 2d of September, 1865?

THE SCHLESWIG QUESTION.

Relations of Denmark and Prussia—The Mediation of a Third Power Distasteful to the Prussian Government.

Berlin (April 11) Correspondence of the London Times.

As yet the Danish Cabinet have made no direct appeal to the Powers in its controversy with this Government. All they have done is to supply the leading Courts with copies of a dispatch, sent to their representative at Berlin about three weeks ago, declining the Prussian proposals. In reply to an inquiry from this Government they have also denied that Gen. Raasloff, the Minister of War, had any political object in going to Paris, as was ascribed to him by the Danish Press. From what I learn about the opinions prevalent in the upper spheres there is not much likelihood of this Government accepting the mediation of any third Power were it to be offered. The people are perhaps more temperately disposed than their rulers, but were France to interfere in behalf of Denmark they would be certainly hardened by the new antagonism into an obstinacy which the matter at issue of itself has been unable to produce. The war-cry latterly raised in the Paris semi-official Press has already had its influence in exciting the public mind not so much against France, who has too often indulged in the like to be much regarded, as against Denmark, who, justly or unjustly, is suspected of being the moving cause this time.

ROME.

Passion Week—Interesting Religious Services in the Clerical City—Address to the Legion d'Antibes.

Rome (April 5) Correspondence of the London Herald.

The ceremonies of Holy Week opened this morning by the High Mass and Blessing of the Palms in St. Peter's, the Pope being present at the first and performing the latter ceremony. The Basilica was crowded to excess, but the arrangements for strangers were so excellent as to preclude the inconvenience complained of on former occasions. The number of tickets issued did not exceed the seats provided, and much greater order was the result. The Pope entered, vested in crimson and gold cope and mitre, about 10 o'clock, preceded by the cardinals, the Senate, the bishops assistant at the throne, and the household, and proceeding up the nave, paused for a few moments in adoration before the Chapel of the Blessed Sacrament. He then passed the Confessions and entered the Sanctuary, where he ascended the throne, and having blessed the palms, distributed them to the cardinals, the bishops, generals of order, and the generals and staff of the Pontifical army, and the *corps diplomatique*. The Princess Pia of Naples, and her brother the Count of Caserta, with the King of Naples and the Count of Trani, were present in the Royal gallery. The palms having been distributed the procession was made round the church, the Pope being borne on the Sedia Gestatoria, and carrying a palm in his hand. High Mass, which was celebrated by Cardinal Bilio, followed, and his Holiness, who seemed rather fatigued, retired during the chanting of the Passion, and returned at the "Credo."

The *cortége* left the Basilica processionally as it entered, after the Apostolic Benediction had been given by the Pope at the end of mass.

The influx of strangers has been immense within the last few days, the majority being sight-seeing Americans, or Catholic French and Belgians, whom devotion to the temporal power, or connection with the present affairs, brings to Rome. There are many families arriving whose sons fell at Mentana, and the desire to visit the spot and speak with the witnesses of their last moments, to erect their monuments, and receive the special blessings of the Pope, is the principle motive with them. One lady, the mother of a Zouave, at whose last moments I was present at Mentana, the eldest son of a princely Belgian house dating from the Crusades, said to me this morning: "I have but one more son, and I have brought him to engage, and, if God wills it, die in the same cause as his brothers and his fathers at Ascalon and Acre. Life is too short to weigh in such a cause as that of the Eternal Church."

This is but one of a hundred touching instances of the same wonderful spirit of devotedness that has taken root all over Europe, and is creating an army of crusaders in Rome. The two Counts Stolberg, the Count D'Alt, Count Kissenbreck, are among the latest German, and Mr. Arthur Stourton among the latest English recruits. Two young Dutchmen engaged the other day under similar circumstances. Being of good family, they did not like to accept their traveling expenses from the Committee, and had not themselves the means of paying them, being far from in easy circumstances. They resolved to apply to their King, and asked for an audience, which was readily granted them, and then explained their desire to his Majesty. The King listened most graciously to their request, but said: "Suppose I need your swords for the defence of Holland, may I count on them?" "In all cases," replied the young men, "our religion teaches us loyalty to our sovereign and our country is a duty, and whenever your Majesty needs us you will find no more faithful soldiers than those whom you have aided to defend the cause of Pius IX." The King immediately took out his purse, and gave the young men money enough to reach Rome, and his watch to the elder of the young volunteers.

A review of the Legion d'Antibes on the formation of its second battalion took place on the 1st, (Wednesday,) in the Villa Borghese. The regiment made a magnificent appearance, and was the admiration of every one assisting at the ceremony. The following order of the day was read:

OFFICERS, SUB-OFFICERS, CORPORALS AND SOLDIERS: The legion is now formed into two splendid battalions, and I have called you together that you may see each other, and may be better able to rely on your strength and organization, and more persevering in your mission. It is just two years since I had the honor of being placed in command of you, and to review the officers and soldiers of a very small body, which, after having traversed many difficulties, has augmented, has given its proofs of courage, and filled the world with its renown.

Be proud of belonging to so noble a corps. Believe in its future. A new era comes before you full of hope. The Catholic world esteems and has its eyes on you. France, our noble country, loves us, and surrounds us with her strongest sympathies. The Sovereign Pontiff blesses you day by day. What lot can be more glorious?

Be ever firm in discipline as you are valiant in battle. Be united among yourselves, and with your noble and gallant comrades of the Pontifical army; and let this day every year be for you a *fete*, a household memory, a confirmation of your onward path.

(Signed) D'ARGY, Colonel of the Legion.

It would be difficult to imagine stronger or clearer language than this, and the order of the day has been the object of great heart-burning among the revolutionary circles.

A NEW ILLUSTRATED PAPER.—Some enterprising gentlemen in Chicago, determined that New-York should no longer enjoy a monopoly in illustrated papers, have started a rival to *Harper's* and *Frank Leslie's* in the metropolis of the West, called *The Illustrated Chicago News*. The proprietors indulge in a little good-humored Western brag over their fine prospec and intentions and give the country to understand that it must look to the West henceforth for the great original illustrated paper of America. But we observe that they had to come East for their principal artist, Nast, whose designs are the best things in the paper, and are not above a little sly cribbing from the illustrated English magazines. Now, if they will really give us original illustrations of the scenery of the "great West" and of the many phases of its varied social life, instead of a weak imitation of our New-York illustrated papers, they will do the reading and picture-loving public an inestimable service. The former course will as certainly insure success as the latter will end in deserved failure.

Cheap Fares on the Erie Railroad.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

A few weeks ago, just after the famous reduction of fares on the Erie Railroad, I had occasion to convey a corpse to a point near Syracuse. I could go by either the Erie or Central route, and sought the office of the former Company on Broadway to ascertain some details. I found it, as I suppose, and was told by an inmate; and he informed me that the charge for the corpse would be the same as one fare. He gave me the Company's pamphlet, containing a list of rates, in which the fare to Syracuse was $6 25. He said that I could not buy the tickets in this City, but must do so on the Jersey side.

This information determined me to take the Erie Road, and on the next day I went to Jersey City for that purpose. The ticket agent there charged me two fares, instead of one, for the corpse, and refused to sell me tickets at all further than to Binghamton, charging $5 75 fare to that place. He plead the orders of his superiors, and read me a regulation ordering double fare, excepting to specified points, of which Syracuse was one. Yet he refused to sell me tickets to that place.

The same thing was repeated at Binghamton, and hence it cost me some $12 or $15 more to go by the Erie Road than it would have done on the Central.

Thinking that the affair might have originated in some mistake, I took occasion on my return to state the facts in a note to the General Ticket Agent, and ask that my loss might be made good. A compliance with the request would have satisfied me that the Erie Company did not deliberately design to swindle the public in so small a fashion as to advertise one list of prices and charge another. But getting no satisfactory response to my statement, I am compelled to believe that the discrepancy between advertisement and practice is an intentional *trick*, and that it is a simple matter of duty in me to warn the public to be sure of the prices before daring the perils of the "broad guage"—*at reduced prices.*

NEW-YORK, April 25, 1868. FAIR PLAY.

MINOR ITEMS.—Kate Grewod, of No. 271 Water-street, fell down a cellar-way in the neighborhood and cut her head. She was subsequently arrested for intoxication....Frank W. Green, aged ten years, residing at No. 236 Sullivan-street, while playing on the high balcony of Cooper Institute, yesterday afternoon, fell over to the pavement, sustaining severe injuries....A male infant, aged two weeks, was found in the hallway of No. 148 Chatham-street. It was taken to the Central Office....An unknown woman was taken ill on a South ferry-boat, yesterday, and died before the steamer reached the slip. She was about 30 years of age, had light brown hair and grey eyes, and wore a red and mixed dress, plaid woolen shawl, straw bonnet, and new prunella shoes. The remains are at the New-street Police-station....A fire occurred last evening in the hat store of Bernard Harril, at No. 75 Chatham-street. It caused damage to the extent of $300.

The excavations now being made in Rome by the munificence of the Pope are producing the most interesting historical results, and bringing to light a large number of the ancient masterpieces of art with which the Holy City was formerly embellished.

LISTEN, LADIES.—To give the complexion that tinge of rose which morning vapors catch from the rising sun, moisten the face, arms and neck daily with PHALON'S PAPHIAN LOTION—a preparation pure and harmless as the dew of Heaven.—*Adv.*

Extraordinary Improvement in Artificial Teeth.
From Watson's Weekly Art Journal.
Dr. M. Levett has always ranked among our first dentists, and dentistry owes much to his scientific researches and inventions, but his new invention of Suction Cellular Plate, in combination with a reticulated gold web and rubber base, for artificial teeth, comes nearer to perfection than any we have seen. It is so light as hardly to be a weight in the hand, and at the same time is extremely elastic and strong. By a series of air cells it is held immovable in the mouth, and is so small and compact that it does not interfere with speech or taste. It is in short the lightest, the most cleanly, and the firmest denture that was ever put in the mouth, and consequently we commend it over all others.
No. 27 (late 26) East 20th-st.,
Fifth house from Broadway.
[Advertisement.]

Trade Mark for Electro-Plate. Stamped on base of every article.
Our goods are heavily plated on the finest Nickel Silver, *and we guarantee them in every respect superior to the best Sheffield plate.*
GORHAM MANUFACTURING CO.,
Silversmiths and Manufacturers of Fine Electro-Plate,
Providence, R. I.

The Gorham Ware, *indisputably superior to the finest Sheffield Plate*, for sale at retail, by
STARR & MARCUS,
No. 22 John-st.

Starr & Marcus,
No. 22 John-st., up stairs,
continue to make a specialty of the
GORHAM MANUFACTURING COMPANY'S
SOLID SILVERWARE,
embracing all their NEWEST and CHOICEST PRODUCTIONS in DINNER, TEA and DESSERT SERVICES, with a varied selection of ornamental and useful pieces; also, a very extensive stock of Forks, Spoons and Knives of NOVEL DESIGN and UNSURPASSED FINISH, which to purchasers present the following inducements:
1. The quality guaranteed by (U. S. MINT ASSAY) every piece bearing their trade-mark, thus:
2. Embracing the most decided talent in all their various departments for DESIGNING, MODELING DIE-SINKING, CHASING, ENGRAVING and FINISHING, they produce wares which at once appeal to the most cultivated TASTE for UTILITY, BEAUTY and FINISH.
3. Facilities for manufacturing in LARGE QUANTITIES ONLY THE FINEST GOODS, enabling them to reduce the labor prices to the LOWEST MINIMUM STANDARD.

The Celebrated
GORHAM PLATED WARE.
A full assortment of the freshest patterns *at prices established by the manufacturers.*
ADAMS, PRICE & CO., No. 20 John-st.

Chickering & Sons, Manufacturers of Grand, Square and Upright Piano-fortes, were awarded at the Paris Exposition the First Grand Prize, the Legion of Honor and a Grand Gold Medal, making 63 first premiums during the past 45 years. Warerooms, No. 652 Broadway.

Cures of Cancer
BY THE MISSISQUOI SPRING WATER.
No. 361 WEST 34TH-ST.,
NEW-YORK, Jan. 10, 1868.
TO THE PROPRIETOR OF THE MISSISQUOI SPRINGS:
Dear Sir—It gives me great pleasure to add my testimony to the healing properties of the Missisquoi Spring Water. I have at present about thirty patients using it. Three well-defined cases of UTERINE CANCER have been cured by it. I prescribe it locally as well as internally. One very severe case came, or I should say was brought, to my office, suffering withal from such profuse hemorrhage that I feared she would scarcely live to be taken to her home in Jersey City; but by the application of compresses and a free use of the MISSISQUOI SPRING WATER, she was almost immediately relieved. She afterwards called upon me, looking and feeling well. She was then altogether free from pain, the profuse offensive discharge, hypertrophy, and nodulated induration had entirely disappeared, and she had gained fifteen pounds in weight. Incredible as it may seem, all this was accomplished in one month. As yet I have never prescribed the Missisquoi Spring Water without good effects resulting from it. The only trouble has been to get it at all times. Yours sincerely in the cause of suffering women,
C. S. LOZIER, M. D.
ANOTHER REMARKABLE CASE.
The following is an extract from a letter of Dr. E. H. Dixon, an eminent surgeon of the City of New-York, and editor of the *Scalpel*, upon a case of glandular cancer:
"It is very evident that the use of the MISSISQUOI SPRING WATER has raised this lady from a dying condition to comfortable health and strength."
DISEASES OF THE KIDNEYS.
In all diseases of the kidneys and bladder the MISSISQUOI SPRING WATER acts with marvelous effect. It is a specific in those cases.
Pamphlets containing an account of wonderful cures, attested by eminent physicians, can be had gratis, by calling at or addressing a note to MISSISQUOI SPRINGS, No. 536 Broadway, City of New-York.

Iron Stable Fittings, Mangers, Hay-racks, partitions, &c., wholesale and retail.
JANES, KIRTLAND & CO.,
Nos. 8 and 10 Reade-st., corner Centre.

Janes, Kirtland & Co.,
Nos. 10 and 12 Reade-st., corner of Centre.
FOUNTAINS AND VASES,
AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Iron Bedsteads of Superior Quality, for private residences; also, bedsteads for institutions.
JANES, KIRTLAND & CO.,
Nos. 8 and 10 Reade-st., corner Centre.

The Singer Manufacturing Co.
SEWING-MACHINES.
No. 458 Broadway, New-York.

Colgate & Co.'s
LAUNDRY SOAP is put in pieces of ECONOMICAL and convenient size for use. For sale by leading grocers and at the salesrooms of the manufacturers No. 55 John-st.

An Arrow that Hits the Mark.
I live at No. 409 West 35th-st.; was almost dying with liver complaint; employed two physicians for two months without benefit. I then pulled off my useless plasters and tried Wolcott's Pain Paint. Two applications last February cured me; I have worked hard ever since. If you doubt it come and see me.
THOMAS LYNCH.

Hair Dye, Hair Dye, Hair Dye.—The genuine W. A. BATCHELOR'S Hair Dye is the best in the world—the only perfect dye—harmless, reliable, instantaneous, black or brown. Sold everywhere, and properly applied at BATCHELOR'S Wig Factory, 16 Bond, N. Y.

Trusses, &c.—MARSH & CO.'S Radical Cure Truss Office, only at No. 2 Vesey-st. Also supporters, bandages, silks, elastic stockings, &c. A lady attendant.

For Moth Patches, Freckles and Tan on the Face, use PERRY'S "Moth and Freckle Lotion." Sold everywhere.

Terhune & Brett, No. 141 Fulton-st.—Window Shades, Venetian Blinds.

Dundas, Dick & Co.'s Soft Capsules.—For sale by all first-class druggists.

Stop at No. 661 Broadway, opposite Bond-st., and examine the Self-lighting GAS-BURNER.

MARRIED.

CHURCHILL—DOW.—At Portland, Me., on Wednesday, April 22, by Right Rev. D. W. Bacon, Bishop of Portland, Capt. CHARLES CHURCHILL, U. S. A., to ALICE, daughter of the late William H. Dow.

CORNELL—SAMMIS.—On Thursday, April 23, by Rev. Alexander Burgess, D. D., Rev. THOMAS FREDERIC CORNELL, M. D., Rector of St. Mark's Church, Brooklyn, to MARY ADELAIDE, daughter of David Sammis, of the same place.

FORD—WILEY.—At Orange, N. J., on Thursday, April 23, by Rev. Geo. B. Bacon, Col. GEORGE W. FORD, of New-York, to Miss MARY S. WILEY, daughter of John Wiley, Esq., of Orange.

KEYSER—LOVETT.—On Thursday, April 23, at the Washington-square M. E. Church, by Rev. R. S. Foster, D. D., CHARLES M. KEYSER to ANNA AUGUSTA, daughter of George H. Lovett.

SCHIFFER—CAHN.—On Wednesday, April 22, by Rev. Dr. S. Adler, at the residence of the bride's mother, Mr. LOUIS G. SCHIFFER, of this City, to Miss JENNIE CAHN, eldest daughter of the late Abraham Cahn, of Philadelphia.

WINSLOW—IRVING.—On Saturday, April 25, at Grace Church, by Rev. Dr. Harwood, THOMAS WINSLOW, late of Seventy-second Highlanders, son of Rev. Octavius Winslow, D. D., of Bath, England, to ELIZABETH, daughter of the late G. F. Irving, of this City.

DIED.

BIRCKHEAD.—On Friday morning, April 24, in the 14th year of her age, of scarlet fever, VIRGINIA WARSON, only daughter of Jane A. W. and the late Hugh Birckhead, Jr.

☞ Baltimore *American* and *Sun* please copy.

BARTLETT.—On Sunday, April 26, of malignant scarlet fever, after a few days illness, EVERETT, aged 6 months, son of Edward G. and Jane W. Bartlett.

COGGILL.—On Sunday, April 26, at his residence, No. 174 5th-av., HENRY COGGILL, of this City.

Notice of funeral hereafter.

COZZENS.—At West Point, on Sunday, April 26, JANE, wife of the late William B. Cozzens.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from her late residence, on Tuesday, April 28, at 1 o'clock P. M.

FERGUSON.—On Sunday, April 26, GEORGE FERGUSON, in the 67th year of his age.

Relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral on Tuesday, the 28th inst., at 2 P. M., at his late residence, No. 9 4th-st., Brooklyn, E. D.

FIELD.—On Thursday, April 23, JONATHAN E. FIELD, of Stockbridge, Mass., formerly President of the Senate of that State.

KNIGHT.—At Mount Vernon, Westchester County, on Sunday morning, April 26, CAROLINE VANDERHOOF, wife of Joshua Knight, aged 43 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from the Baptist Church, Mount Vernon, on Tuesday, April 28, at 1½ o'clock P. M.

PRINDLE.—On Saturday, April 25, MARY PRINDLE, aged 90 years.

Funeral from her late residence, No. 417 Lexington-av., on Monday, April 27, at 10 o'clock. Remains to be taken to Huntington, Conn.

☞ Bridgeport papers please copy.

RIVES.—On Saturday, April 25, at Castle Hill, Va., Hon. WM. C. RIVES, in the 76th year of his age.

RYDER.—In Jersey City, on Sunday, April 26, after a lingering illness, B. W. RYDER, in the 67th year of his age.

Relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from the Second Reformed Church, Wain-st., Jersey City, at 2 o'clock P. M. on Tuesday, April 28, without further notice.

☞ New-Orleans papers please copy.

SHEPHERD.—On Friday evening, April 24, KATE WALDO, wife of Samuel C. Shepherd, and daughter of the late Dr. William J. Walker, of Boston, Mass.

Funeral services will be held at Christ Church, corner of 5th-av. and 35th-st., on Tuesday, the 28th inst., at 2 P. M. Relatives and friends are invited to attend without further invitation.

STOUT.—At Tompkinsville, S. I., on Saturday, April 25, SARAH M. TUTTLE, wife of John W. Stout, Jr., and daughter of John S. Tuttle.

Friends and relatives are invited to attend the funeral from her late residence, on Tuesday, the 28th inst., at 11½ A. M. Carriages will be in attendance at Quarantine Landing on the arrival of the 10 A. M. boat from Whitehall-st., New-York.

MISCELLANEOUS.

ANOTHER GREAT CURE OF CONSUMPTION BY
DR. SCHENCK'S MEDICINES.
NEW-YORK, Nov. 27, 1866.
DR. J. H. SCHENCK—*Sir:* I consider it my duty to express to you my gratitude for the cure which your valuable Medicines, viz: the PULMONIC SYRUP, SEAWEED TONIC, and MANDRAKE PILLS have effected in my wife's case. From the beginning of the year 1861, my wife had a most distressing cough for four years, during which time she had been under the care of two physicians. However, in November, 1865, she grew worse, and was confined in her bed, and the physicians gave up all hopes of her ever getting well, as every medicine used afforded no ease. At that time I was assured by her physician that she was in the last stage of consumption, and beyond the reach of medical skill, and therefore could not live much longer. His last advice was for her to go South, which she intended to do; but I am happy to say, before she could get ready for the voyage I had the good fortune to hear of your valuable medicines, and she at once called upon you, and had an examination through your well-known Respirometer, the result being a promise on your part to cure her. So by the faithful use of your valuable medicines she soon recovered good health, and I am happy to state and say, that she is now perfectly well. I attribute it all to your valuable medicines, and I beg you to accept my sincere thanks. My only anxiety now is to make her experience known to others, so that the virtue of your medicines may be more fully known. I give you full privilege to publish this. Most respectfully,
LOUIS M. VOEGEL,
Chief Steward of Steamship *Saratoga*,
Pier No. 21, foot of Fulton-st., North River.
Residence, No. 208 Elm-st., near Spring.
Patients can consult Dr. Schenck professionally at his rooms, No. 32 Bond-st., New-York, every Tuesday, from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M. All advice free of charge; but for a thorough examination with his Respirometer, $5. Price of the Pulmonic Syrup and Seaweed Tonic, each, $1 50 per bottle, or $7 50 the half dozen. Mandrake Pills 25 cents per box. Sold by druggists everywhere. A full supply can always be obtained at his rooms, No. 32 Bond-st., New-York.

LOW PRICES
FOR CHINA, GLASS AND SILVER-PLATED WARE.

DECORATED DINNER SETS	$70 00
DECORATED FRENCH CHINA TEA SETS	11 00
FRENCH CHINA DINNER SETS, 182 useful pieces	30 00
PARIS GRANITE DINNER SETS, 148 useful pieces	38 00
WHITE GRANITE TOILET SETS, 11 pieces	3 75
SILVER-PLATED TEA SETS, 4 pieces	12 00
SILVER-PLATED TEA SETS, 6 pieces	20 00
SILVER-PLATED ICE WATER PITCHERS	5 00
SILVER-PLATED CASTORS, 6 bottles	7 00

Also
CHANDELIERS AND GAS FIXTURES, BRONZES, CLOCKS, GLASSWARE, &c., &c., in proportion.
E. V. HAUGHWOUT & CO.,
Nos. 488, 490 and 492 Broadway, corner of Broome-st.

SCIENCE VS. IGNORANCE AND HOTTENTOTS.—Intelligent agents under pay from Dr. Radway are sent to the following countries to engage the most competent natives to gather and select the vegetable substances used in Dr. RADWAY'S SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT, to wit:
Brazil, S. A.;
Jamaica, W. I.;
British India,
Persia and
Japan. (By correspondence.)
Some years since it was deemed necessary for the protection of the public against the importation of spurious roots and drugs, for Congress to pass a law establishing an Inspector of Drugs in every port of entry in the United States. But this wise precaution does not prevent the importation of spurious roots, leaves and medicinal herbs. Nearly one-half of the Sarsaparillas, Pareira Brava, Peruvian Bark, &c., brought into this country and Europe are spurious, and when prepared for medicinal purposes are, in fact, useless, and fail to produce the beneficial results that the chemist and physician expect to realize. That no such objection may exist, and that the public may depend on securing the true roots in the Sarsaparillian Resolvent, Dr. Radway has adopted the plan of gathering the several roots, &c., used in his medicines, under the direct supervision of trusty and intelligent agents.
This is an enterprise never before attempted, and it is one long needed. The loose manner in which vegetable barks, roots, leaves, gums and other medicinal substances are gathered by ignorant natives, half savages, Hottentots, &c., and the cupidity of these rascals of substituting the spurious for the true, in selling these roots, &c., to traders, causes many mistakes, and often disappoints physicians in prescribing a root possessing known properties in not fulfilling their expectations.
Hence the wisdom and liberality of Dr. Radway in adopting a plan that will secure the true and genuine vegetable substances, fresh from their native soil, cultivated in gardens and attended with care.
In Brazil he obtains *pareira brava;* Jamaica, W. I., sarsaparillian; India, B. I., hemedesmus indicus; Persia, the Persian oil is expressed from the amygdale nuts; Japan, the three newly-discovered roots are grown under contract by a distinguished horticulturist, and the only country where these roots are grown. These Japanese roots are held in high estimation by the Nobles, Kaimos and distinguished savans, as purifying agents, also in the cure of dispepsia, indigestion, jaundice and liver complaints, and are used as tea, after-dinner beverages, and as tonic drinks, diet, mixed in wine, &c.; also, possess the most astonishing virtues over skin diseases and impurities of the blood. RADWAY'S SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT is, therefore, the most perfect remedy in the world. No wonder the sarsaparillas of the shops are such poor, weak washes compared with DR. RADWAY'S SARSAPARILLIAN.
THE ROOT ITSELF
differs from all sarsaparilla roots ever seen in this country. Those wishing a pure, perfect remedy to cleanse the blood and system from all impurities, try DR. RADWAY'S SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT.
Sold at No. 87 Maiden-lane, New-York. Six bottles for $5 will be sent by express.

DR. LUGOL, OF PARIS, ONE OF THE most eminent chemists of Europe, says, when Iodine can be dissolved in pure water, the most astonishing results may be anticipated. Dr. H. ANDERS' IODINE WATER is Iodine dissolved in pure water, and the most astonishing results have followed its use in cases of scrofula and all chronic diseases.

FURNITURE.
A splendid assortment of new and elegant designs. Also, plain furniture in great variety, at
POPULAR PRICES!
MEEKS, No. 686 Broadway.

POST-OFFICE NOTICE.—THE MAILS FOR Europe will be dispatched from this office on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY, closing at 12 o'clock M., and at Stations A and B. 11:45; C, O and D, 11:25; E and F, 11:10, and G at 11 o'clock A. M.

Also, on WEDNESDAY notice of the hour of closing, which will be posted at the general office, and the stations on TUESDAY, P. M.

JAMES KELLY, Postmaster.

WRAPPING-PAPER FOR SALE.—OLD copies of the *New-York Times* can be had at the counter of the *New-York Times*. Price, $1 per hundred. Also, old exchange papers. Price, 80 cents per hundred.

GO TO MACFARLAND'S BOOK-STORE, cor. of 23d-st. and Broadway, and get a box of beautiful French Note Paper. Five quires for $1, stamped.

BARTLETT MACHINE AND NEEDLE [illegible] Broadway. Needles for all machines.

FINANCIAL.

Fisk & Hatch

BANKERS AND DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
No. 5 Nassau-street,
BUY AND SELL AT MARKET RATES, ALL DESCRIPTIONS OF UNITED STATES SECURITIES, and give especial attention to the conversion of SEVEN-THIRTY NOTES INTO THE NEW FIVE-TWENTY BONDS OF 1865 AND 1867.

Holders of the Sixes of 1881, and Five-twenty Bonds of 1862, and May 1, 1865, may now realize a liberal difference by exchanging them for the new 5-20s of 1865-7. We are prepared to make these exchanges upon the most favorable terms.

Deposits received and collections made.
FISK & HATCH, No. 5 Nassau-st.

BANKING HOUSE OF
JAY COOKE & CO.
NO. 20 WALL-ST.,
CORNER OF NASSAU-ST., NEW-YORK.

We buy and sell at the most liberal current prices, and keep on hand a full supply of GOVERNMENT BONDS OF ALL ISSUES, SEVEN-THIRTIES AND COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES. And execute orders for purchase and sale of STOCKS, BONDS AND GOLD.

We have added to our office a Retail Department for the accommodation of the public demand for investment in and exchanges of Government Securities, the purchase of GOLD and INTEREST COUPONS, and the sale of INTERNAL REVENUE STAMPS.

SEVEN-THIRTIES CONVERTED INTO FIVE-TWENTIES AT THE MOST FAVORABLE RATES.
JAY COOKE & CO.

AUGUST BELMONT & CO.
Issue letters of credit, for travelers' use, on the Messrs. ROTHSCHILD, in Paris, London, Frankfort-on-the-Main, Vienna, and their correspondents in all the principal cities of Europe.
ALSO, MAKE TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFER OF MONEY ON CALIFORNIA, EUROPE AND HAVANA.

JOHN MUNROE & CO.,
AMERICAN BANKERS,
No. 7 Rue Scribe, Paris,
and
No. 8 Wall-st., New-York.
Issue circular letters of credit to travelers in all parts of Europe, &c., &c. Also, commercial credits.

HOUSTON GAS COMPANY BONDS.
The undersigned offer for sale $40,000 of mortgage bonds of the Houston Gaslight Company, State of Texas. These bonds are part of an issue of $50,000, by the Company, and are secured by a mortgage on their franchise and the entire property of the Company to P. N. Spofford, Trustee.
Interest at 10 per cent. per annum is payable semi-annually at the office of the Company, in Houston, or in this City at the office of the undersigned.
SPOFFORD, TILESTON & CO.

BROWN BROTHERS & CO.
NO. 59 WALL-ST.,
ISSUE COMMERCIAL AND TRAVELERS' CREDITS FOR USE IN THIS COUNTRY AND ABROAD.

ST. LOUIS AND IRON MOUNTAIN RAILROAD COMPANY'S SEVEN PER CENT. FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS. FEBRUARY AND AUGUST COUPONS.

The title of the St. Louis and Iron Mountain Railroad having been confirmed by act of the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, and the bonds declared valid, the work of extending the same to a connection with the Southern system of roads at Columbus, Ky., is now going rapidly forward. Ninety-one miles being in profitable operation, forty-five miles of new work graded, with rails enough on hand for forty-seven miles, it is expected that the whole line, from St. Louis to Belmont, 193 miles, will be opened for business early next year, so that there will be a continuous line from St. Louis to Mobile, New-Orleans and other Southern cities. A very large traffic is anticipated.

The old part of the road (91 miles) already earns enough to secure all the interest on the whole mortgage debt, and the extension completed, will vastly increase the earnings. The proceeds of these bonds going into the extension of the road adds to the security, and a projected branch, southwestwardly from Pilot Knob, for which a cash subsidy of $15,000 per mile is granted by the State, as a free gift to the Company, will add very much to the value of their property.
THOS. ALLEN, President, St. Louis, Mo.

We, the undersigned, cordially recommend these seven per cent. mortgage bonds of the St. Louis and Iron Mountain Railroad as a good security. The revenue of the road will be large, and the administration of the affairs of the Company is in capable and experienced hands, and is entitled to the greatest confidence of the public.
JAMES S. THOMAS, Mayor of St. Louis.
JOHN J. ROE, Pres. Union Merchants' Exchange, St. Louis. (Chamber of Commerce.)
E. W. FOX, Pres. St. Louis Board of Trade.
BARTON BATES, Pres. North Missouri Railroad.
J. H. BRITTON, Pres. Nat. Bank of the State of Mo., in St. Louis.
WM. L. EWING, Pres. of the Mer. N. B. of St. Louis.
GEO. H. REA, Pres. Second National Bank, St. Louis.
JAS. B. EADS, Chief-Engineer St. Louis and Illinois Bridge Company.
GEO. R. TAYLOR, Pres. Pacific Railroad, (of Missouri.)
WM. TAUSSIG, Pres. Traders' Bank, St. Louis.
JOHN R. LIONBERGER, Pres. Third National Bank of St. Louis, Mo.
ADOLPHUS MEIER, Vice-Pres. Union Pacific Railway, (E. D.)
ROBERT BARTH, Pres. German Savings Institution.
ALLEN, COPP & NISBET, Bankers, St. Louis.

NEW-YORK REFERENCES.
M. D. MORGAN & CO.
S. GANDY,
J. H. SWIFT,
W. T. BLODGETT,
ISAAC N. PHELPS,
A. R. ENO.
W. V. BRADY,

Bonds for sale, and pamphlets with details can be had at the New-York Agency.
H. G. MARQUAND, Vice President, No. 43 Wall-st.

$10,000 REWARD.—STOLEN FROM THE Canal Bank, this day, a package made up for the "Southern Express Company," addressed M. Morgan's Sons, New-York, containing FIFTY THOUSAND DOLLARS ($50,000) in Legal-tender Notes of $1,000 each, all of letter C, and dated March 10, 1862, and numbered as follows: 2,775, 3,119, 3,515, 3,907, 4,047, 4,567, 5,227, 5,363, 6,727, 7,265, 8,069, 8,591, 8,903, 10,015, 10,203, 10,219, 11,403, 12,019, 12,147, 13,619, 13,903, 14,235, 15,211, 16,543, 16,231, 16,447, 18,043, 19,131, 19,195, 23,135, 23,723, 26,959, 28,323, 28,415, 28,487, 30,223, 30,463, 31,879, 34,511, 37,829, 38,339, 38,747, 39,307, 39,343, 40,059, 40,619, 40,831, 41,851, 41,869, 45,561. The public are cautioned against trading for the same, and the above reward is offered for the recovery of the money and the arrest of the thief. Apply to M. MORGAN'S SONS, No. 39 William-st., New-York, or CH. JUMONVILLE, Cashier, Canal Bank, New-Orleans.
NEW-ORLEANS, March 26, 1868.

CLEVELAND, COLUMBUS AND CINCINNATI RAILROAD COMPANY,
CLEVELAND, Ohio, April 20, 1868.
THERE WILL BE A MEETING OF this Company at its office in Cleveland, Ohio, on THURSDAY, the 14th day of May, 1868, between the hours of 9 and 12 A. M., to take into consideration and vote upon the consolidation of the stock, property and effects of this Company, with that of the Bellefontaine Railway Company, and any other business pertaining thereto.
The transfer-books will be closed from the evening of May 1 until May 15.
By order of the Board of Directors.
GEO. H. RUSSELL, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE CHICAGO AND NORTHWESTERN RAILWAY COMPANY,
NEW-YORK, April 18, 1868.
THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE Stock and Bondholders of the Chicago and Northwestern Railway Company for the election of a Board of Directors, and the transaction of such other business as may be brought before them, will be held at the office of the Company, in the city of Chicago, on Thursday, the 4th day of June next, at 1 o'clock P. M.
The transfer books will be closed on the afternoon of Saturday, the 2d of May, and reopened on the morning of Monday, the 8th of June.
JAMES R. YOUNG, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE DUBUQUE AND SIOUX CITY RAILROAD COMPANY, NO. 12 PINE-ST.,
NEW-YORK, April 21, 1868.
DUBUQUE AND SIOUX CITY SINKING FUND BONDS.—Notice is hereby given that we have this day designated by lot ten bonds, numbered as follows: Nos. 213, 301, 303, 497, 742, 570, 901, 903, of $1,000 each, and Nos. 75 and 127 of $500 each, for redemption. By the terms of the sinking fund, interest thereon will cease May 1, 1868.
The bonds designated will be paid with interest, so far as accrued, at the office of Messrs. M. K. JESUP & CO., No. 12 Pine-st., on presentation and surrender.
ISAAC H. KNOX,
THEO. ROOSEVELT, Commissioners.

OFFICE OF THE DELAWARE AND HUDSON CANAL CO.,
NEW-YORK, April 7, 1868.
THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE stockholders of this Company, for the election of Managers, and for the transaction of such other business as may come before them, will be held at their office, No. 7 Nassau-st., on TUESDAY, the 12th day of May next, at 12 o'clock, noon.
The transfer book will be closed from the morning of the 4th until the morning of the 13th day of May next.
By order of the Board.
ISAAC N. SEYMOUR, Treasurer.

NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK,
NEW-YORK, April 17, 1868.
ELECTION NOTICE.—NOTICE IS HEREBY given, that the annual meeting of the Stockholders of the National Trust Company of the City of New-York, for the election of Trustees, and also for the election of three Inspectors of Election for the ensuing year will be held at the office of the Company, No. 336 Broadway, on TUESDAY, the 28th day of April, 1868, at 12 M. Polls open from 12 to 1 o'clock.
JAMES MERRELL, Secretary.

CAMDEN AND AMBOY RAILROAD AND TRANSPORTATION COMPANY,
CAMDEN, N. J., March 30, 1868.
NOTICE.—THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE stockholders of the Camden and Amboy Railroad and Transportation Company will be held in the City of Camden, in the West Jersey Railroad office, on TUESDAY, the 28th day of April, 1868, at 12 o'clock M., for the election of seven directors to serve for the ensuing year.
SAMUEL J. BAYARD,
Secretary C. & A. R. R. & Tr. Co.

NOTICE.—ST. LOUIS, ALTON & TERRE HAUTE RAILROAD COMPANY.—The annual meeting of the bondholders and stockholders of this Company will be held at their office, in the City of St. Louis, on MONDAY, the 1st of June next, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, for the election of thirteen directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of any other business which may be brought before them. The transfer books of the Company will be closed on FRIDAY, the 1st of May next, and will be opened on TUESDAY, the 2d of June.
Dated St. Louis, April, 1868.
By order, H. C. BRYANT, Secretary.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS in the Evergreen Bluff Mining Company, (deferred from March 18,) will be held at No. 44 Exchange-place, New-York, on WEDNESDAY, May 13, at 2 o'clock. By order:
E. W. CAPEN, Secretary.

FINANCIAL.

VERMILYE & CO.,
NO. 44 WALL-ST.
BANKERS AND DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT STOCKS.
WE GIVE SPECIAL ATTENTION TO
FUNDING 7.30 TREASURY LOANS.
All series taken in exchange for 5-20 BONDS. Returns made to correspondents without delay, and on favorable terms.

CLOSING PRICES.
NEW-YORK, April 25, 1868—3 P. M.

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
Registered '81	112¾	113	5-20 Coupon, '67	109	109⅛
Coupon, 1881	112¾	113	10-40 Registered	102⅝	102⅞
5-20 Regist'd '62	104¾	105	10-40 Coupon	102⅝	102⅞
5-20 Coupon, '62	111⅝	111⅞	Gold	138⅞	139
5-20 Coupon, '64	110⅛	110¼	June 7.30	107⅛	107¼
5-20 Coupon, '65	110⅛	110¼	July 7.30	107⅛	107¼
5-20 C. '65, Jan&July	108⅝	109⅛			

ALL CLASSES OF UNITED STATES FUNDS
Credited or Remitted for on Receipt, at Market Rates, FREE OF ALL COMMISSION CHARGES.

THE
SULLIVAN AND ERIE
RAILROAD COMPANY'S
SINKING FUND
FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS
ARE OFFERED UNTIL APRIL 30,
FLAT AT
Eighty Cents on the Dollar.

They are the cheapest and safest security in market, paying seven per cent. per annum, or about nine per cent. on the investment, besides the premium of twenty-five per cent. Interest payable semi-annually, 1st May and November, at American Exchange National Bank, New-York. Capital, $1,200,000; paid in, $1,000,000; bonded debt, $1,000,000—secured to John A. Stewart, Esq., trustee, by mortgage upon the Company's entire road and property, including 5,000 acres of coal lands heavily covered with valuable timber, upon which a 12-foot vein of superior anthracite coal is now being worked.

A pamphlet, with map and directions of the Company's mines, property, roads and connections, its work, progress and future prospects, and the security and availability of its First Mortgage Bonds may be obtained by applying at the office of the Company, No. 111 Broadway, New-York; Bank of Metropolis, Boston, Mass.; TOWNSEND, WHELAN & CO., Bankers, Philadelphia; or

HENRY CLEWS & CO.,
BANKERS,
NO. 32 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK,
FINANCIAL AGENTS.

HATCH, FOOTE & CO.
BANKERS
AND DEALERS IN
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, GOLD, STOCKS
&c.
Buy and Sell all issues of
U. S. BONDS
at MARKET RATES, and EXCHANGE 7-30 Notes, April 25, 1868, as follows:
For JUNE NOTES we give the NEW 5-20 BONDS, and pay $6 57 DIFFERENCE.
For JULY NOTES we give the NEW 5-20 BONDS, and pay 67 cents DIFFERENCE ON EACH $1,000.
No. 12 Wall-st., New-York.

HANNIBAL AND ST. JOSEPH RAILROAD COMPANY.
Sealed proposals, addressed to William H. Swift, at Messrs. Ward, Campbell & Co.'s, No. 56 Wall-st., New-York, or to R. S. Watson, Treasurer, Boston, will be received until noon MONDAY, April 27, 1868, for the sale of FIFTY THOUSAND DOLLARS of the Land Bonds of said Company to the undersigned, Trustees, in accordance with the provisions of the indenture of mortgage, dated April 1, 1863.
The bids will be opened at the office of the Company in Boston, on TUESDAY MORNING, April 28, and the accepted bids declared.
WILLIAM H. SWIFT,
SIDNEY BARTLETT,
NATHANIEL THAYER, Trustees.
NEW-YORK, April 18, 1868.

THE CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURG RAILROAD COMPANY SEVEN PER CENT. CONSOLIDATED MORTGAGE BONDS, SECURED BY A SINKING FUND PAYABLE 1ST NOV., 1900.
The undersigned offers for sale
$1,0,000
of the above-described bonds, which are secured by a mortgage on the franchise and the entire property of the Company to the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company Trustees.
The bonds carry interest from the 1st November, 1867.
R. G. ROLSTON, President,
No. 28 Exchange-place.

$200 REWARD.
LOST OR STOLEN.
200 SHARES OF THE STOCK
OF THE
NEW-YORK CENTRAL RAILROAD COMPANY,
VIZ.:
Certificate No. 66,796 for 100 shares in the name of CAMMAN & CO.
Certificate No. 67,831 for 100 shares in the name of UNDERHILL, HAVEN & CO.
The said reward will be paid on return of the above described certificates to the owner.
B. L. SMYTH,
No. 46 Broad-st., New-York.
Notice is hereby given that the transfer of the above-mentioned certificates has been stopped, and that measures have been taken for their reissue to the subscriber.
B. L. SMYTH.
NEW-YORK, April 23, 1868.

OFFICE OF THE CHICAGO AND NORTHWESTERN RAILWAY CO., No. 52 WALL-ST.,
NEW-YORK, April 27, 1868.
COUPONS DUE MAY 1, 1868, FROM THE following named bonds of this Company will be paid on and after that day on presentation at this office, viz.:
Funded Coupon,
Consolidated Sinking Fund,
Equipment Bonds,
Galena & Chicago Second Mortgage.
C. & N. W. R. Co. Equipment Bonds due May 1, 1868, will also be paid on and after that day on presentation.
A. L. PRITCHARD, Treasurer.

REDEMPTION OF CITY STOCK.—THE "Fire Indemnity Stock of the City of New-York," payable on or after the 10th day of May, 1868, will be paid to the persons legally authorized to receive the same, on Monday, the 11th of May, 1868, at the Comptroller's Office, City of New-York, upon the surrender of the certificates.
Interest on said stock will cease on that day.
RICHARD B. CONNOLLY, Comptroller.
DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE,
COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE,
NEW-YORK, April 16, 1868.

CITY OF KEOKUK 8 PER CENT. NEW BONDS.—Interest and principal payable at the Central National Bank, New-York. Total issue only $300,000.
These bonds UNDER GUARANTEES and a THREE-FOLD SECURITY, held by Henry A. Smythe as trustee, may be regarded as amply secured, and a safe first-class investment. A small amount for sale. Apply to
WM. H. SANDFORD, Cashier.
Central National Bank, New-York.

MORRIS AND ESSEX RAILROAD COMPANY,
TREASURER'S OFFICE,
HOBOKEN, N. J., April 23, 1868.
THE COUPONS DUE MAY 1, 1868, ON the first mortgage bonds of this Company will be paid on and after that date at the Fourth National Bank in New-York.
WM. H. CONNETT, Treasurer.

MEMPHIS AND CHARLESTON RAILROAD COMPANY,
April 23, 1868.
NOTICE.—THE COUPONS FALLING DUE ON May 1st, prox., on the First Mortgage Bonds of this Company, will be paid on that date, at the office of WINSLOW, LANIER & CO., Nos. 27 and 29 Pine-st., New-York.
GEORGE ROBERTSON, Treasurer.

INDEMNITY INSURANCE COMPANY,
No. 704 Broadway, (basement,) April 25, 1868.
AN ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS OF this Company and Inspectors of next election, will be held at this office on MONDAY, May 11, between the hours of 12 and 1 o'clock.
JOHN HONE, President.

NOTICE.—APPLICATION WILL BE MADE for renewal of Certificate No. 2,841 for one share Delaware and Raritan Canal and Camden and Amboy and Transportation Company Stock, lost March 18, 1866.
WM. R. FLYNN.
Dated Bordentown, N. J., Feb. 10, 1868.

MACON AND BRUNSWICK RAILROAD seven per cent. first mortgage bonds, guaranteed by the State of Georgia, for sale low. MANNING & DE FOREST, Bankers, No. 19 Wall-st.

FURNITURE.

CABINET FURNITURE.
First-class Furniture in Parlor, Library and Chamber suites of newest styles.
Our entire stock warranted.
BOHNENKAMP & SOSSAU,
(formerly with Campbell & Royer,)
Manufacturers,
No. 924 Broadway, between 21st and 22d sts.

WARREN WARD & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF FURNITURE,
Established 1850.
Warehouses, Nos. 75 and 77 Spring-st., corner of Crosby. Manufactory, No. 379 West 12th-st., extending through to No. 120 Jane-st.
Buyers of furniture are invited to examine the largest stock of fashionable furniture to be found in this City, consisting of
CHAMBER, PARLOR, LIBRARY AND DINING-ROOM SUITES OF OUR OWN MANUFACTURE, AND WARRANTED IN EVERY RESPECT.
Particular attention given to the furnishing of CHURCHES, COUNTRY RESIDENCES, HOTELS, &c.

FURNITURE! FURNITURE! FURNITURE!—At ERNEST BATH'S furniture manufactory, No. 58 Bleecker-st., near Broadway, furniture at great bargains, for cash; parlor suites covered with any color French satin, brocatel, $175, $200, $225; parlor suites covered with reps, $75, $85, $125, $150. Also great variety of parlor, bedroom and dining-room furniture, latest style mattresses, mirrors, &c., cheap. All goods warranted.

FURNITURE, FURNITURE—AT LARGEly reduced prices. BRAUNSDORF & METZ, manufacturers, Nos. 125 and 127 Rivington-st., between Norfolk and Essex sts., offer their large and well assorted stock of first-class furniture, consisting of sitting-room, parlor, library, bedroom and dining-room suites of the latest styles, to the public at wholesale prices. N. B.—All goods warranted.

BATTERSON'S FURNITURE STORAGE Establishment, Nos. 681, 690 and 695 6th-av. Rooms to let for storage of pianos, trunks, &c.; twenty years' experience. Attentive porters always on hand.

SCHOOL FURNITURE FOR SALE.—Apply at the school, No. 922 Broadway, (entrance on 21st-st.,) from 10 to 12 A. M.

DIVIDENDS.

CINCINNATI, HAMILTON AND DAYTON R. R. CO.,
NEW-YORK, April 14, 1868.
A STOCK DIVIDEND OF EIGHT (8) per cent. has been declared upon the capital stock of this Company, payable May 1, at American Exchange National Bank, New-York. Fractions to be payable in cash at six per cent. The transfer books will be closed for ten days from this date.
F. H. SHORT, Secretary.

MECHANICS AND TRADERS' NATIONAL BANK,
NEW-YORK, April 15, 1868.
A DIVIDEND OF FIVE PER CENT. ON the capital stock of this institution has been declared payable on and after the first day of May next, free of Government tax. The transfer-books will be closed from the 20th inst. to May 1. By order,
GEO. W. YOULE, Cashier.

UNION NATIONAL BANK,
NEW-YORK, April 21, 1868.
DIVIDEND.—A DIVIDEND OF FIVE (5) PER Cent. has been declared by this Bank, free from taxation, out of the earnings of the last six months, payable on the 1st day of May next, to which date the transfer books will remain closed.
JAS. M. LEWIS, Cashier.

THE CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURG Railroad Company have this day declared a stock dividend of Ten Per Cent., payable on the 2d proximo, at the office of the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company to the stockholders of record on the 20th inst.
The transfer-books will close on the 20th inst. and open on the 2d proximo.
GEO. A. INGERSOL, Secretary.
NEW-YORK, 16th April, 1868.

ATLANTIC AND GREAT WESTERN PETROLEUM COMPANY, OFFICE NO. 12 BOWERY, CORNER OF GRAND-ST., April 20, 1868.
A DIVIDEND OF FIVE PER CENT. has this day been declared, payable on May 1. The transfer books will remain closed until that date.
W. A. HALL, Treasurer.

THE PACIFIC NATIONAL BANK,
NEW-YORK, April 10, 1868.
THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS HAVE this day declared an extra dividend of 5 per cent. free from Government tax, payable on and after the 1st day of May.
R. BUCK, Cashier.

SAVINGS BANKS.

MARKET SAVINGS BANK,
No. 82 Nassau-st., near Fulton-st., New-York.
SIX PER CENT. INTEREST ALLOWED.
Deposits made on or before MAY 1 will draw interest from that date.
WILLIAM VAN NAME, President.
N. R. CONKLIN, Secretary.

THIRD-AVENUE SAVINGS BANK,
Corner of 3d-av. and 26th-st.
Six per cent. interest paid, free from Government tax, on all sums from $1 to $5,000.
Bank open daily from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M.; and on Monday, Wednesday and Saturday evenings, from 6 to 8 o'clock.
SPENCER K. GREEN, President.
WM. B. BIBBINS, Secretary.

UNION DIME SAVINGS BANK,
Nos. 396 and 398 Canal-st., corner of Laight. Open daily from 10 to 3. SIX PER CENT interest on $5 to $5,000. Assets, $4,711,998 98.

NEW-YORK SAVINGS BANK, 8TH-AV., corner of 14th-st.—Six per cent. interest, free of tax, paid on all sums from $5 to $5,000. Deposits made on or before May 1 will draw interest from May 1.
R. H. MACLAY, President.
R. H. BULL, Sec'y. S. S. CONSTANT, Vice-Pres't.

PROPOSALS.

NAVAL SUPPLIES.
PAYMASTER'S OFFICE, UNITED STATES NAVY,
No. 29 BROADWAY,
NEW-YORK, April 25, 1868.
Proposals will be received at this office until the 30th inst., inclusive, for the following supplies, which must be of the *very best quality*, delivered free of expense, at the New-York Navy-yard, and subject to the *usual inspection thereat*, viz.:
BUREAU OF EQUIPMENT AND RECRUITING.
16,584 feet of six-strand fine wire rope, (ungalvanized,) from 1¼ to 6¼ inches, with a *hemp* heart of Roebling's manufacture, for standing rigging.
BUREAU OF STEAM ENGINEERING.
25 barrels of sperm oil.
Responsible security required for the prompt and faithful delivery of supplies awarded. Further particulars, with blank forms for bidders, to be had at this office.
GEO. PLUNKETT, Paymaster.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED by the Trustees of the Twentieth Ward, at the office of the Clerk of the Board of Education, corner of Grand and Elm sts., until Wednesday, the 6th day of May, 1868, at 3 o'clock P. M., for "Additions and Alterations," and for furnishing Primary School No. 27, situated on the north side of West 37th-st., near 10th-av., in said Ward. Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of the Superintendent of Buildings and Repairs, No. 146 Grand-st., third floor.
Proposals must state the estimate for each branch of the work separately, and be endorsed "Proposal for Mason Work," "Proposal for Carpenter Work," "Proposal for Painting," "Proposal for Furniture."
Two responsible and approved sureties will be required from each successful bidder, and no proposal will be considered in which no sureties are named. The School Trustees reserve the right to reject any or all of the proposals, if deemed for the public interest to do so.
JAMES G. DIMOND,
JOHN HOLZDERBER,
PETER TRAINER,
DANIEL EARLY,
Board of Trustees Twentieth Ward.
Dated APRIL 21, 1868.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED by the Trustees of the Twenty-second Ward, at the office of the Clerk of the Board of Education, corner of Grand and Elm sts., until MONDAY, the 4th day of May, 1868, at 3 o'clock P. M., for the building and furnishing of new wings, &c., for Grammar School No. 28, on the north side of 40th-st., near 8th-av.; also, for furnishing Grammar School No. 58, on 52d-st., near 8th-av., in said Ward. Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of the Superintendent of Buildings and Repairs, No. 146 Grand-st., third floor.
Proposals must state the estimate for each branch of the work separately, and be indorsed "Proposal for Mason Work," "Proposal for Carpenter Work," "Proposal for Painting," "Proposal for Furniture."
Two responsible and approved sureties will be required from each successful bidder, and no proposal will be considered in which no sureties are named. The School Trustees reserve the right to reject any or all of the proposals offered, if deemed for the public interest to do so.
W. H. DOHERTY,
JOHN M. HELCK,
S. N. SIMONSON,
TERRENCE RILEY,
A. H. UNDERHILL,
Board of Trustees Twenty-second Ward.
Dated APRIL 20, 1868.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED by the Trustees of the Seventh Ward, at the office of the Clerk of the Board of Education, corner of Grand and Elm-sts., until MONDAY, the 4th day of May, 1868, at 3 o'clock P. M., for the erection and furnishing of new wings, &c., for Grammar School No. 12, on Madison-st., near Jackson-st., in said Ward. Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of the Superintendent of Buildings and Repairs, No. 146 Grand-st., third floor.
Proposals must state the estimate for each branch of the work separately, and be indorsed "Proposal for Mason Work," "Proposal for Carpenter Work," "Proposal for Painting," "Proposal for Furniture."
Two responsible and approved sureties will be required from each successful bidder, and no proposal will be considered in which no sureties are named. The School Trustees reserve the right to reject any or all of the proposals offered, if deemed for the public interest to do so.
DENNIS J. TWIGG,
WM. H. THRALL,
JAMES COLLINS,
THOMAS SHEILS,
DENNIS DUNN,
Board of Trustees Seventh Ward.
Dated April 20, 1868.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED by the Trustees of the Fourth Ward at the office of the Clerk of the Board of Education, corner of Grand and Elm sts., until TUESDAY, the 5th of May, 1868, at 3 o'clock P. M., for the seats, desks and other furniture, required for the new Primary School on Roosevelt-st., near Cherry-st. Specifications can be seen at the office of the Superintendent of Buildings and Repairs, No. 146 Grand-st., third floor.
Two responsible and approved sureties will be required from each successful bidder, and no proposal will be considered in which no sureties are named. The School Trustees reserve the right to reject any or all of the proposals offered, if deemed for the public interest to do so.
MORRIS FRIEDSAM,
WM. KENNEDY,
EDWARD SWEENEY,
THOMAS DRISCOLL,
A. J. FULLERTON,
APRIL 20, 1868. Board of Trustees Fourth Ward.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED by the Trustees of the Fourteenth Ward, at the office of the Clerk of the Board of Education, corner of Grand and Elm sts., until TUESDAY, the 5th day of May, 1868, at 3 o'clock P. M., for the erection and furnishing of new wings, &c., for Grammar School No. 5, on Mott-st., near Prince-st., in said Ward. Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of the Superintendent of Buildings and Repairs, No. 146 Grand-st., third floor. Proposals must be indorsed "Proposal for Erecting new Wings, &c.," "Proposal for Furniture." Two responsible and approved sureties will be required from each successful bidder, and no proposal will be considered in which no sureties are named. The School Trustees reserve the right to reject any or all of the proposals offered, if deemed for the public interest to do so.
MICHAEL BURKE,
JOHN BUSH,
S. R. KIRKHAM,
PATRICK BRENNAN,
HENRY MANRON,
Board of Trustees Fourteenth Ward.
Dated APRIL 21, 1868.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED by the Trustees of the Twelfth Ward, at the office of the Clerk of the Board of Education corner of Grand and Elm sts., until TUESDAY, May 5, 1868, at 3 o'clock P. M., for the seats, desks and other furniture required for Grammar School No. 57, on 115th-st., near 3d-av.
Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of the Superintendent of Buildings and Repairs, No. 146 Grand-st., third floor.
Two responsible and approved sureties will be required from each successful bidder, and no proposal will be considered in which no sureties are named. The School Trustees reserve the right to reject any or all of the proposals offered, if deemed for the public interest to do so.
T. E. H. HAWKS,
LEWIS N. FULLER,
JOHN STRAITON,
CHARLES PLACE,
DAVID H. KNAPP,
Board of Trustees, Twelfth Ward.
Dated APRIL 20, 1868.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED by the School Trustees of the Fifth Ward, at the office of the Clerk of the Board of Education, corner of Grand and Elm sts., until WEDNESDAY, the 6th day of May, 1868, at 3 P. M., for altering and repairing, also for furnishing Grammar School No. 44, corner of North Moore and Varick sts., and Wing on West Broadway, pursuant to plans and specifications to be seen at the office of the Superintendent of Buildings and Repairs, No. 146 Grand-st., third floor.
Proposals to be indorsed "Proposal for Painting," "Proposal for Altering and Repairing," "Proposal for Furniture."
Two responsible and approved sureties will be required from each successful bidder, and no proposal will be considered in which no sureties are named. The School Trustees reserve the right to reject any or all of the proposals offered, if deemed for the public interest to do so.
W. H. JOHNSTON,
JOHN HEWITT,
CLAUS PUCKHAFER,
ZIMRI WEST,
W. H. BURRAS,
Board of Trustees Fifth Ward.
Dated APRIL 21, 1868.

COUNTRY BOARD.

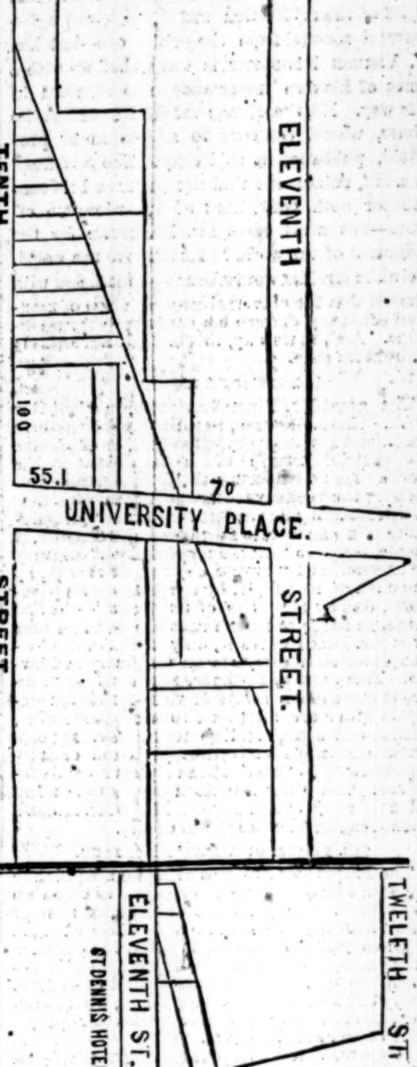
SUMMER BOARD AT CLAVERACK, Columbia County, N. Y., three miles from Hudson, from July 6 to Sept. 2. ALONZO FLACK.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

MR. AUGUSTUS JESKINS, OF NEW-York, and Mr. HENRY JONES BLAKE, of Boston, are partners in our NEW-YORK AND BOSTON FIRMS from April 1, 1868.
BLAKE BROS. & CO., Bankers.

CITY REAL ESTATE.

JAMES M. MILLER
Will sell at auction on
WEDNESDAY,
April 29,
at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway,
Under the direction of D. P. Ingraham, Jr., Esq., Referee:
VALUABLE PROPERTY ON
FIFTH-AVENUE,
BROADWAY,
UNIVERSITY-PLACE,
10TH AND 11TH STS.,
as shown in the following diagram:



FOR SALE ON BROADWAY, OR TO LET, near Wall-st.—Probably the largest plot of property in one parcel on Broadway, between the City Hall and Bowling-green, being in measurement about six and one-half City lots; located at the southeast corner of Broadway and Exchange-place, and on New-st.; offered by direction of the executors of Asa Fitch, deceased, to close the estate. This property is now offered at a large reduction of price heretofore asked; if not sold by 1st of May will be rented for business purposes; terms of credit reasonable, or all cash. To new boards or banking institutions. Apply to HOMER MORGAN,
No. 2 Pine-st.

STUYVESANT SQUARE—FOR SALE, THE very elegant four-story brown-stone house, No. 1 Rutherford-place, southwest corner of 17th-st., near Dr. Tyng's Church; house is 20.4 feet wide, fronts the park, and has side lights; one of the finest locations in the City. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

THIRTY-SIXTH-ST.—FOR SALE, A VERY elegant full-size brown-stone house, near 5th-av., with or with furniture. Apply to
HOMER MORGAN,
No. 2 Pine-st.

A NICE SMALL FOUR-STORY AND basement brown-stone high-stoop house for sale or rent, No. 132 East 27th-st., near Lexington-av.; all improvements and in good order; possession immediately; may be seen without permit from 11 to 3.
JOHN FOLEY, No. 169 Broadway.

FOR SALE—THE FOUR-STORY BROWN-stone house No. 24 West 49th-st., built in the best manner by Amos Woodruff, with double floors, high stoop, French roof and all modern improvements; will be completed by May 1. Apply to A. VAN WINKLE, No. 205 West-st.

FOR SALE—5TH-AV., MURRAY HILL, A FOUR-story brown-stone house, in prime order, elegantly furnished, with stable, horses, carriages. Possession immediately. For permits apply to MULLER, WILKINS & CO., No. 7 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—FINE BUILDING LOTS ON 73D and 74th sts., between 1st and 2d avs., 25x102 feet. Inquire of S. LANE, Jr., No. 205 Canal-st., New-York.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—THE EXTRA fine finished house No. 308 West 28th-st. Inquire at No. 75 Reade-st.

FOR SALE—THREE FIRST-CLASS HOUSES, Nos. 11, 13 and 15 East 42d-st. Inquire of JOHN SNIFFEN, on the premises.

BROOKLYN REAL ESTATE.

JOHNSON & MILLER WILL, BY ORDER OF the Executors of the late Hon. John A. Cross, sell at auction, at 12 o'clock, on TUESDAY, April 28, at Exchange salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, the splendid new mansion erected by Mr. Cross for his own home, situated on the northeast corner of Clinton and Myrtle avs., Brooklyn, adjoining residence of John Halsey, Esq., with the fine stable and beautiful grounds. This is one of the most magnificent mansions in Brooklyn. Built without regard to cost. Sale peremptory. See auction advertisement. Apply for further particulars to JOHNSON & MILLER, No. 25 Nassau-st.

FOR SALE—THE THREE-STORY, BASEMENT and sub-cellar, brick house, No. 17 Lafayette-av., corner Raymond-st.; recently new; painted, both outside and inside; parlors painted and ceiling frescoed, and put in complete order throughout; contains all modern improvements. Will be sold at a bargain if applied for immediately. Apply to JESSE S. CARMAN, No. 153 Montague-st.

A BARGAIN IN BROOKLYN.—IMMEDIATE possession; only $1,000 cash; balance very easy terms; genteel Gothic cottage, No. 391 Carlton-av.; seven rooms; gas and water. H. MACOMBER & SON, No. 321 Fulton-st., Brooklyn.

FOR SALE—A FINE LOT, 25x100, ON TAYLOR-st., near Bedford-av., one of the best locations in Brooklyn. Inquire of S. LANE, Jr., No. 205 Canal-st., New-York.

MARBLE MANTELS.

THE PENRHYN SLATE COMPANY,
Manufacturers of
MARBLEIZED SLATE MANTELS,
BILLIARD TABLE BEDS,
PLUMBERS' SLABS,
Cisterns, Baths, Sinks and shelving of all kinds.
MARBLEIZED SLABS
for piers, tables, bureaus, what-nots, &c.
Wainscoting and paneling for rooms and halls. Every description of slate work made to order. The trade supplied on favorable terms.
ELEAZER JONES, Manager,
Middle Granville, N. Y.
Warehouse, No. 40 West 18th-st., New-York.

MARBLE MANTELS.—THE BEST PLACE in the City to purchase Marble Mantels, of the latest designs, at very low prices, is at A. KLABER'S Marble Works, Nos. 134 and 136 East 18th-st., near 3d-av., N. Y. Mantels put up in the country. Cut this out.

MARBLE MANTELS—IN GREAT VARIEties, at reduced prices, at S. KLABER'S manufactory, No. 82 1st-av., near 3d-st. Mantels put up in the country.

MARBELIZED SLATE MANTELS—Half the price of marble. Send for a circular. T. B. STEWART, 605 6th-av., bet. 35th and 36th sts.

MISCELLANEOUS.

MATS, BROOMS, MATTRESSES,
Constantly on hand at the New-York Institution for the Blind, 9th-av., between 33d and 34th sts. Mattresses made to order, or made over at short notice. All orders promptly executed. Work sent for and delivered free of charge to any part of the City.

THE URETHROTOMES.—THIS IS THE term selected to designate six instruments, one of which is adapted to each variety of structure of the urethra. Any case, however aggravated, can be instantly relieved and consecutively permanently cured by the patient himself, in two months, without further interference. See SCALPEL, No. 46, for three lectures on stricture, to his private surgical class, by Edward H. Dixon, M. D. For sale by EVERARDUS WARNER, No. 1 Vesey-st., Astor House. Price 50 cents. Office hours, for consultation, from 1 to 3, and 7 to 9 evenings, at No. 42 5th-av. The instruments are not for sale, and can be used personally by the inventor only.

WANTED—THE FOLLOWING NUMBERS OF the NEW-YORK TIMES:
1860—July 2, 3, 4, 5, 16, 17, 24, 25, 28.
Aug. 6, 24, Sept. 18, 22, 26.
Oct. 9, 27, 31, Nov. 24.
Dec. 1, 3, 7, 17, 26, 28.
1865—May 4, 30, Dec. 7.
1866—March 3, April 14, Aug. 11, 25, Sept. 26.
1867—Aug. 31.
Apply to GEORGE F. NESBITT & CO.,
Pearl and Pine sts.

BRUSHES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, at reasonable prices, at the Brush Factory, No. 329 Pearl-st., New-York, Harper's Building.
JOHN K. HOPPER.

CORNS, BUNIONS, BAD NAILS, &c., cured by Dr. BRIGGS, No. 208 Broadway, corner Fulton; Briggs' Curative a reliable remedy. Sold everywhere; by mail 60 cents.

SHOW CASES OLD AND NEW OF ALL descriptions sold at the lowest prices by HOFFMAN & FERSCH, No. 148 Chatham-st.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

RUTHERFORD PARK, N. J.
First station on the
ERIE RAILWAY.
Guides may be had free on application to BLAUVELT & OGILBY, No. 187 Broadway, CHARLES BLAKISTON, No. 26 Liberty-st., agents for the Mount Rutherford Company, or to R. H. BARROWS, General Superintendent Rutherford Park, N. J.

A. D. MELLICK, JR., & BRO.,
No. 26 PINE-ST.,
Offer for sale at Greenville, Bergen Point, Roselle, Westfield, Plainfield, Somerville, Whitehouse, and at all points on the line of the
CENTRAL RAILROAD OF NEW-JERSEY,
houses, lots, country seats and farms. We offer no property that we have not thoroughly examined. Descriptive lists just issued, complete with time tables, maps and detailed descriptions of the towns and villages and the property we are offering for sale.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—FURNISHED, ON the east bank of the Hudson, four miles above Rhinebeck Station, one of the most desirable residence, in the country; stone mansion, 16 rooms, grape-house, greenhouse, &c.; commanding a view of the river for miles; 260 acres, and extensive stabling and barns, four tenant houses, &c.; if not sold before the 1st of May, the house, furnished, with adjacent grounds, will be let for the season. For particulars apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—AT NEW-ROCHELLE, ON LATHer's Hill, an elegant house with 16 rooms, four acres of ground, gardener's house and stable; house has hot and cold water throughout, laundry, stationary tubs, bathroom, dumb-waiter, butler's pantry; is ten minutes from depot; furniture can be had with the house, if desired. Apply to JNO. O. HIGGINS, No. 7 Pine-st., New-York.

STATEN ISLAND, NORTH SHORE—FOR SALE—FARMS, well located, from $5,000 to $30,000. COUNTRY SEATS, modern built houses, with from 2 acres to 30 acres; some very attractive. HOUSES and LOTS, in great variety, at all prices. BUILDING LOTS, from City lots to 1 acre. Particulars of
J. M. PHELPS & CO., No. 5½ Pine-st.

FOR SALE—IN NORTHAMPTON, MASS., A first-class residence, buildings all new, and on an elevated situation, commanding an extensive view of the valley of the Connecticut River. There are nearly three acres of excellent ground, with an abundance of young fruit trees. Inquire of ENOS PARSONS, Northampton.

ORANGE, N. J.—VILLAS, VILLA SITES AND farms, a great variety, beautifully situated, one hour from New-York, for sale low. Also, country seats and houses to let for the season, or year, by BLACKWELL & SMITH, No. 43 Broadway, New-York, 9 to 11 A. M.; Orange, corner Main and Cone sts., 1 to 5 P. M.

THREE NEW BUILDINGS—FRENCH roof and gothic, at Forest Grove, Morrisiana, located on high ground; three minutes from horse and eight from steam cars, and twenty minutes from 42d-st.; will be sold very low; 70 per cent. on mortgage. Inquire at No. 87 Bowery.

FOR SALE IN FLUSHING, L. I.—A VERY desirable country residence, pleasantly located on Clinton-av., is now offered for sale upon favorable terms, for the purpose of closing an estate. For particulars apply to G. EDWARD CARL, Real Estate Agent, Flushing; or of ISAAC PECK, No. 33 Pearl-st., New-York.

FARM FOR SALE IN WESTCHESTER COUNTY, N. Y.—210 acres, with mansion and farmhouses, barns, and all necessary outbuildings, situate about two miles from Williams bridge; fine view of Long Island Sound. Apply at No. 170 William-st. No agents need apply.

A FARM OF 72 ACRES, AT CRAWFORD, on Central Railroad of New-Jersey, 16 miles from New-York; elevated land, fronting on a wide, rapid, running stream; old-fashioned buildings; will be sold very much less than value, $12,000. A. D. MELLICK, JR. & BROTHER, No. 26 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—IN SOUTH BERGEN, N. J., A NEW French roof house, 48 feet deep, 12 rooms, in superior order and style; fine plots of ground; very desirably located; price $7,500. Apply at S. GARABRANT'S Real Estate Agency, Bergen-square.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—ON LONG Island, a double two-story house, barn, &c., with about 4½ acres of land, 5 miles from New-York; stages pass the door; 15 minutes' walk from depot. Rent $300. Apply to DANIEL TALMAGE, No. 108 Water-st.

FOR SALE—AT ENGLEWOOD, N. J., TWO minutes' walk from depot, a desirable house of 12 rooms, with hot and cold water, bath, gas-pipes, &c.; good garden, fruit trees, &c. Inquire of S. LANE, Jr., No. 205 Canal-st., New-York.

WORTH $5,000, WILL SELL FOR $4,000; $300 allowed for repairs; terms easy; cottage of 11 rooms; all necessary outbuildings, fruit, garden, &c., on Staten Island. CALLENDER & LAURENCE, No. 30 Pine-st.

NORTH SHORE, STATEN ISLAND.—Building sites for sale. J. M. PHELPS & CO., No. 5½ Pine-st., invite attention to maps, at their office, of some very choice lots, for sale, most eligibly located, near ferries, and at low prices.

A COUNTRY SEAT FOR SALE ON THE Hudson River, near Hyde Park; about 120 acres of land; half a mile river front; lodge, billiard-house, brick barns, &c. For particulars apply to POTTER BROTHERS & BELLAMY, No. 3 Pine-st., New-York.

AT GARRISON'S, OPPOSITE WEST POINT—For sale, a beautifully situated house and five acres of land, three-fourths of a mile from the depot. Inquire at CULBERT BROTHERS', No. 777 Broadway, or of G. F. & W. D. GARRISON, at Garrison's.

PLAINFIELD.—AN ELEGANT RESIDENCE and 15 acres of land, situate on a fine wide street, for sale for $20,000. A. D. MELLICK, JR., & BRO.,
No. 26 Pine-st.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

DESIRABLE ROOMS.—A SMALL PRIVATE family, permanently located near Broadway and 29th-st., would offer a pleasant suite of furnished rooms, second story, with the comforts of a home, to a gentleman and wife or two single gentlemen desiring permanent board at a fair equivalent. Parties who respect the Sabbath preferred. Address M. M., Box No. 2,607 Post-office.

BOARDING—FIRST-CLASS BOARD CAN BE had in a private family (not moving May 1,) in 17th-st., near Stuyvesant-square, for two or three single gentlemen or gentleman and wife; best reference given and required. Address HOWARD, Box No. 3,345 Post-office.

TO LET—"IN COUNTRY AIR ALL SUMMER," on Beekman Terrace—A new brick house, not offered hitherto to accommodate friends; 11 rooms; terms now low. Call on Tuesday, April 28, or later, and see house and owner, No. 424 East 51st-st.; furnished or unfurnished.

TWENTY-THIRD-ST., BETWEEN 5TH AND 6TH AVS.—Board in a well kept house may now be secured for families and single gentlemen, with handsomely furnished rooms, that will be vacant on 1st of May. Apply immediately at No. 73 West 23d-st.

NO. 57 9TH-ST., A FEW DOORS WEST of Broadway—handsome furnished rooms, en suite or single, to gentlemen only, with or without breakfast. The best of references given and required.

PART OF No. 48, CLINTON-PLACE, rent in board, to private family, adults, basement, second story, and attic; house newly repaired thoroughly; immediate possession.

$7 TO $12 PER WEEK.—PLEASANT rooms with excellent board, at No. 176 Bleecker-st., near Macdougal; also on the seashore near New-York.

FOR $15 PER WEEK, EACH (ONLY four adults) can obtain room and board on East 45th-st. with an American family of good position, who refer to O. Holden, No. 12 Bible House.

NO. 163 EAST 17TH-ST.—A DELIGHTful Summer location on Stuyvesant-park; beautiful house, desirable rooms, and first-class board at Summer prices. References required.

ONE TO FOUR ROOMS, NEWLY AND handsomely furnished, in a private family, with or without first-class board. Apply at No. 214 28th-st., a few doors from 7th-av.

PLEASANT ROOMS WITH FIRST-CLASS board for a gentleman and wife, or a family, at No. 238 West 25th-st.; children not objectionable; no moving; best of references given and required.

FOURTEENTH-ST., NEAR 5TH-AV.—Handsome suites of rooms to let with first-class board. Apply at No. 15 West 14th-st.

A SMALL FAMILY WILL LET A LARGE unfurnished room on first floor, with board for two, at $18 per week. No. 260 West 11th-st.

IRON WORKS.

ARCHITECTURAL IRON WORKS,
14th-st., between Avenues B and C, New-York.
D. D. BADGER, President. N. CHENY, Vice-Pres't.
Fire-proof buildings of every description, and every kind of iron work for building purposes, also for bridges.

GAS WORKS,
For towns, factories, hotels, country dwellings, &c. Hirzel's German Apparatus. In successful operation in Europe and America. Refer to Holmes, Booth & Haydens, Waterbury, Conn., and others.
RIGHTER & AUSTIN,
No. 2 Hanover Buildings, New-York.

SUMMER RESORTS.

HEATH HOUSE,
SCHOOLEY'S MOUNTAIN SPRINGS,
New-Jersey,
opens 15th of June with terms reduced. For particulars, route, &c., address S. T. COZZENS.

DENTISTRY.

ARTIFICIAL TEETH INSERTED IN the best manner. Terms and prices to suit all. Ladies who wish to avoid exorbitant prices for dental work will find it to their advantage to call before engaging work elsewhere. To persons whose means are limited, a deduction will be made.
No. 235 6th-av., New-York, No. 933 Arch-st., and No. 103 North 10th-st., Philadelphia.
DR. CHARLES A. WHITE,
Manufacturer and Inserter of Artificial Teeth.

COLTON DENTAL ASSOCIATION ORIGINATED the anæsthetic use of nitrous oxide gas, administer it in the manner most approved by the medical profession, do nothing but EXTRACT TEETH, and they certainly do that WITHOUT PAIN—so 20,000 patients testify. See their names at the office, No. 19 Cooper Institute.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—BY A SMALL FAMILY RESIDING 15 miles from New-York, a Protestant girl of good character and disposition, as nurse for young children and for light chamberwork; an orphan preferred; a desirable girl will have a pleasant, permanent home. Address, for three days, PALISADES, Box 113 Times Office.

MILLWRIGHT WANTED—A PRACTICAL carpenter and millwright; one who understands his business perfectly; situation permanent. Address L. M. CO., Box No. 3,139 New-York City.

WANTED—GOOD DRESSMAKERS ON LAdies' and children's suits at LORD & TAYLOR'S, corner Grand and Chrystie sts. Good prices to first-class hands.

WANTED—A LADY'S MAID WHO UNDERstands dressmaking and hairdressing, and can furnish City reference from her last situation. Apply between 10 and 12 at No. 105 5th-av.

WANTED—A YOUNG WOMAN WHO UNDERstands dressmaking and is a neat quick sewer. Apply to Miss WARD, No. 189 Monroe-st.

$10 A DAY FOR ALL.—STENCIL TOOL samples free. Address A. J. FULLAM, Springfield, Vt.

DWELLINGS TO LET.

COTTAGE ON LONG ISLAND.
An unfurnished cottage to let, to a small family, at Roslyn, Long Island, about twenty miles from town, within a few minutes' walk of the steamboat landing, and not far from the railway station.
Apply in the counting-room of the *Evening Post*, No. 41 Nassau-st., New-York.

TO LET.
No. 21 Clinton-place, 4-story, h. s., near Broadway.
No. 14 St. Mark's-place, 3-story, &c., h. s.
No. 15 St. Mark's-place, 3-story, &c., h. s.
No. 149 East 27th-st., 3-story, &c., h. s.
No. 53 Crosby-st., 2-story and attic, h. s.
No. 10 Fourth-st., near Broadway, 2-story, &c.
2d floor No. 49 John-st.
2d and 3d floors, No. 889 Broadway.
Floors Nos. 48 and 50 Cortlandt-st.
Offices Nos. 5 and 7 William-st.
Apply at No. 192 Broadway, from 11 to 12 o'clock; or at No. 147 East 27th-st., of PETER A. H. JACKSON.

FURNISHED COUNTRY SEAT FOR RENT.—Will be leased for one or more years, the family residence of the late Thomas H. Leggett, in the village of Flushing, L. I. The dwelling is a large two-story double house, with wing attached. The grounds are ample and richly ornamented, comprising over six acres, with large gardens, lawns, &c., a good barn, carriage-house, work-shop, hennery, icehouse, and in fact all the surroundings of a first-class private residence. The furniture will also be let with the place, and early possession given. With best of schools, churches and society, and easy access to the City, this offers a rare opportunity to a gentleman of leisure or business. Apply to J. F. FRANKLIN, No. 112 Broadway, New-York.

SUBURBAN VILLA TO LET, PARTIALLY furnished, lately the residence of DANIEL DEVLIN, Esq., deceased, situate on the heights beyond Manhattanville, 1½ miles north of Central Park; entrance on the Bloomingdale road; six acres, secluded, handsome lawn, shade, shrubbery and greenhouses; good vegetable gardens; superb views of North and East Rivers, and landscape of part of Westchester Co.; fine house with modern improvements, commodious brick stable. This place combines the advantages of a healthy City and country home; will be let for two or more years. Apply to WM. S. DUKE, No. 77 Cedar-st.

TO LET—AT FORDHAM, THE RESIDENCE OF the late H. W. T. Mali; the grounds are extensive and handsomely laid out, the house is large and commodious, and is fully furnished, and is situated directly on the Heights, commanding beautiful views of the Harlem and North Rivers, large stable, carriage-house, gardener's house, &c.; garden with every variety of fruits; four miles north of Central Park, one mile from Fordham depot on Harlem Railroad, and half a mile from steamboat landing on Harlem River. Apply to H. H. CAMMANN, No. 31 Pine-st.

TO LET—AT HARLEM—A NEW AND ELEgant dwelling, replete with all modern conveniences, new and handsomely furnished, a few minutes' walk from the Harlem boat landing and 2d and 3d-av. cars. The above will be let on moderate terms to a family without children until Nov. 1. Apply at the premises, to W. C. RAWOLLE, south side 116th-st., two doors west of Avenue A. This is a rare opportunity for those desiring a country residence, and at the same time be within a convenient distance of the City.

TO LET—UNFURNISHED OR FURNISHED, IN the very best style, a residence in Morrisania, eight minutes from depot; brick house, 25x50, 12 rooms frescoed in oil, (cupola); stable, (4 stalls,) coach-house and coachman's room; one acre of ground, handsome walks, all kinds of fruit; nine trains from City daily; neighborhood private and strictly first-class. Apply to A. P. SMITH & BRO., No. 1,304 Broadway.

TO LET OR LEASE—THE "HAMILTON Grange," built by Gen. Hamilton, a fine residence at 145th-st., on Kingsbridge-road; 13 rooms, kitchen, dairy, gas and water throughout; 33 acres of land, gardens, gardener's house, coach-house and stable, all in good order. For permits apply to A. P. SMITH & BRO., No. 1,304 Broadway.

TO LET—A LARGE FIRST-CLASS BRICK house, with all the modern improvements; has 16 rooms; stands on three lots of ground, No. 189 Jersey-avenue, corner South 8th-st., Jersey City; the Hoboken cars pass the door; rent $1,800 per annum. Inquire at the house, or of C. H. CROSBY, No. 29 William-st., corner Exchange-place.

TO LET OR LEASE—THE CORNER STORE and dwelling No. 76 6th-av., corner Waverley-place; has been occupied as a drug-store for three years; anti-liquor. THORNTON M. RODMAN,
Real Estate Agent,
No. 803 Broadway, corner 11th-st.

ENGLEWOOD, N. J.—FORTY-FIVE MINutes from New-York.—To let for the Summer, furnished house, 10 rooms, barn, garden planted, pleasant and shaded grounds, opposite Englewood House, three minutes' walk from depot. Apply to RIPLEY & CO., No. 244 Pearl-st., or WM. HALL & SON, 543 Broadway.

TO LET—AT MANHATTANVILLE, WITHIN one minute's walk of 8th-av. cars, the upper part of a house; house has fine grounds; stable and vegetable garden if desired; rent reasonable to a responsible tenant. For terms, &c., address A. B. C., Box No. 149 *Times* Office.

TO LET—FURNISHED, ON DEAN-ST., BEtween Smith and Hoyt sts., Brooklyn, a three-story and basement brick dwelling, 22x40, lot 22x100 feet, 13 rooms, all improvements, handsomely furnished. Permits and particulars of WYCKOFF & LITTLE, No. 151 Montague-st., Brooklyn.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET—AT A moderate rent, a small, well-furnished house, pleasantly located; possession immediately. Apply at No. 127 East 17th-st., two doors from Irving-place, between 2 and 5 P. M.

IRVINGTON ON THE HUDSON—TO LET, furnished, a fine residence, with modern conveniences and barn; fine river views, and near depot and steamboat landing; rent $250 per month. Address F. D., Box No. 179 *Times* Office.

TO LET—A LARGE FIRST-CLASS HOUSE, 26X 45 feet, in South 4th-st., in elegant order; all improvements; lot 152 feet deep; very convenient to all the ferries; location unexceptionable; rent $1,200. WM. MORGAN, No. 50 Broadway, Brooklyn, E. D.

TO LET AND FURNITURE FOR SALE—A pleasant place on the line of the New-Haven Railroad, with abundance of fruit and shade trees. For particulars inquire of JOHN D. GILBERT, Package Agent, New-Haven Depot, 27th-st.

TO LET—TWO LARGE HOUSES IN PIERmont; one of them furnished in fine order, with fine grounds, fruit trees, &c.; rents $1,000, $2,000; also a house in Tarrytown, $550. J. DENHAM & CO., 8th-av. and 16th-st.

TO LEASE—A 40 ACRE FARM, WITH GOOD house and buildings, 14 miles from the City, near a railroad station; well adapted for dairying or market gardening, or for a country residence. Apply at No. 161 Broadway, Room No. 2.

MOUNT VERNON, WESTCHESTER COUNTY.—To let, a first-class house, handsomely furnished; fruits in abundance, flowers, stable, &c.; five minutes' from depot. Apply on the premises, corner 1st-av. and 3d-st.

APARTMENTS OF FOUR ROOMS EACH to let, with gas and water, in new house No. 417 10th-av., between 36th and 37th sts.; rent $26. Apply on the premises, from 4 to 6 P. M., or GEO. W. FANNING, No. 45 Rivington-st.

TO LET—FURNISHED HOUSE AT NEWTOWN, Long Island, suitable for a large family; very conveniently situated, and within easy access of New-York by two lines railroad; large garden, &c. Apply to FRANCIS T. WALKER, No. 18 Wall-st.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE TO LET, furnished, located 1½ miles south of Yonkers, 12 acres in lawn and forest trees, large grapery, icehouse, carriage-house, and the use of a cow. Apply to NORMAN PECK, No. 4 Jauncey-court.

ASTORIA.—TO LET—FURNISHED, AFTER 1st May, for four, five or six months, a cottage house, very desirably situated. Address Box No. 77 Post-office, Astoria; or apply in Remsen-st., fifth house from Franklin-st.

TO LET—THE THREE-STORY BRICK HOUSE No. 99 Christopher-st., with all the modern improvements. Inquire of V. L. BUXTON, No. 96 Warren-st., from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M. Rent $1,200.

TO LET—IN 10TH-AV., NEAR 23D-ST., HANDsome four-story house in perfect order; suitable for a boarding-house. J. DENHAM & CO., 8th-av. and 16th-st.

TO LET OR FOR SALE AT SPRING Valley Depot—A fine two-story and basement cottage, nine rooms, small garden, barn, fruit, &c.; rent $300. Inquire at Truss office, No. 2 Barclay-st.

TO LET—HANDSOME FOUR-STORY HIGH-stoop brown-stone house in 20th Ward; one of a row, in perfect order; rent low. J. DENHAM & CO., 8th-av., corner 16th-st.

TO LET—IN MIDDLE VILLAGE, L. I., A frame house and garden, five minutes' walk from horse cars. For particulars inquire of Mrs. VAUGHN, or B. DIXON, No. 316 East 31st-st.

TO RENT—WITH THE HANDSOME FURNIture, a very elegant corner house on Madison-av., with a stable. Can be seen only by permits from E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

FORT HAMILTON MANSION TO RENT—An elegant residence situate on the river bank at the Narrows, near steamboat landing. Photographic picture at H. & J. HOPKINS', No. 140 Reade-st.

TO LET—TWO FURNISHED HOUSES AT Sharon, Conn.; gardens, barns, &c., at $450 and $500 each for the season; four hours' Harlem R. R. GEO. E. WOODWARD, Architect, No. 191 Broadway, N. Y.

AT ELIZABETH, N. J.—FOR SALE OR TO let furnished, an elegant house, with 16 rooms, milk bath-rooms and laundry; twelve acres, beautifully laid out. R. C. EDWARDS, No. 78 Cedar-st.

TO LET—PART OF HOUSE NO. 282 4TH-AV., between 21st and 22d sts.; three floors together or separate; bath and gas; good location for any light business.

COUNTRY COTTAGE TO LET—LOCATED 1½ miles south of Yonkers; it contains a parlor, kitchen and two sleeping-rooms. Rent $12 per month. Apply No. 4 Jauncey-court. NORMAN PECK.

TO RENT—FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED, the first-class four-story brown-stone high-stoop house No. 52 West 47th-st., beautifully frescoed. Immediate possession. S. W. BENEDICT, No. 586 6th-av.

TO LET—NORTH SHORE, STATEN ISLAND.—J. M. PHELPS & CO., No. 5½ Pine-st., have very attractive and convenient houses to rent in choice localities, furnished and unfurnished; Summer or year.

TO RENT—FURNISHED—THE FINE THREE-story high-stoop brown-stone house No. 105 West 47th-st., in perfect order. Also many others. S. W. BENEDICT, No. 586 6th-av.

A HOUSE TO LET—NO. 325 EAST 41ST-ST., near 2d-av.; stone front; all improvements; three stories, high basement; in good order. Apply this day to owner on premises from 12 to 2 o'clock. Rent $1,400.

SECOND AND THIRD FLOORS TO LET—At No. 17 Bedford-st., six rooms. Inquire on the premises, between 3 and 5 o'clock P. M., or at No. 58 Vandam-st. Rent moderate.

TO RENT OR FOR SALE—THREE-STORY high-stoop stone-front house; modern improvements; rent $1,000 to $1,300. Apply at 344 East 62d-st.

TO LET—A GOOD HOUSE WITH 14 ROOMS, stable and 6 lots, corner of Broadway and 103d-st.; gas, water, range, &c. E. K. ADAMS, 117 Broadway.

TO LET—SECOND FLOOR NO. 162 WEST 46TH-st., furnished; rent $75 per month. Apply from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M. on the premises. Ring twice.

TO LET—UNFURNISHED APARTMENTS, NO. 20 Union-place, corner of East 15th-st. Apply at the bank on the premises.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET TO gentlemen, at No. 107 East 28th-st., near 4th-av.; breakfast if required; references.

TO LET—IN BERGEN, 15 MINUTES BY HORSE cars from Jersey City Ferry, a fine three-story house and stable; rent $450. Apply at No. 308 West-st.

TO LET—SECOND AND FOURTH FLOORS, SIX rooms each; rent $45 and $30. No. 241 East 31st-st., between 2d and 3d avs.

TO LET—ONE OF THE NEATEST HOUSES IN 18th Ward, with mirrors and gas fixtures, &c.; rent $1,400. J. DENHAM & CO., 8th-av., corner 16th-st.

TO LET—IN HORATIO-ST., TWO-STORY brick cottage, in good order; rent $650. J. DENHAM & CO., 8th-av., corner 16th-st.

DWELLINGS TO LET.

$500.—COUNTRY HOUSE TO LET, furnished—Hazlewood Cottage, situate on the borders of the romantic Lake of Luzerne, N. Y.; contains parlor, saloon, dining-room, six bedrooms, ante-kitchen, &c.; two acres of ground. Also, ice, wood, garden planted, and stabling if required. Also, three suites of furnished rooms, comprising parlor and two or three bedrooms each; piazza. Board at Wilcox, $8 per week. Twenty miles by rail from Saratoga; ten miles from Lake George. Price for the season to strictly first-class $200 each suite. Refer by permission to JAS. L. DUNHAM, Esq., corner 23d-st. and 4th-av., Rev. SYLVANUS REED, corner 38th-st. and 4th-av., or by letter to B. C. BUTLER, Luzerne, Warren Co., N. Y.

TO LET—FURNISHED AND UNFURNISHED, country seats and cottages at Irvington, Plainfield, Newark, Roselle, Orange, Bergen Hill and Perth Amboy, New-Jersey; Mamaroneck, New-Rochelle, Staatsburg, Staten Island, Flushing, Katonah and Mount Vernon, New-York. Permits of A. JOURNEAY, No. 1 Pine-st.

TO LET—A DESIRABLE COUNTRY SEAT AT Fordham, containing thirteen acres of land, large house with modern improvements, stables, carriage-house, &c.; garden with all varieties of fruits; within convenient distance of railroad. Apply to H. H. CAMMANN, No. 31 Pine-st.

TO LET—SECOND AND THIRD FLOORS, OF building No. 37 East 13th-st., second house east of University-place, north side, suitable for piano-forte warerooms, or for tailoring business. Inquire at OWEN & BROPHY'S paint shop, corner University-place and 11th-st.

TO RENT AT PATERSON, N. J.—A SUBstantial three-story brick house, desirably located; contains 16 rooms, and has all modern improvements and conveniences. Apply to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

TO LET—A PRETTY, CONVENIENT ENGLISH basement house in 15th-st., near 2d-av.; neighborhood unexceptionable; new range put in, and house put in order throughout last year; gas fixtures with the house. Apply to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

STORES, &C., TO LET.

OFFICES TO LET IN TIMES BUILDING.
A portion of the room now occupied by the Surrogate, which will be divided to suit applicants, or rented entire.
Also offices in Nos. 38, 39, 40 and 41 Park-row, *Times* Building, on the second, third and fourth stories, large and spacious, being splendidly lighted from front and rear. Further improvements will be made at the expiration of the Surrogate's lease, the 1st of May next. These buildings are thoroughly fire proof, thereby saving all charges of insurance and hazards incident to fire.
Inquire of JOHN IRELAND, Cashier, *Times* Office.

A PARK-ROW STORE TO LET.
No. 29; seven stories; 115 feet deep, with rear entrance and hoistway for goods.

TO LET—IN THE ELEGANT NEW FIREPROOF MARBLE BUILDING NOS. 59 AND 61 WALL-ST., OFFICES ON THE SECOND, THIRD AND FOURTH FLOORS, SUITABLE FOR BANKERS, BROKERS OR LAWYERS, AT LOW RENTS. APPLY TO THE JANITOR, NOS. 59 AND 61 WALL-ST.

TO LET OR TO LEASE—THE STORE NO. 40 Vesey-st., 26x100 feet; extra strong, well built, fire proof, brown-stone front, five stories, with cellar and sub-cellar; gas and water fixtures complete throughout. Apply to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st., or DAWSON, FORD & CO., No. 56 Vesey-st.

STEAM POWER AND MANUFACTORY TO RENT—Three floors, 25x125, well lighted and located. Apply at office of the Metropolitan Collar Co., No. 307 Broadway.

ELIGIBLE CORNER ROOMS AND FURNISHED OFFICE TO LET—On second floor of Nos. 817 and 819 Broadway, corner of 12th-st. Apply as per bills.

TO LET—THE NEW FIVE-STORY MARBLE store, No. 738 Broadway, size 25x110 feet; immediate possession given; would be divided if desired. Apply to GEO. L. OSBORN.

A STORE FLOOR TO LET—GOOD STAND for fancy goods business, No. 417 10th-av., between 36th and 37th sts.; rent $40. Apply on premises from 4 to 6 P. M.

TO LET—PREMISES NO. 348 CANAL-ST.; store well known as cigar stand, doing a good business, established over 20 years; rent reasonable. For particulars inquire at No. 62 Dey-st.

TO LET—SPLENDID LIGHT LOFTS IN NO. 23 Fulton-st., near Fulton Ferry, with steam power. Apply at No. 209 Water-st.

AN OFFICE TO RENT—FRONT PART OF basement office No. 14 Pine-st. Apply to D. M. SEAMAN, No. 14 Pine-st.

LAW OFFICES AND DESK ROOM TO LET—Two offices, part of a suite, with use of library. Inquire at No. 152 Broadway, Room No. 4.

PHYSICIAN'S OFFICE TO RENT—NO. 278 4th-av., between 21st and 22d sts. Apply on the premises.

TO LET—THE BASEMENT OF THE BUILDING No. 18 4th-av.; also two lofts for storage of furniture. Apply on the premises to CONKLINS & BAYLES.

BROADWAY LOFT AND OFFICE TO LET—Opposite St. Nicholas Hotel. Inquire of M. W. DODD, No. 506 Broadway.

TO LET—A FINE LARGE ROOM ON THE SECond floor front of No. 615 Broadway. Apply on premises.

TO LET—STORES AND CELLARS 137 AND 139 Reade-st. at a low rent. Inquire at No. 140 Reade-st.

DESK-ROOM TO LET—IN OFFICE NO. 8 No. 5 Beekman-st., first floor over Park Bank.

TO LET—NO. 207 WATER-ST., NEAR FULTON Ferry, with steam power. Apply at No. 209 Water-st.

HOUSES & ROOMS WANTED.

WANTED—BY AN AMERICAN FAMILY, AT moderate rent, in New-York, west of 3d-av., or in Brooklyn, adjacent to the ferries, a floor of about four rooms, with conveniences for housekeeping. Address, with terms and other particulars, C. B. H., Box No. 4,600 New-York Post-office.

WANTED—A COUNTRY RESIDENCE, WITHin four hours of New-York, containing not less than 14 rooms, suitable for a young ladies' boarding-school. Address Miss ROBERTSON, No. 49 East 20th-st., New-York.

WANTED—BY A CAPABLE WOMAN TO TAKE charge of a house for the Summer; has no family and bears a good character. Can be seen at her sister's until suited. No. 347 East 23d-st.

INSTRUCTION.

MOUNT WASHINGTON INSTITUTE,
No. 126 West 4th-st., corner of Macdougal, on Washington-square, GEORGE W. CLARKE, A. M., Principal, fits pupils of all ages for business or college. Progress rapid and terms reasonable.

PACKARD'S
ENGLISH TRAINING SCHOOL
FOR
YOUNG MEN AND BOYS,
No. 937 Broadway, and No. 161 5th-av.,
corner of 22d-st.
The design of this School is to afford facilities for Thorough Training in English Branches, preparatory to entering upon professional studies or business. Special pains will be taken with boys from ten years old upward. The new system of "Object Teaching" will be applied, under the direction of an accomplished teacher. A short session of nine weeks will commence on MONDAY, May 4. Terms moderate. Call or send for circular.
S. S. PACKARD, Principal.

IRVINGTON INSTITUTE.
Irvington, on the Hudson, 25 miles from New-York, a French, English and Classical Family Boarding School for Boys. The course of studies embraces all the ordinary English branches and the modern languages, which are taught practically. The French is the language of the school. For circular address
A. BOURSAUD, Principal.

BOARDING SCHOOL FOR BOYS,
NORWALK, CONN.
C. M. SELLECK, Principal.
The Summer session of this School will commence on the second WEDNESDAY of May next, and continue until October.

BUSINESS WRITING, BOOK-KEEPING, &c.—Messrs. DOLBEAR, No. 609 Broadway, teach book-keeping practically; they also remove stiffness, cramping or trembling, and give an elegant business style of writing; open day and evening all Summer.

MOUNTAIN INSTITUTE, HAVERSTRAW, N. Y., LAVALETTE WILSON, A. M., Principal.—A boarding-school for fifteen boys; location beautiful; terms moderate.

SEWARD INSTITUTE—FOR BOYS, FLORIDA, Orange County, N. Y.; number limited to 25. Institution endowed. Terms, $150 for twenty weeks.
T. G. SCHRIVER, A. M.

ROSE HILL SEMINARY FOR YOUNG ladies, Danbury, Conn. Mrs. C. M. WHITE, Principal, can be seen at No. 48 West 15th-st., Saturday, Monday and Tuesday, from 3 to 6 P. M.

FAMILY SCHOOL FOR BOYS, AT BEDFORD, Westchester County, N. Y. A. WILLIAMSON, A. M., Principal. Next session will open May 4. For circulars address the Principal.

MR. GEO. C. ANTHON'S CLASSICAL, French and English School, No. 212 5th-av., corner 26th-st.

HUDSON RIVER INSTITUTE.—TERM opens April 6. Rev. ALONZO FLACK, A. M., Principal, Claverack, Columbia County, New-York.

GOLDEN HILL SEMINARY FOR YOUNG ladies, Bridgeport, Conn. For circulars address the Principal, Miss EMILY NELSON.

MISS A. VAN WAGENEN'S ENGLISH and French Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies, No. 11 East 49th-st.

EAGLESWOOD MILITARY ACADEMY, Perth Amboy, N. J. E. CLEVELAND, A. M., Principal.

MILITARY BOARDING-SCHOOL, WHITE Plains, N. Y. O. R. WILLIS, A. M., Principal.

BOARDING-SCHOOL FOR BOYS, DANbury, Conn. F. J. JACKSON, A. M., Principal.

TEACHERS.

TO PRINCIPALS OF FEMALE COLLEGES.—A gentleman wishes (for the next scholastic year) the position of Professor of Modern Languages in a prosperous female institution. Having had many years of experience in teaching languages, is fully qualified for such a situation; he will invest $1,500; unquestionable references given and required. Address PROFESSOR, Box No. 130 *Times* Office.

FRENCH LESSONS.—AN EXPERIENCED young Professor of distinguished education, lately arrived from Paris, and speaking English fluently, desires a few private lessons; residence vicinity 23d-st. and 5th-av.; would also wish to make arrangements with an institution; best City references. Address X., Box No. 129 *Times* Office.

STATIONERY.

BLANK BOOKS, STATIONERY, JOB PRINTING.—FRANCIS & LOUTREL, No. 45 Maiden-lane, solicit orders for anything in their line. Superior quality and moderate prices.

CLOTHING.

GENTLEMEN HAVING ANY CAST-OFF clothing to dispose of can get a fair price by calling on or addressing JAMES KIRKPATRICK, No. 43 Pearl-st., near Chatham.

SHIPPING.

LIVERPOOL AND GREAT WESTERN STEAM COMPANY.

The following FIRST-CLASS IRON STEAMSHIPS, built expressly for the New-York trade, are intended to sail regularly between NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, calling at QUEENSTOWN, viz.:

MANHATTAN, MINNESOTA,
COLORADO, NEBRASKA,

with other first-class steamers building. To sail:

MINNESOTA	WEDNESDAY, April 29
COLORADO	WEDNESDAY, May 13
NEBRASKA	WEDNESDAY, May 20
MANHATTAN	WEDNESDAY, May 27

From Pier No. 46 North River.

Cabin, (the accommodations being equal to any Atlantic steamer,) $80, gold; return tickets, $160, gold; in steerage, $30, currency.

Tickets to bring out passengers from Europe can be obtained on reasonable terms. For freight or passage apply to WILLIAMS & GUION, No. 71 Wall-st.

For steerage passage to WILLIAMS & GUION, No. 29 Broadway.

REDUCED RATES OF PASSAGE TO THE CONTINENT.

The new iron North German Steamship SMIDT, Capt. H. RASCHEN, of 2,400 tons capacity, WILL SAIL FROM NEW-YORK ON HER FIRST RETURN TRIP TO BREMEN about May 15.

PRICES OF PASSAGE.

First Cabin.....$75 } Payable in
Second Cabin.....36 } Gold.

An experienced surgeon on board.

For further information, freight and passage, apply to THIELE, SEILER & CO., No. 2 Hanover Buildings, Hanover-square.

THE STEAMSHIP CITY OF NEW-YORK, of the Inman Line, will sail from Pier No. 45 North River, at noon, on WEDNESDAY, May 13, for Liverpool, calling at Queenstown.

Rates of Passage—First cabin, $80 gold; steerage, $35 currency.

JOHN G. DALE, Agent, No. 15 Broadway.

ONLY DIRECT LINE TO FRANCE.

THE GENERAL TRANSATLANTIC COMPANY'S MAIL STEAMSHIPS BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND HAVRE, CALLING AT BREST.

The splendid new vessels on this favorite route for the Continent will sail from Pier No. 50 North River, as follows:

PEREIRE	SURMONT	SATURDAY, May 2
VILLE DE PARIS	DUCHESNE	SATURDAY, May 16
EUROPE	LEMARIE	SATURDAY, May 30
ST. LAURENT	BOCANDE	SATURDAY, June 13

PRICE OF PASSAGE IN GOLD, (including wine,)
TO BREST OR HAVRE,
First cabin, $140; second cabin, $85.
TO PARIS,
including railway tickets, furnished on board,
First cabin, $145; second cabin, $88.

These steamers do not carry steerage passengers.

Medical attendance free of charge.

American travelers going to or returning from the continent of Europe, by taking the steamers of this line, avoid both transit by English railways and the discomforts of crossing the channel, besides saving time, trouble and expense.

GEO. MACKENZIE, Agent, No. 58 Broadway.

SAFETY, SPEED AND COMFORT.

FURTHER REDUCTION IN PASSAGE RATES.

Favorite passenger steamers of the ANCHOR LINE sail every SATURDAY with passengers for LIVERPOOL, GLASGOW AND DERRY.

IOWA	HEDDERWICK	May 2
UNITED KINGDOM	DONALDSON	May 6
COLUMBIA	CARNAGHAN	May 9
CALEDONIA	MACDONALD	May 16

From Pier No. 20 North River, at noon.

Rates of passage, payable in currency:

Cabin to Liverpool, Glasgow or Derry, $90 and $75, according to location.

Excursion tickets, good for twelve months, $160.

Intermediate to Glasgow or Derry, $35; Steerage, $30

Prepaid certificates from these ports, $37.

Passengers booked to and from Hamburg, Rotterdam, Antwerp, Havre, &c., at very low rates.

For further information apply at the Company's office, No. 6 Bowling-green, New-York.

HENDERSON BROTHERS.

To avoid imposition, passengers will please come direct to the office, as this Company does not employ runners.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS

BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.

SCOTIA leaves	WEDNESDAY, April 29
JAVA leaves	WEDNESDAY, May 6
CHINA leaves	WEDNESDAY, May 13
AUSTRALASIAN leaves	WEDNESDAY, May 20
RUSSIA leaves	WEDNESDAY, May 27
SCOTIA leaves	WEDNESDAY, June 3
Chief cabin passage	$130
Second cabin passage	80

TO PARIS.

Chief cabin passage	145

Payable in gold.

Berths not secured until paid for.

An experienced surgeon on board.

The owners of these ships will not be accountable for specie or valuables, unless bills of lading having the value expressed are signed therefor.

For freight or passage apply to E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green, New-York.

CUNARD LINE OF STEAMERS.

BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT QUEENSTOWN.

FROM NEW-YORK EVERY THURSDAY.

ALEPPO sails	April 30
SIBERIA sails	May 7

RATES OF PASSAGE FROM NEW-YORK:

Cabin	$80 Gold.
Steerage	$30 Currency.

Steerage tickets from Liverpool or Queenstown at lowest rates.

For Freight and Cabin Passage, apply at No. 4 Bowling-green.

For Steerage Passage, apply at No. 69 Broadway.

E. CUNARD.

STEAM TO LIVERPOOL—CALLING AT QUEENSTOWN, IRELAND.—The Inman Line, under contract with the United States and British Governments for carrying the Mails, intend dispatching their steamers as follows:

CITY OF BALTIMORE	SATURDAY, May 2
CITY OF CORK (via Halifax)	MONDAY, May 4
CITY OF BOSTON	SATURDAY, May 9
CITY OF ANTWERP	SATURDAY, May 16
ETNA (via Halifax)	MONDAY, May 18
CITY OF PARIS	SATURDAY, May 33

And each succeeding SATURDAY and alternate MONDAY, at 1 P. M., from Pier No. 45 North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE

By the mail steamer sailing every Saturday.

PAYABLE IN GOLD.		PAYABLE IN CURRENCY.	
First Cabin	$100	Steerage	$35
To London	105	To London	40
To Paris	115	To Paris	50

Passage by the Monday steamers, first cabin, $90, gold; steerage, $35, payable in currency.

Rates of passage from New-York to Halifax: First Cabin, $20; steerage, $10—payable in gold.

Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Hamburg, Bremen, &c., at moderate rates.

Steerage passage from Liverpool or Queenstown, $40 currency. Tickets can be bought here by persons sending for their friends.

For further information, apply at the Company's offices. JOHN G. DALE, Agent, No. 15 Broadway, New-York.

NATIONAL LINE.

THE STEAMSHIP VIRGINIA, THOMAS, will leave SATURDAY, May 2, at 12 M., from Pier No. 47 North River.

Passage to Liverpool or Queenstown: Cabin, $100; Steerage, $30, currency.

Steerage tickets from Liverpool or Queenstown, $37, currency.

Apply at the Company's office, Nos. 57 and 27 Broadway. F. W. J. HURST, Manager.

PASSAGE TO AND FROM GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND

BY STEAMSHIP AND SAILING PACKET, AT REDUCED RATES.

DRAFTS AVAILABLE THROUGHOUT ENGLAND, IRELAND, SCOTLAND AND WALES.

For particulars apply to TAPSCOTT, BROTHERS & CO., No. 86 South-st. and No. 23 Broadway.

HAVANA, SISAL AND VERA CRUZ.

SAILING EVERY TWENTY DAYS.

The elegant, new steamship NEVADA, W. MEGILL, Commander, will leave Pier No. 17 East River, on FRIDAY, April 24, at 10 A. M.

For freight or passage apply to F. ALEXANDER & SONS, No. 44 Beaver-st.

FOR ST. THOMAS AND BRAZIL.

UNITED STATES AND BRAZIL MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

REGULAR MAIL STEAMERS sailing on the 23d of every month:

SOUTH AMERICA, Capt. E. L. TINKLEPAUGH, May 23.
MISSISSIPPI, Capt. GEO. B. SLOCUM, June 23.
MERRIMACK, Capt. L. F. TIMMERMAN, July 23.

These splendid steamers sail on schedule time, and call at St. Thomas, Para, Pernambuco, Bahia and Rio de Janeiro, going and returning. For engagements of freight or passage, apply to WM. R. GARRISON, Agent, No. 5 Bowling-green, New-York.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.

MERCHANTS' STEAMSHIP LINE,

Comprising the first-class steamships

GEN. GRANT	Capt. H. L. QUICK
CRESCENT CITY	Capt. E. W. HOLMES
SHERMAN	Capt. W. P. HENRY
GEN. MEADE	Capt. A. W. SAMPSON
UNITED STATES	Capt. GEO. L. NORTON

The steamship UNITED STATES, Capt. GEORGE L. NORTON, Will be dispatched on SATURDAY, May 2, at 2 o'clock P. M., from Pier No. 12 North River.

Freight received at through rates for St. Louis, Mobile and Galveston.

For freight or passage, having superior accommodations, Apply to the agent, SAMUEL STEVENS, No. 40 Broadway.

FOR MOBILE.

FERNANDINA AND FLORIDA PORTS.

The Florida Railroad Company will dispatch the first-class steamship FLAG, Capt. BAXTER, for Fernandina, on SATURDAY, April 25, at 3 P. M., from Pier No. 29 North River, foot of Warren-st., connecting at Cedar Keys, via Florida Railroad, with the fine steamship MARY, for MOBILE.

Cargo delivered, without lighterage, at Mobile in one week.

Insurance guaranteed at 1½ per cent.

Bills lading furnished and goods forwarded free of commissions to all points on line of Mobile and Ohio Railroad.

Also, through passage-tickets and bills lading issued in connection with railroads in Florida to all places in the interior, and with steamers to points on the St. John's River.

Insurance to Fernandina, 1 per cent; to points on St. John's River, 1½ per cent.

Superior passenger accommodations. Apply to I. K. ROBERTS, Agent, No. 174 Chambers-st.

Mobile agents, A. J. INGERSOLL & CO.

OLD DOMINION STEAMSHIP CO.

FOR NORFOLK, CITY POINT AND RICHMOND.

New and elegant side-wheel steamships HATTERAS, ALBEMARLE, SARATOGA and NIAGARA.

One of the above first-class ships will be dispatched every TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY at 3 P. M., from Pier No. 37 North River, foot of Beach-st., for Norfolk, City Point and Richmond, connecting with the Seaboard Inland Air-Line, Virginia and Tennessee Air-Line, South-Side and Petersburg Railroads, and Richmond and Danville and Virginia Central Railroads, taking freight and granting through bills of lading to all points South and Southwest.

Bills of lading signed on the pier up to the hour of sailing. For freight or passage, having elegant stateroom accommodations, apply to N. L. McCREADY, President, No. 187 Greenwich-st., corner Dey-st.

FOR CHARLESTON, BEAUFORT, HILTON HEAD AND THE FLORIDA PORTS—THE PEOPLE'S MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

MONEKA, Capt. VALPEY, FRIDAY, May 1.
E. B. SOUDER, Capt. LEBBY, FRIDAY, May 8.

from Pier No. 4 North River, at 3 P. M. Through passage tickets and bills of lading issued to all points South, in connection with the South Carolina Railroad, and by steamers to Florida ports.

WHEELER & EINNARD, Agents, 19 Broadway.

SHIPPING.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S

THROUGH LINE TO

CALIFORNIA AND CHINA,

FREIGHT AND PASSAGE AT GREATLY REDUCED RATES.

Steamers of the above line leave Pier No. 42 North River, foot of Canal-st., at 12 o'clock noon,

FOUR TIMES A MONTH,
On 1st, 9th, 16th and 24th,

except when those days fall on Sunday, then the day previous.

One hundred pounds baggage free to each adult. Medicine and attendance free.

MAY 1—ARIZONA, Capt. MAURY, connecting with MONTANA, Capt. ——.

Steamer leaving May 9 connects closely with steamer GREAT REPUBLIC, leaving San Francisco June 3 for China and Japan.

For passage tickets and all further information apply at the Company's ticket office on the wharf, foot of Canal-st. F. R. BABY, Agent.

NORTH AMERICAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

OPPOSITION TO MONOPOLY!
THROUGH LINE TO CALIFORNIA,
Via Panama Railroad.
NEW SAILING ARRANGEMENT.
THE 5TH AND 20TH OF EVERY MONTH,

or the day before when these dates fall on Sunday, from Pier No. 29 North River, foot Warren-st., at noon, at lower rates than by any other line.

MAY 5—Steamship FULTON, connecting with new steamship NEBRASKA.

MAY 20—Steamship GUIDING STAR, connecting with new steamship NEVADA.

These steamships are expressly fitted for this trade, and are unsurpassed for safety, speed, elegance and comfort, and their rates for passage and freight will ALWAYS BE LOWER THAN BY ANY OTHER LINE.

For further particulars address the undersigned at No. 177 West-street, New-York.

D. N. CARRINGTON, Agent.
WM. H. WEBB, President.
CHAS. DANA, Vice-President.
No. 54 Exchange-place, New-York.

REDUCTION OF RATES OF FREIGHT TO CALIFORNIA VIA PANAMA.

90 cents per cubic foot, 1½ cents per pound.

The Pacific Mail Steamship Company's steamer ARIZONA sails on FRIDAY, May 1, at 12 o'clock noon.

For particulars apply at freight office, Pier No. 42 North River, foot of Canal-st.

WELLS, FARGO & CO., Sole Freight Agents P. M. S. S. Co.

FOR BERMUDA.

The steamship COMMANDER is expected to arrive from Bermuda on WEDNESDAY, April 29, and will be dispatched on SATURDAY, May 2, at 3 P. M.

For freight or passage apply to THOMAS J. OUTERBRIDGE, No. 112 Front-st.

UNITED STATES MAIL TO HAVANA.

ATLANTIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY, SAILING REGULARLY EVERY THURSDAY, AT 3 o'clock P. M. precisely, from Pier No. 4 North River.

EAGLE, Capt. M. R. GREENE, April 30.
COLUMBIA, Capt. VAN SICE, May 7.
MORRO CASTLE, Capt. ADAMS, May 14.

For freight or passage, apply to GEO. B. HARTSON, President, No. 5 Bowling-green, New-York.

EXTRA STEAMER FOR HAVANA,

CARRYING THE UNITED STATES MAILS.

The Atlantic Mail Steamship Company will dispatch the steamer MISSOURI for Havana, on SATURDAY, May 2, at 3 o'clock P. M. precisely, from Pier No. 4 North River.

For freight or passage apply to GEO. B. HARTSON, President, No. 5 Bowling Green.

FOR NASSAU, N. P.

UNDER CONTRACT WITH THE BAHAMA GOVERNMENT FOR CARRYING THE ROYAL MAILS.

THE ATLANTIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY will dispatch the splendid side-wheel steamer EAGLE, Capt. M. R. GREENE, on THURSDAY, May 21, at 3 o'clock P. M. precisely, from Pier No. 4 North River.

For engagements of freight or passage apply to GEO. B. HARTSON, President, No. 5 Bowling-green.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.

THE CROMWELL LINE.

Steamships of this line will leave Pier No. 9, North River, as follows:

CORTES	WHITMAN	SATURDAY, May 2
GEO. CROMWELL	VAILL	SATURDAY, May 9
MARIPOSA	KEMBLE	SATURDAY, May 16
GEO. WASHINGTON	GAGER	SATURDAY, May 23.

Freight taken for St. Louis, Mobile and Galveston at through rates.

For freight or passage apply to the agents, H. B. CROMWELL & CO., No. 86 West-st.

FOR SAVANNAH GEORGIA.

EMPIRE LINE.

EVERY SATURDAY, from Pier No. 13 North River, Punctually at 3 P. M.

The favorite side-wheel steamships

SAN SALVADOR, Capt. NICKERSON, SATURDAY, May 2.
SAN JACINTO, Capt. ATKINS, SATURDAY, May 9.

Through tickets to all points in connection with Central Railroad of Georgia and Florida steamers.

For freight or passage apply to WM. R. GARRISON, Agent, No. 5 Bowling-green, New-York.

FOR SAVANNAH, GA.

BLACK STAR LINE—EVERY SATURDAY.

The first-class steamships

MONTGOMERY, LYONS, leaves....SATURDAY, May 2
HUNTSVILLE, CROWELL, leaves....SATURDAY, May 9

at 3 P. M., from Pier No. 13 North River.

R. LOWDEN, Agent, No. 93 West-st.

Through passage tickets given over the Central R. R. of Georgia and Atlantic and Gulf R. R., Florida.

FOR CHARLESTON, S. C., THE FLORIDA PORTS AND THE SOUTH AND SOUTHWEST.—REGULAR LINE—Cabin passage, $15. Measurement goods 10c. per foot, and lower than by any other line. The A 1 fast and reliable steamship SARAGOSSA, M. B. CROWELL, Commander, will sail on SATURDAY, May 2, at 3 P. M., from Pier No. 14 East River, foot of Wall-st. Bills of lading signed for all points in the interior. Agents in Charleston forward all goods free of commission.

ARTHUR LEARY, No. 73 William-st.

MATANZAS will sail on the following Saturday.

FOR SAVANNAH, GA.—MURRAY'S LINE. Every TUESDAY, at 3 P. M., from Pier No. 16 East River, foot of Wall-st. The favorite steamships LEO, Capt. DEARBORN, TUESDAY, April 28. CLEOPATRA, Capt. PHILLIPS, TUESDAY, May 5.

For freight or passage apply to MURRAY, FERRIS & CO., Nos. 61 and 62 South-st.

UNITED STATES PASSPORT BUREAU.—U. States passports indispensable to travelers, issued by J. B. NONES, Passport Agent, 262 Broadway.

STEAMBOATS.

BRISTOL LINE.

FOR BOSTON VIA BRISTOL.

For PROVIDENCE, TAUNTON, NEW-BEDFORD, CAPE COD and all points of railway communication East and North.

The new and splendid steamers BRISTOL and PROVIDENCE leave Pier No. 40 North River, foot of Canal-st., at 5 P. M. daily, Sundays excepted.

Connecting with steamboat express at Bristol at 4:30 A. M., arriving at Boston at 6 A. M., in time to connect with all the Eastern and Northern morning trains from that city.

Tickets and staterooms obtained at office on the pier, (40;) and Westcott's Express office, No. 1 Park-place; also, tickets sold and baggage checked through at the offices of Westcott's Express Company in New-York and Brooklyn.

Freights taken at the lowest rates. Freight express train leaves Bristol at 6 A. M., arriving in Boston at 8:30 A. M.

H. O. BRIGGS, General Manager.
G. W. TIERS, Agent.

STONINGTON LINE.

GREAT INSIDE ROUTE
FOR
BOSTON
VIA STONINGTON AND PROVIDENCE.

The new and elegant sea-going steamers

STONINGTON, Capt. WILL M. JONES, } MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY.
NARRAGANSETT, Capt. GEO. B. HULL, } TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY;

leaving Pier No. 33 North River, foot of Jay-st., at 5 o'clock P. M., connecting with the Stonington and Providence, and the Boston and Providence Railroads.

NO CHANGE OF CARS.

These splendid steamers are unsurpassed for safety and comfort, and passengers will be landed in Boston in ample time for all the early trains.

For passage or freight at the lowest rates, apply at Pier No. 33 North River.

SAMUEL DEVEAU, Agent.

D. S. BABCOCK, President, Stonington Steamboat Company.

PEOPLE'S LINE FOR ALBANY.

The steamers ST. JOHN and DREW leave Pier No. 41, near foot of Canal-st., North River, daily, (Sunday's excepted,) on alternate days, at 6 o'clock P. M.

SHREWSBURY AND LONG BRANCH.—The SEA BIRD, Capt. H. B. PARKER, will leave pier foot of Chambers-st., North River, as follows:

LEAVE NEW-YORK.	LEAVE RED BANK.
Saturday, April 18, 3 P. M.	Friday, April 17, 1:30 P. M.
Monday, April 20, 3 P. M.	Monday, April 20, 6:15 A. M.
Tuesday, April 21, 3 P. M.	Tuesday, April 21, 7 A. M.
Thursday, Ap. 23, 7:30 A. M.	Wednesday, Ap. 22, 7:30 A. M.
Saturday, April 25, 9 A. M.	Friday, April 24, 8 A. M.
Tuesday, April 28, 10 A. M.	Monday, April 27, 9 A. M.

FOR ALBANY AND TROY, FARE $1 50, and proportionate reduction to all points West and North. The steamers C. VANDERBILT and CONNECTICUT leave Pier No. 44 North River, (near foot Spring-st.) daily, Saturdays excepted, at 6 P. M. This is the cheapest and pleasantest route to the great West. Fare on Sunday evenings, $2.

1868.—THE STEAMBOAT MARY POWELL will commence her regular trips for Newburg, Poughkeepsie, Rondout and Kingston, landing at Cozzens, West Point, Cornwall, New Hamburg and Milton, on THURSDAY, April 30, inst., leaving Desbrosses-st. every afternoon, at 3½ P. M.

MORNING LINE TO PEEKSKILL.—The steamboat NORWALK, Capt. E. Van Wart, will commence her regular trips to Peekskill, stopping at all the landings, on Wednesday, April 22, leaving Harrison-st. at 8 o'clock every morning, without exception.

FOR NEW-HAVEN, HARTFORD, &c.—Fare $1. Steamers leave Peck-slip for New-Haven at 3:15 and 11 P. M., connecting with railroad.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

$5,000 CASH.—AN ACTIVE PARTNER WANTED.—The proprietor of a first-class restaurant, eligibly situated on Broadway, having more business than he can give his personal attention, will sell (to a responsible and respectable party, acquainted with the details of the business,) one-quarter interest in the establishment for the above-named sum. Address RESTAURANT, Post-office, Box No. 5,923.

A RETIRING PARTNER'S INTEREST, or the entire business of a well established manufactory of ornamental hair-work, having extensive trade throughout the country, is offered for sale. Apply No. 131 Bleecker-st.

STEAM ENGINE—20 HORSE POWER, TUBULAR boiler and tobacco machinery, for sale cheap on account of removal to the new store, Nos. 206 and 208 Fulton-st. Inquire of H. W. BENTON & CO. No. 247 Washington-st.

LIGHT PATENTED STAPLE MANUFACTURING BUSINESS—With exclusive rights for seven States. Price $5,000. Apply at No. 215 Centre-st., second floor.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

HORSE, HARNESS AND DOG-CART PHAETON FOR SALE.—Can be seen at Waite's stables, 4th-av., above 27th-st.:—horse 15½ hands, stylish, gentle, with bottom and speed; dog-cart, two seats, light, strong and elegant; will be sold cheap. Apply at No. 161 Broadway, Room No. 2.

DRY GOODS

LORD & TAYLOR

OFFER AT RETAIL
SUPERIOR PARIS KID GLOVES
AT ONE DOLLAR PER PAIR.
ALSO,
PARASOLS AND SUN UMBRELLAS,
in all the New Styles and Shades, at very Low Prices.
ALSO,
RICH LACES AND EMBROIDERIES
IN GREAT VARIETY—CHEAP.
Nos. 461 to 467 BROADWAY,
Nos. 255 to 261 GRAND-ST.

LORD & TAYLOR

WILL OFFER ON MONDAY, APRIL 27, THE BALANCE OF THEIR SPRING IMPORTATION,

and also a complete assortment of SEASONABLE GOODS FROM THE LATE AUCTIONS,

consisting in part of

NEW SPRING DRESS GOODS.
RICH PARIS SILKS, in all the new shades;
STRIPED, PLAID, CHECK AND CHENE SILKS, for Spring and Summer wear;
SHAWLS, CLOAKS AND MANTILLAS.
Also, a full line of
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES,
FANCY CLOAKINGS, TWEEDS,
HOSIERY, UNDERGARMENTS, &c.

which will be retailed

AT VERY LOW PRICES.
Nos. 461 to 467 BROADWAY,
Nos. 255 to 261 GRAND-ST.

LORD & TAYLOR,

OFFER GREAT INDUCEMENTS TO PURCHASERS OF

Cotton and Linen Sheetings, Napkins, Doylies, Towels, Quilts, Counterpanes, Blankets, Piano and Table Covers, Window Shades, Damasks, Curtain Materials, Lace Curtains, Draperies, Cornices and Fixtures of every kind.

Also, at

THE GRAND-STREET STORE ONLY,
NEW CARPETINGS.

Axminsters, Wiltons, Brussels, Three-ply, Two-ply, Ingrain and Stair Carpetings, Oil-cloths, Rugs, Mats, Stair Rods, &c., &c.

Those about to move or refurnish will find it greatly to their advantage to call and examine our stock.

Nos. 461 to 467 BROADWAY,
Nos. 255 to 261 GRAND-ST.

LORD & TAYLOR,

Invite special attention to their

LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S FURNISHING DEPARTMENT,

where complete outfits may be procured at short notice and reasonable prices.

ALSO

to their large and well assorted stock of

MOURNING GOODS,

Black Bareges, Grenadines, Alpacas, Mohairs, Silks, Bombazines, Delaines, Collars, Vails, &c.

Nos. 461 to 467 BROADWAY.
Nos. 255 to 261 GRAND-STREET.

LACE CURTAINS, CRETONNE CHINTZES,

TWILLS, DIMITIES, BAZANS, &c.

SLIP COVERS CUT AND MADE.

TAYLOR, M'GIBBON & CO.,
NO. 809 BROADWAY.

KID GLOVES, KID GLOVES.

OUR SPRING ASSORTMENT HAS ARRIVED.
BEST ITALIAN KID GLOVES,
$1 PER PAIR, WARRANTED.
LADIES' COTTON AND LISLE-THREAD HOSE.
LLAMA LACE POINTS. PARASOL COVERS.
RICH LACES.
PARIS AND SCOTCH EMBROIDERIES.

WE OFFER EVERY ARTICLE AT AN EXCEEDINGLY SMALL ADVANCE ON COST. MANY ARTICLES WILL BE FOUND QUITE AS CHEAP AS IN GOLD TIMES.

BENNETT WILLIAMS,
No. 477 Broadway.

R. H. MACY,

14TH-ST. AND 6TH-AV.
STRAW GOODS,
RIBBONS, LACES, EMBROIDERIES,
WHITE GOODS, PARASOLS,
NOTIONS, FANCY GOODS,
GLOVES AND HOSIERY, LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS,
HOUSEKEEPING GOODS,
FRENCH FLOWERS,
KID GLOVES, &c.,
AT POPULAR PRICES.

THREAD AND POINT LACES,

BLACK THREAD,
AND
REAL POINT LACE SHAWLS.
THE FINEST STOCK IN THE CITY.
TRIMMED LACE SETS, LINEN EMBROIDERED YOKES, PARIS EMBROIDERIES,
FRENCH EMBROIDERED BANDS,
INSERTINGS AND EDGINGS,
PLAIN AND FROSTED COLORED LACES,
BLACK LACE APRONS,
BLACK AND WHITE LAMA AND VALENCIENNES
MARIE ANTOINETTE LACE CAPES.
THREAD LACE AND LAMA PARASOL COVERS.
A NEW AND SPLENDID ASSORTMENT.

CHILDREN'S DEPARTMENT.
INFANTS' EMBROIDERED ROBES AND CAPS TO MATCH, PIQUE WALKING SUITS,
MERINO CLOAKS, EMBROIDERED WAISTS, BRAIDED PIQUE CLOAKS, &c., &c.

ARNOLD, CONSTABLE & CO.,
CANAL, CORNER MERCER-ST.

TO FAMILIES REFURNISHING.

ARNOLD, CONSTABLE & CO.
are now offering an extensive line of
LACE AND NOTTINGHAM CURTAINS,
DRAPERY MUSLINS and
VESTIBULE LACES,
in new and choice patterns.
GILT, BLACK WALNUT AND METAL CORNICES AND PINS,
BANDS, BRACKETS,
EMBROIDERED, PRINTED AND EMBOSSED TABLE AND PIANO COVERS, &c., &c.,
AT LESS THAN MARKET PRICES.
CANAL, CORNER MERCER ST.

BARGAINS

IN HOTEL, FAMILY AND HOUSEKEEPING GOODS.
ARNOLD, CONSTABLE & CO.
HAVE NOW IN STOCK
An extensive and varied assortment of
4-4 FAMILY LINENS,
LINEN SHEETINGS, 8-4 to 12-4,
PILLOW-CASE LINENS,
DAMASK TABLE-CLOTHS AND NAPKINS,
(in sets and by the yard;)
HUCK AND DAMASK TOWELS AND TOWELINGS,
RUSSIA CRASH, BIRD'S-EYE DIAPERS,
COLORED DAMASK LUNCH-CLOTHS AND NAPKINS,
LINEN STAIR AND FLOOR DRUGGETS.
FINE AND MEDIUM QUALITY
ENGLISH AND DOMESTIC BLANKETS;
ELEGANT AND NEW DESIGNS IN
MARSEILLES AND EXHIBITION QUILTS,
NAINSOOK, CAMBRIC, SWISS AND JACONET
STRIPED AND PLAID
MUSLINS;
NEW PATTERNS AND EXTRA QUALITIES IN
PIQUES AND WELTS,
AT AND UNDER GOLD VALUE.
ALSO,
A FINE LINE OF POPULAR MAKES IN
DOMESTIC COTTONS
AND
WHITE GOODS
IN EVERY VARIETY.
AT THE LOWEST MARKET RATES.
CANAL, CORNER MERCER STREET.

WINDOW SHADES,

WHITE AND BUFF HOLLAND

CORNICES,

GILT, BLACK WALNUT AND METAL.

TAYLOR, M'GIBBON & CO.,
NO. 809 BROADWAY

MOURNING BONNETS.

AT JACKSON'S MOURNING STORE.
ALL THE MOST FASHIONABLE STYLES IN
CREPE, SILK AND STRAW.
PLAIN AND TRIMMED,
AT GREATLY REDUCED RATES.
W. JACKSON, IMPORTER
OF MOURNING GOODS, NO. 551 BROADWAY.

DRY GOODS.

CARPETING

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

OIL-CLOTHS,

MATTINGS, MATS, MATTRESSES, SHADES, CORNICES, &c., &c.,

BELOW THE MARKET PRICE,

preparatory to making extensive alterations on the first of May.

E. F. MANY & CO.,
NO. 14 4TH-AV., opposite Cooper Institute.

AT GRAND-ST. CHEAP STORE.

BONNET, SASH AND TRIMMING RIBBON.

From auction to-day. Prices down.

EDWARD RIDLEY,
Nos. 309, 311 311½ Grand-st.,
Nos. 66, 68 and 70 Allen-st.,
Fifth block east from the Bowery.

AT GRAND-ST. CHEAP STORE.

DORSET, COLORED, FROSTED AND CRYSTALIZED LACES AND CRAPES,

Every width and color.

Also, full lines of real LACES and VAILS, cheap, every desirable shade in SILKS, SATINS AND VELVETS.

EDWARD RIDLEY,
Nos. 309, 311 311½ Grand-st.,
Nos. 66, 68 and 70 Allen-st.,
Fifth block east from the Bowery.

AT GRAND-ST. CHEAP STORE.

New importations of

FRENCH FLOWERS AND FEATHERS,

Ready to-day down to GOLD PRICES.

EDWARD RIDLEY,
Nos. 309, 311 311½ Grand-st.,
Nos. 66, 68 and 70 Allen-st.,
Fifth block east from the Bowery.

AT GRAND-ST. CHEAP STORE.

LADIES' KID GLOVES, 50 and 75 cents the pair.

We warrant our Dollar Kid Gloves. Try them. Our best Kid Gloves worthy of special attention. One hundred New Styles in Ladies' and Misses' Lisle Thread Gloves.

Hosiery, embroidered Linen Handkerchiefs, Collars, Cuffs, Edgings, Insertings, and Gents' Neckties, all under regular prices, and cheap.

EDWARD RIDLEY,
Nos. 309, 311 311½ Grand-st.,
Nos. 66, 68 and 70 Allen-st.,
Fifth block east from the Bowery.

AT GRAND-ST. CHEAP STORE.

YANKEE NOTIONS, SKIRTS AND CORSETS.

62½c., 75c. and $1.

Whalebone and Silk Parasols, 62½c., 75c., $1, $1 25, and $2. Bargains.

Our stock of Sunshades comprises every size, cheap.

EDWARD RIDLEY,
Nos. 309, 311 311½ Grand-st.,
Nos. 66, 68 and 70 Allen-st.,
Fifth block east from the Bowery.

AT GRAND-ST. CHEAP STORE,

DRESS AND CLOAK TRIMMING,

BUTTONS AND ORNAMENTS.

Everything new in endless profusion.

Full line of black and colored SILK VELVETS, all widths.

SILK FRINGES, every shade and width. Orders executed in this department in six hours.

Also, STRAW BRAIDS, ORNAMENTS, CORDS and TASSELS.

EDWARD RIDLEY,
Nos. 309, 311, 311½ Grand-st.,
Nos. 66, 68 and 70 Allen-st.,
Fifth block east from the Bowery.

AT GRAND-ST. CHEAP STORE.

Entrance to the new Straw Rooms, 311½ Grand-st. We cannot enumerate all the new STYLES this season, but desire to state we have over 100 NEW SHAPES in

HATS AND BONNETS

FOR LADIES, MISSES AND CHILDREN,

Ranging from FIVE CENTS to FIVE DOLLARS each.

NEW STRAW GOODS,

Received twice every day from auction and the manufacturer, and without doubt the largest and cheapest stock in the city to select from.

EDWARD RIDLEY,
Nos. 309, 311, 311½ Grand-st.,
Nos. 66, 68 and 70 Allen-st.,
Fifth block east from the Bowery.

TO MILLINERS AND COUNTRY STOREKEEPERS.

AT GRAND-ST. CHEAP STORE.

In the new

JOBBING ROOM,

you will find many things desirable and cheap, especially in MILLINERY GOODS.

We cut lengths cheaper than down-town JOBBERS sell WHOLE PIECES. Call.

EDWARD RIDLEY,
Nos. 309, 311, 311½ Grand-st.,
Nos. 66, 68 and 70 Allen-st.,
Fifth block east from the Bowery.

DECORATIVE PAPER HANGINGS.

NEW STYLES FOR SPRING.

WE HAVE NOW ON EXHIBITION, on our screens, a magnificent assortment of designs, and are prepared to decorate Walls and Ceilings in the most elaborate manner.

Especial attention called to our stock of LOW-PRICED GILT AND CHINTZ PAPERS for bedrooms.

B. L. SOLOMON & SONS,
Nos. 657 and 659 Broadway,
OPPOSITE BOND-ST.

LINEN SHEETINGS,

PILLOW LINENS, DAMASK TABLE CLOTHS,
NAPKINS, DOYLES,

QUILTS,

CAMBRICS, NAINSOOKS,
JACONETS, PIQUES, &c.

TAYLOR, M'GIBBON & CO..
NO. 809 BROADWAY.

AT W. JACKSON'S, NO. 551 BROADWAY,

MOURNING GOODS FROM AUCTION.

FINE TAMISE CLOTHS, $7 50 PER DRESS, WORTH $12.

FINE HENRIETTA, $7 50 PER DRESS, WORTH $12.

FINE PARISIENNE CLOTH, $10 PER DRESS, WORTH $15.

FINE CRAPE CLOTH, $6 PER DRESS, WORTH $9.

FINE SCOTCH GINGHAMS, 31c. PER YARD, WORTH 50c.

BALMORAL SKIRTINGS, 50c. PER YARD, WORTH 75c.

PURE MOHAIR AND POPLIN ALPACAS AT 62½c., 75c. AND 87½c., JUST ONE-THIRD BELOW THEIR REAL VALUE.

BUSHIRE CRAPES AND TAMARTINES, 37½c., WORTH 62½c. PER YARD.

RICH BLACK SILKS, IN ALL THE MOST POPULAR MAKES, ¾ WIDE, $2, $2 25, $2 50, $2 75, $3, &c., REAL BARGAINS.

CANVAS AND IRON GRENADINES FROM ¾ TO 2 YARDS WIDE.

TRAVELING DRESS GOODS, IN GREAT VARIETY, AT LESS THAN WHOLESALE PRICES.

W. JACKSON, NO. 551 BROADWAY.

—DRESS TRIMMINGS, NEW STYLES,—

—RIBBONS, VELVETS,—
—LACES, EMBROIDERIES,—
—HOSIERY, GLOVES,—

Small wares and Fancy Goods. A full assortment at popular prices.

W. J. ELGER,
No. 880 and 882 Broadway, near 19th-st., east side.

"MAISON DE DENTELLES," 5TH-AV. HOTEL,

No. 9 West 23d-st. Elegant black real lace shawls from $85 to $750; also, an assortment of superb Llama lace shawls at very moderate prices, from auction, and my own importation.

JOSEPH TUCKER.

A NEW MOVE.

MOORE'S

Corset, Skirt and Lace business has moved from No. 761 Broadway to No. 28 East 14th-st., between 5th-av. and Broadway. The new store has been arranged with fitting rooms for the better accommodation of customers.

MILLINERY AND DRESSMAKING.—Mrs. McKEAN has removed from No. 3 Union-square to No. 1,123 Broadway. FRENCH FLOWERS, a choice assortment just from Custom-house. BONNETS and HATS, latest styles. No. 1,123 Broadway.

MACKENZIE'S MANTILLAS.—The Victoria, $30; Argyle, $25; Duchess of Sutherland, $20. At STORMS, THURBER & CO., 751 Broadway.

CARPETS.

BAILEY BROTHERS,
CARPET WAREHOUSE,
No. 195 Fulton-av., opposite Flatbush-av., Brooklyn.

LEGAL NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT.—IN THE MATTER OF the application of the Commissioners of the Central Park, for and in behalf of the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of New-York, relative to the opening of Seventy-fifth-street, from Eighth-avenue to the Hudson River, in the City of New-York.—The Board of Commissioners of the Central Park, in the name and in behalf of the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of New-York—pursuant to the act of the Legislature of the people of the State of New-York, entitled "An act relative to the powers and duties of the Commissioners of the Central Park," passed April 4, 1866, and of the Act entitled "An Act to alter the map or plan of certain portions of the City of New-York, and for the laying out and improvement of the same," passed April 24, 1867, hereby give notice that they intend to apply to the Supreme Court, in the First Judicial District of the State of New-York, at a Special Term of said Court, to be held at the City Hall, in the City of New-York, on Saturday, the sixteenth day of May, 1868, at the opening of the Court on that day or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard thereon, for the appointment of Commissioners of Estimate and Assessment, in the above entitled matter; that the nature and extent of the improvement hereby intended is the opening of Seventy-fifth-street, from Eighth-avenue to the Hudson River, as laid out by Commissioners of the Central Park, in the City of New-York.

RICHARD O'GORMAN,
Counsel to the Corporation.

Dated New-York, April 22, 1868.

REMOVALS.

HENRY D. MINER & BARKER WILL remove MAY 1, to their new and spacious Salesroom No. 8 Cortlandt-st., 4 doors west of Broadway, where they will sell by station general merchandise, and are prepared to make advances on same.

AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—JANAUSCHEK.

GERMAN DRAMA.
DIRECTRESS.....Mlle. JANAUSCHEK
LAST TWO NIGHTS
OF MLLE. FANNY JANAUSCHEK.
THIS MONDAY, APRIL 27, AT 8,
POSITIVELY LAST NIGHT BUT ONE,
DEBORAH,
(Leah the forsaken.)
WEDNESDAY, GRAND FAREWELL NIGHT,
will be produced Schiller's translation of Racine's
PHAEDRA.....PHAEDRA.

Tickets and seats can now be secured at the Academy of Music; at Schirmer's, No. 701 Broadway, and at No. 114 Broadway.

BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

MLLE. FANNY JANAUSCHEK.
THURSDAY EVENING, APRIL 30, AT 8.
FAREWELL PERFORMANCE IN BROOKLYN, AND LAST APPEARANCE IN AMERICA, OF MLLE. FANNY JANAUSCHEK.
ELIZABETH,
(AND THE EARL OF ESSEX.)

Tickets and Seats can now be secured in Brooklyn at the Academy of Music, and in New-York at No. 114 Broadway.

BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

ROSEDALE,
BY
MR. LESTER WALLACK
AND HIS
UNRIVALED COMPANY
will appear for the
SECOND TIME IN BROOKLYN
ON
WEDNESDAY, APRIL 29.

SEATS (reserved for the whole evening) CAN NOW BE SECURED. Curtain rises at 10 minutes before 8.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

THURSDAY EVENING, April 30,
FAREWELL COMPLIMENTARY BENEFIT

tendered by the Dramatic Profession to the popular actor

Mr. E. L. DAVENPORT,

previous to his departure for California, on which occasion he will have the honor of appearing in one of his most famous characters, full particulars of which will be announced in future advertisements.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

GRAND
TESTIMONIAL BENEFIT
TO
H. L. BATEMAN,
Director of the Parisian Opera Bouffe.
A MONSTER PERFORMANCE.
LA GRANDE DUCHESSE.
LA BELLE HELENE.
And first appearance
IN MANY YEARS
OF
MR. H. L. BATEMAN
IN
ENGLISH DRAMA,
Supported by a
TALENTED COMPANY.

Reserved seats can be had at the Box offices of the Academy of Music and French Theatre. Also at Nos. 200 and 701 Broadway, on and after WEDNESDAY MORNING, April 29.

STEINWAY HALL.

FOURTH AND LAST SERIES!
MORNING AND EVENING READINGS
by
MRS. FRANCES ANNE KEMBLE.
ON MONDAY EVENING, APRIL 27,
RICHARD III.
ON WEDNESDAY MORNING, APRIL 29,
AS YOU LIKE IT.
ON FRIDAY EVENING, MAY 1,
Schiller's tragedy of
MARY STUART.
ON SATURDAY MORNING, MAY 2.

The Reading will be miscellaneous, consisting of the following selections:

PART OF MILTON'S "COMUS."
"RUTH," BY W. WORDSWORTH.
PORTION OF SCOTT'S "MARMION."
"THE BUILDING OF THE SHIP"....LONGFELLOW.
"THE BOAT OF GRASS"....ANONYMOUS.
"BARBARA FRETCHIE"....WHITTIER.

The Evening Readings will commence at precisely 8 o'clock.

In consequence of general request, the MORNING READINGS will commence at 2 o'clock P. M.

PRICE OF TICKETS, $1 50.

As each ticket will entitle the purchaser to a reserved seat, no more tickets will be sold than the actual number of seats in the hall.

The sale of single tickets, as well as those for the series, will commence on FRIDAY MORNING, April 24, at 9 o'clock.

IRVING HALL.

FOURTH AND LAST PERFORMANCE OF THE SEASON OF THE NEW-YORK MENDELSSOHN UNION, THIS (Monday) EVENING, April 27, at 8 o'clock, Beethoven's grand oratorio, first time in twenty years, ENGEDI; OR, THE MOUNT OF OLIVES, and Mendelssohn's 42d Psalm, "AS THE HART PANTS," on which occasion the following artists will appear:

MME. PAREPA ROSA.
MR. GEO. SIMPSON, MR. GEO. F. BRISTOW,
MR. J. P. MORGAN, and
THEO. THOMAS' FULL ORCHESTRA.

Tickets, with reserved seats, $1; can be had at Pond's music stores, Nos. 547 and 865 Broadway; Sheldon's book stores, No. 500 Broadway and Irving Hall.

THE NEW-YORK CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC.

NEW-YORK:
No. 82 5th-av., corner 14th-st.,
And No. 820 Broadway.
BROOKLYN:
Nos. 128, 130 and 132 Court-st., corner State-st.

Subscriptions now received for the Spring term.

WILLIAM MASON AND THEODORE THOMAS' CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC.

Classes by J. P. MORGAN for Organ and Harmony, NO. 129 FIFTH-AV., (near 20th-st.)

TRENOR'S CLOSING SOIREE DANSANTE.—LYRIC HALL, 6th-av., MONDAY EVENING, APRIL 27.

Season tickets are good for the above evening.

RAILROADS.

LONG ISLAND RAILROAD.

SPRING ARRANGEMENTS—CHANGE OF TIME.

Leave James-slip.

9 A. M., for Greenport and all way-stations except Willow Tree, connecting at Mineola with trains for Glen Cove and Hempstead.

11 A. M., Northport passenger trains and all way-stations except Willow Tree.

3 P. M. Express train for Riverhead, and for Greenport SATURDAYS only.

4 P. M., Northport passenger train and all way-stations, connecting at Mineola with trains for Hempstead and Glen Cove.

5:30 P. M., North Islip passenger train and all way-stations.

Sunday excursion train leaves Hunter's Point for Northport at 9:30 A. M., arrives at Hunter's Point at 5:05 P. M. To take effect April 25, 1868.

I. D. BARTON, Superintendent.

PEIPHER'S DAILY LINE OF TRANSPORTATION.

On and after Nov. 1, 1867, the Peiphers' Daily Line will receive and transport goods and merchandise to Harrisburg and stations beyond, from the depot of the Morris and Essex Railroad Company, Pier No. 26 North River. All goods received up to 4 o'clock P. M. will be forwarded the same day. Freight taken at lowest rates and forwarded with dispatch.

Merk goods "Via Peipher daily line to Harrisburg, Penn."

J. B. MONTGOMERY,
Proprietor Peipher Line.

ERIE RAILWAY.—TRAINS LEAVE DEPOT foot of Chambers-st., Pavonia Ferry:

8 A. M.—Day Express for Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk and all points West and South.

8:30 A. M.—Way Train daily for Otisville and intermediate stations.

10 A. M.—Express Mail, for Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk, and all points West and South.

3:30 P. M.—Way Train for Middletown and intermediate stations.

4:30 P. M.—Way Express, stopping only at Sterling Junction, Turner's, and stations west of Turner's, to Port Jervis, Newburgh and Warwick.

5 P. M.—Way Train for Suffern and intermediate stations.

5:30 P. M.—Night Express for Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk and all points South and West.

6 P. M.—Way Train for Suffern and intermediate stations.

6:30 P. M.—Night Express, daily, for Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk and all points West and South. By this train sleeping-coaches will run through to Cincinnati without change.

8 P. M.—Emigrant Train, daily, for the West.

Also, Way Trains for Boiling Spring, Passaic and Paterson at 6:45 and 9:15 A. M., 12 M. and 1:45, 4, 6:45 and 11 P. M. On Wednesday nights a Theatre Train at 12 o'clock for Suffern and intermediate stations.

SUNDAY TRAINS.—8:30 A. M. Way Train for Otisville; 12 M. and 3:30 P. M. for Paterson; 6:30 P. M. Night Express for Dunkirk, Buffalo, Rochester, Salamanca and all points West and South; 8 P. M., Emigrant and Way Train; 11 P. M., for Paterson and Port Jervis.

Express Trains run through to Salamanca, Dunkirk and Buffalo without change of coaches, and in direct connection with all Southern and Western lines.

Perfectly ventilated and luxurious sleeping coaches accompany all Night Trains.

Tickets can be obtained at the Company's offices, No. 241 Broadway; depot foot of Chambers-st., New-York, also at Long Dock Depot, Jersey City.

An illustrated Guide to the principal suburban places on the line of the Eastern Division of this Railway has been prepared, and can be obtained at the office of the Company, free of charge, by those wishing to personally examine the region referred to, with the view of settlement.

WM. R. BARR, Gen'l Pass. Agent.
H. RIDDLE, Gen'l Sup't.

HUDSON RIVER AND HARLEM RAILROADS.—On and after MONDAY, Nov. 25, 1867, trains for Albany, and Troy, connecting with Northern and Western trains, will leave New-York as follows:

8 A. M. Express train, via Hudson River Railroad, 30th-st. and 10th-av., through to Buffalo and Suspension Bridge without change of cars, and connecting at Troy with trains for Saratoga, Rutland, Burlington and the North.

10 A. M. Express train via Hudson River Railroad, connecting at Albany with trains for the West, and at Troy with trains for the North.

11 A. M. Express train via Harlem Railroad, 26th-st. and 4th-av., connecting at Chatham with Western Railroad for Lebanon Springs, Pittsfield, &c., at Albany with Western trains, and at Troy with trains for Saratoga, Rutland, Burlington and the North.

3:45 P. M. Express train via Hudson River Railroad, connecting at Albany with Western trains, and at Troy with trains for Montreal, with sleeping-car attached.

4:35 P. M. Express train via Harlem Railroad, connecting at Chatham with Western Railroad for Lebanon Springs, Pittsfield, &c.; at Albany with Western trains. Sleeping-cars attached at Albany.

6:30 P. M. Express train via Hudson River Railroad, with sleeping-cars attached, and through to Buffalo and Suspension Bridge without change of cars. Also sleeping-car every day excepting Saturdays attached from New-York through to Ogdensburgh without change, via Rome, W. and O. Railroad. Connection for Troy will be made at East Albany. This train will run on Sundays.

11 P. M. Train via Hudson River Railroad, with sleeping-cars attached, connecting at Albany with early trains for Buffalo and Suspension Bridge, and at Troy with trains for Saratoga and points North.

A Sunday train will be run via Hudson River Railroad from New-York to Poughkeepsie and intermediate stations, leaving New-York at 8 A. M. Returning, leave Poughkeepsie at 3 P. M., arriving in New-York at 6:40.

Also, a Sunday train via Harlem Railroad, leaving 42d-st. at 9 A. M., and arriving at Millerton at 3:40 P. M. Returning, leave Millerton at 4:30 P. M., arriving in New-York at 11 P. M.

WM. H. VANDERBILT, Vice-President.

NORTHERN RAILROAD OF NEW-JERSEY—Trains leave Jersey City for Piermont at 8:30, 9:25 A. M., 1:22, 4:22, 5:25 and 6:30 P. M. The 5:30, 1:22 and 4:22 run to Monsey.

THOS. W. DEMAREST, Sup't.

AMUSEMENTS.

WALLACK'S.

Proprietor and Manager.....Mr. LESTER WALLACK.
Doors open at 7½. To commence at 8 o'clock.
MONDAY EVENING, April 27, 1868.
Will be presented Douglas Jerrold's celebrated drama, in three acts, entitled
THE RENT DAY.

Characters by Mr. J. W. WALLACK, Mr. J. H. STODDART, Mr. J. C. WILLIAMSON, Mr. CHARLES FISHER, Mr. A. W. YOUNG, Mr. E. T. RINGGOLD, Mr. C. H. ROCKWELL, Mr. W. H. POPE, Mr. E. CASHIN, Mr. T. WARD, Mr. B. DURAND, Mr. T. SHERWOOD, Mr. G. WHITE, Mrs. CLARA JENNINGS, Miss ANNIE WARD, Miss C. CARMAN.

To conclude with the capital afterpiece, by T. J. Williams, entitled

ICI ON PARLE FRANCAIS.

In which will appear Mr. J. H. STODDART, Mr. A. W. YOUNG, Mr. J. C. WILLIAMSON, Mrs. JOHN SEFTON, Miss MARY BARRETT, Miss MARY SCOTT, Miss ANNIE WARD.

TUESDAY EVENING, April 28, 1868—HENRY DUNBAR.
WEDNESDAY—HONEYMOON.
THURSDAY—LOVE'S SACRIFICE.

In rehearsal, and will speedily be produced, Tom Taylor's beautiful Comedy entitled

MASKS AND FACES.

In active rehearsal and will shortly be produced an ORIGINAL ROMANTIC DRAMA, replete with great interest, novel and picturesque effects.

THEATRE FRANCAIS.

DIRECTOR, J. GRAU.
ADELAIDE RISTORI'S FAREWELL IN AMERICA.
SEASON IN NEW-YORK LIMITED TO
FIVE NIGHTS AND TWO MATINEES.
SATURDAY EVENING, MAY 2, FOR THE FIRST TIME, SOR TERESA (SISTER TERESA), OR ISABELLA SUAREZ,

produced with immense enthusiasm during the late incomparable and triumphant season in Havana.

Ticket offices now open. Down town, Peters' music-store, No. 200 Broadway. Up town, Schirmer's music-store, No. 701 Broadway, and at Theatre Francais.

FIRST RISTORI MATINEE, WEDNESDAY, MAY 6.

FRENCH THEATRE.

H. L. BATEMAN,.....Lessee and Director

CLOSE OF THE MOST SUCCESSFUL OPERATIC SEASON ON RECORD.

POSITIVELY LAST PERFORMANCES
OF
BATEMAN'S PARISIAN OPERA BOUFFE
AT THE FRENCH THEATRE, NEW-YORK.

MONDAY EVENING, APRIL 27,
Last night but four
of
LA BELLE HELENE.
Opera Bouffe, in Three Acts, by J. Offenbach.

TUESDAY EVENING, APRIL 28,
Last night but three
of
LA BELLE HELENE.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, APRIL 29,
Last night but two
of
LA BELLE HELENE.

THURSDAY EVENING, APRIL 30,
Last night but one
of
LA BELLE HELENE.

FRIDAY EVENING, MAY 1,
POSITIVELY LAST NIGHT
of
LA BELLE HELENE.

SATURDAY AFTERNOON, MAY 2,
GRAND FAREWELL MATINEE,
commencing at 1 o'clock.

Seats for any of the above performances now ready at the box-office and Nos. 200 and 701 Broadway.

STEINWAY HALL.

SECOND GRAND MUSICAL FESTIVAL.

MONDAY, MAY 18.	THURSDAY, MAY 21.
TUESDAY, MAY 19.	FRIDAY, MAY 22.
WEDNESDAY, MAY 20.	SATURDAY, MAY 23.

MATINEE ON SATURDAY, MAY 23.

Tickets for the entire Festival, only
FIVE DOLLARS,
THE SALE OF WHICH WILL COMMENCE ON SATURDAY MORNING, MAY 2, AT STEINWAY HALL.

L. F. HARRISON, Director.
Mr. THEODORE THOMAS, Musical Director.
Executive Committee:
Mr. WM. A. POND, Mr. D. B. JOHNSTON,
Mr. C. B. SEYMOUR, Mr. ED. REMACK,
Mr. G. W. COLBY.

STEINWAY HALL—WEDNESDAY, April 29,
MISS ALIDE TOPP'S
Grand Instrumental and Vocal
CONCERT,
on which occasion she will be assisted by
MISS MINNIE HAUCK,
Prima Donna Soprano;
MR. IGNATZ POLLAK, Baritone;
MR. WENZEL KOPTA, Violin;
MR. G. W. MORGAN, Organ;
MR. THEODORE SCHREINER, Accompanist.

Tickets of admission $1. For sale at all the music-stores. Reserved seats 50 cents extra, at Schirmer's, No. 701 Broadway; at the Theatre Ticket-office, Nos. 112 and 114 Broadway, and at the ticket-office of the hall.

GRAND CONCERT AND LECTURE AT the Theatre of the Union League Club House, for the "Benefit of the Charities of New-York," WEDNESDAY EVENING, April 29. Mr. Alfred Pease has kindly tendered his services, and will be assisted by many distinguished amateurs. Mr. Arthur Gilman will deliver a humorous lecture on the *Characteristics of New-England.*

Tickets may be obtained of the following ladies: Mrs. Wm. B. Parker, No. 11 Brevoort-place; Mrs. John Sherwood, No. 18 West 32d-st.; Mrs. Edward Cooper, No. 8 Lexington-av.; Mrs. Wm. T. Blodgett, No. 182 5th-av.; Mrs. Geo. F. Betts, No. 24 East 25th-st.; Mrs. De Birmingham, No. 48 West 19th-st.; Mrs. S. L. M. Barlow, No. 1 Madison-av.

NATIONAL ACADEMY OF DESIGN.

NOW OPEN,
THE FORTY-THIRD ANNUAL EXHIBITION
OF PICTURES AND SCULPTURES,
DAY AND EVENING. Corner 23d-st. and 4th-av.

MUSEUM CURIOSITIES AND THEATRICAL NOTICE.

Parties in possession of curiosities, either natural or scientific, for sale or for hire, are requested to address P. T. BARNUM or GEORGE WOOD, Wood's Museum, corner of 30th-st. and Broadway, New-York. It is respectfully suggested that any applications for engagements in the dramatic department of the Metropolitan Theatre need not be made prior to June 1.

GEORGE WOOD, Manager.

LECTURES.

MR. WATERHOUSE HAWKINS WILL give the third lecture of his course on MONDAY EVENING, April 27. Subject—BIRDS; ANCIENT AND RECENT, AND THEIR CORRELATIONS. On TUESDAY EVENING his subject will be THE MAMMALIA, THE GORILLA, AND OTHER MONKEYS CONTRASTED WITH MAN IN THE EARLIER STAGES OF HIS EXISTENCE. At Cooper Institute, 8 o'clock. Admission 50 cents.

LECTURES ON PHRENOLOGY IN Williamsburg, at Union Hall, corner of Division-av. and Clymers-st., MONDAY EVENING, April 27, to continue four nights only, by Messrs. WELLS, SIZER and DRAYTON, of the Phrenological Rooms, No. 389 Broadway, New-York. Tickets 25 cents.

MEETINGS.

A SPECIAL MEETING OF THE BAPTIST TEACHERS' ASSOCIATION will be held at the 16th-st. Baptist Church, near 8th-av., on MONDAY EVENING, April 27, at 7½ o'clock, in relation to establishing a depository of the Baptist Publication Society in New-York City.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT—IN THE MATTER OF the application of the Mayor, Aldermen, and Commonalty of the City of New-York, relative to the opening of Seventy-second-street, from the Fourth-avenue to the East River, in the City of New-York.—We, the undersigned Commissioners of estimate and assessment in the above entitled matter, hereby give notice to the owner or owners, occupant or occupants, of all houses and lots and improved or unimproved lands affected thereby, and to all others whom it may concern, to wit:

First—That we have completed our estimate and assessment, and that all persons interested in these proceedings, or in any of the lands affected thereby, and who may be opposed to the same, do present their objections in writing, duly verified, to JAMES H. COLEMAN, Esq., our Chairman, at the office of the Commissioners, number 82 Nassau-street, (Room No. 42,) in the said City, on or before the eighteenth day of May, 1868, and that we, the said Commissioners, will hear parties so objecting within the ten week days, next after the said eighteenth day of May, 1868, and for that purpose will be in attendance at our said office on each of said ten days at 1 o'clock P. M.

Second—That the abstract of the said estimate and assessment, together with our maps, and also all the affidavits, estimates and other documents which were used by us in making our report, have been deposited in the Street Commissioner's office of the City of New-York, there to remain until the 30th day of May, 1868.

Third—That the limits embraced by the assessment aforesaid, are as follows, to wit: All those pieces or parcels of land situate, lying and being on Seventy-second-street, in the City of New-York, between the Fifth-avenue and the East River, and extending on either side of said Seventy-second-street, half the distance to the next street thereto; and, *Fourth*—That our report herein will be presented to the Supreme Court of the State of New-York, at a general term thereof, to be held at the City Hall, in the City of New-York, on the 2d day of June, 1868, at the opening of the court on that day, and that then and there, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard thereon, a motion will be made that the said report be confirmed.

JAMES H. COLEMAN, }
WILLIAM V. BRADY, } Commissioners.
JAMES B. NICHOLSON, }

Dated New-York, April 14, 1868.

CORPORATION NOTICE.—PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given to the owner or owners, occupant or occupants of all houses and lots, improved or unimproved lands affected thereby, that the following assessments have been completed and are lodged in the office of the Board of Assessors for examination by all persons interested viz:

First—For building sewer in Forty-fifth-street, between Fifth and Lexington avenues, with branches in Fifth, Madison and Fourth-avs.

Second—For paving with stone blocks West-street, from Chambers to Watts streets.

The limits embraced by such assessment include all the several houses and lots of ground, vacant lots, pieces and parcels of land, situated on

First—Both sides of Forty-fifth-street, from a point seventy-five feet east of Lexington-avenue to Fifth-avenue; also, the east side of Fifth-avenue, from Forty-fourth to Forty-sixth-street; also, both sides of Madison, Fourth and Lexington avenues, from Forty-fourth to Forty-sixth-street; also, the north side of Forty-fourth-street and the south side of Forty-sixth-street, from Madison to Fifth-avenue.

Second—Both sides of West-street, from Chambers to Watts-street, and to the extent of half the block on the intersecting streets; also, both sides of Caroline-street, from Jay to Duane-street.

All persons whose interests are affected by the above-named assessments, and who are opposed to the same, or either of them, are requested to present their objections in writing to JACOB F. OAKLEY, Chairman of the Board of Assessors, at their office, number thirty-two Chambers-street, basement New Court-house, within thirty days from the date of this notice.

JACOB F. OAKLEY,
JOHN D. OTTIWELL,
ISAAC O. HUNT,
Board of Assessors.

OFFICE BOARD OF ASSESSORS, }
NEW COURT-HOUSE, April 21, 1868. }

PERSONAL.

$10 REWARD.—INFORMATION WANTED of Capt. SYLVESTER MATTISON, late in the Liverpool trade, and was sailing master in the navy during the rebellion; when last heard from in July, 1865, he was stopping at the New-England Hotel in the Bowery; slightly paralyzed in one leg, and partially insane. Apply to H. THOMPSON, No. 70 East Broadway, New-York.

AMUSEMENTS.

OLYMPIC THEATRE—8TH WEEK.

THE PREVAILING HIT.

Crowded every night and matinee. Reserved seats all sold out days in advance. Throngs turned away.

G. L. FOX'S SPECTACULAR BALLET PANTOMIME
HUMPTY DUMPTY.
G. L. FOX.....as.....CLOWN.

"The next moment the stage is one succession of marvels; doors turned into blank walls, boxes into chairs, walls into tables, billiard-tables into cages, puddings into heads, and vice versa; while boys grow in five minutes from five years old to twenty."

Miles. RITA SANGALI, BETTY RIGL, Mons. BAPTISTAN, LA PETITE RAVEL, CARRIE A. MOORE and E. T. GOODRICH.

MATINEES, 1½, WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY.

Begins at 8; closes 10¾. Admission 75c.; family circle, 50c.; orchestra and balcony chairs, $1 50. At matinees, balcony chairs, $1; children, 50c. admission.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.

Lessee and Manager.....WM. WHEATLEY

The curtain rises precisely at 7¾; performance terminates at 11 o'clock.

SPLENDID TRIUMPH.
BRILLIANT RECEPTION OF THE NEW FEATURES.
CROWDED HOUSES.

MONDAY, April 27, 1868, for the one hundred and second time, will be presented the Grand Spectacular Burlesque, the

WHITE FAWN,

in which will appear Jarrett & Palmer's celebrated PARISIENNE BALLET TROUPE.

GRAND MATINEE EVERY SATURDAY, AT 1 O'CLOCK.

By particular request, will be presented on WEDNESDAY, THE CARNIVAL DE VENICE.

SEATS SECURED SIX DAYS IN ADVANCE.

WORRELL SISTERS' NEW-YORK THEATRE.

THIRD WEEK AND EMPHATIC SUCCESS OF THE WORRELL SISTERS, SOPHIE, IRENE, AND JENNIE, IN PARIS AND HELEN.

adapted from Offenbach's LA BELLE HELENE.

Original music and choruses by augmented orchestra and operatic chorus, under Mr. H. Tissington's direction. To conclude with Mr. Falconer's farce of

TOO MUCH FOR GOOD NATURE,

with the popular eccentric comedian,

MR. M. W. LEFFINGWELL,

in his famous character of Romeo Jaffier Jenkins.

MATINEE SATURDAY AT 2 P. M.

BROADWAY THEATRE—ADMISSION 50c.

BRILLIANT AND FASHIONABLE AUDIENCES.
MR. AND MRS. BARNEY WILLIAMS.
THIS EVENING AND SATURDAY MATINEE.
RORY O'MOORE.
MR. BARNEY WILLIAMS.....as.....RORY O'MOORE.
MRS. BARNEY WILLIAMS.....as.....KATHLEEN.
YANKEE COURTSHIP.
MRS. BARNEY WILLIAMS.....as.....OUR JEMIMA.
In rehearsal,
IRELAND AS IT WAS.
MONDAY, MAY 4,
THE CONNIE SOOGAH.

BOWERY THEATRE.

Mr. G. C. Boniface one week more. Another sensation. Now ready, reconstructed and rewritten, a drama in 5 acts, 35 scenes and 20 tableaux of the life and adventures of the notorious housebreaker,

JACK SHEPPARD.

His career and death at the Tyburn Tree.

THE LAST WEEK.

THE GREAT EUROPEAN CIRCUS,

Under the direction of the managers and proprietors of the American Circus, which was exhibited in

PARIS DURING THE EXPOSITION,
IS NOW OPEN,
ON THE CORNER OF BROADWAY AND 34TH-ST.
THOUSANDS TURNED AWAY NIGHTLY,
UNABLE TO GAIN ADMISSION.
THE MATINEES CROWDED
BY THE BEAUTY AND FASHION OF THE CITY.
THE EUROPEAN ARTISTS GREETED WITH A STORM OF ENTHUSIASM.
THE THIRD GORGEOUS STREET PAGEANT
will take place, if the weather is fine, on
MONDAY MORNING, April 27,

or on the first fine day thereafter, and will pass over the following route, leaving the place of exhibition at 10 A. M.:

Through 34th-st. to 5th-av., down 5th-av. to 23d-st., thence to 4th-av., thence to Bowery, to Chatham, to South end of Park, and thence up Broadway to 34th-st.

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With portraits of Washington, Lincoln, Henry Ward Beecher and Galusha A. Grow. It covers nearly 300 square feet of canvas.

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The old oaken bucket, the iron-bound bucket,
The moss-covered bucket which hung in the well.

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MEDICAL.

TO MARRIED AND SINGLE LADIES.

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A CERTAIN CURE FOR MARRIED ladies, with or without medicine, by Mme. RESTELL, Professor of Midwifery; over 30 years' practice. Her infallible French Female Pills, No. 1, price $1, or No. 2, specially prepared, price $5, which can never fail, are safe and healthy. Sold only at her office, No. 1 East 52d-st., first door from 5th-av., and at Druggist's No. 162 Greenwich-st., or sent by mail. Caution—All others are counterfeits. Her Circular to the Married, sent free.

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MUSICAL.

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is called the best instrument made by all the leading musicians of this City and elsewhere. It is pronounced, by the National Piano-forte Association, after a trial in their rooms with the first manufactures of this country, eminently the *best Piano in America*, and used by the Conservatory of Music and other high music schools altogether, because of their immense power, equality, sweetness and brilliancy of tone, elastic touch and great durability. Warerooms No. 429 Broome-st., near Broadway.

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AS MANUFACTURERS OF PIANO-FORTES, JENNYS & SON, No. 233 East 21st-st., between 2d and 3d avs., fairly excel all their competitors, while in price their instruments are the most reasonable.

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CANADA.

The Evidence Against Whelan—Questionable Antecedents—Doom of Fenianism in Canada—The Intercolonial Railway—Mr. McGee's Family.

From Our Own Correspondent.

OTTAWA, Monday, April 20, 1868.

As the telegraph has already informed you, Whelan, *alias* Sullivan, has been committed to jail to await his trial at the Fall Assizes on the charge of the murder of Thomas D'Arcy McGee. The evidence against him, though purely circumstantial, is, nevertheless, very strong. His antecedents are against him. When first we hear of him (in 1865) he is in Quebec, working as a journeyman tailor, under the name of Sullivan. While there he was appointed corporal of a volunteer regiment of cavalry, to which he belonged, but afterwards was arrested on a charge of being connected with Fenianism and of inducing Her Majesty's soldiers to desert. The evidence not being strong enough to convict him, he was discharged, and shortly after we find him at Hamilton. He was in this city at the time of the Fenian raid, and made himself obnoxious by his open professions of sympathy with the raiders. While here he was guilty of gross immoralities, and was frequently placed in the lock-up for his misconduct. From Hamilton he went to Montreal and took the name of Whelan. In the latter city he took an active part in the election between Devlin and McGee, canvassing night and day for the former. It also came out in evidence that he was among the foremost of the rioters on the occasion of the great riot at the close of the polling; that during his stay in Montreal he belonged to a Fenian organization; that he was animated with the most intense hatred against McGee, and frequently threatened to take his life, carrying a loaded revolver on his person avowedly for that purpose, and that on more than one occasion he went to McGee's house late at night with the avowed intention of firing it. It was further proved that late on New-Year's night, or rather early on the following morning, he, in company with another person, who has not yet been recognized, but who bore strong resemblance to one of the parties now in jail here, rang the bell at McGee's residence. The door was opened by John McGee, a half brother of D'Arcy's, to whom Whelan refused to state his business, declaring that he must speak to D'Arcy McGee personally, and requesting him to come down. McGee being ill at the time Whelan was shown up to his room, his comrade having left. There he gave his name as John Smith, said he was an employe on the Grand Trunk Railway and that he had heard that night of an attempt to fire McGee's house, but refused to give any names, and that he had come for the purpose of warning him. McGee gave him a letter to take to the Chief of Police, asking for a guard to be placed around his house, but this letter was not delivered till 5 o'clock that morning, though Whelan had received it before 2. On subsequent inquiry it was found that there was no man of the name of John Smith in the employ of the Grand Trunk in Montreal. It is now surmised that had D'Arcy McGee gone to the door on that night, instead of his brother, the fatal shot would then have been fired. On the opening of Parliament here last Fall, Whelan removed to Ottawa, when he worked at his old trade, and where he has since remained, with the exception of an occasional visit to Montreal where his wife is living. His subsequent movements, his going into and out of the gallery of the House of Commons so frequently on the night of the murder, his being seen there with a revolver in his pocket, his waiting at the entrance till he saw McGee pass out, the loaded revolver found on him when arrested, one barrel of which gave unmistakable evidence of having been recently discharged, though an attempt has been made by smearing it with grease to make it present an appearance of having been long loaded; the tracks in the snow in the vacant lot opposite the place of the murder corresponding in the very minutest particular to the boots he had on on that fatal night—all these circumstances, taken in connection with his avowed intention to take McGee's life, point strongly to his guilt; at any rate it is difficult to account for them on the supposition that he is innocent. Other evidence was taken in the case, which has not yet been made public, and the authorities are confident they have the right man. On being committed, Whelan became very violent, and openly threatened if he ever got the chance, he would "pay O'Reilly (the Queen's counsel) off." He has also threatened the life of the detective who captured him, and the other night he managed to wrench off a portion of an iron steampipe in his cell and concealed it under his clothes, but it was discovered before he had an opportunity of using it. If he is guilty, his crime exhibits a cool determination, a long-seated resolve, and a revenge untamed by time, almost without a parallel in the annals of crime.

CANADIAN FENIANISM DOOMED.

Mr. Cartier's declaration in the House of Commons that the murder of McGee was the death blow to Fenianism in Canada was no idle threat. Excepting the fact that Whelan is a Fenian, and associates with Fenians, there is as yet no direct proof made public that that organization is in any way connected with the assassination. But the unanimous voice of the people is that McGee lost his life through his opposition to Fenianism, and until they have positive proof to the contrary they will refuse to acquit that organization of complicity in the murder. It has generally been understood that the Government have all along had full information, through their detectives, of the existence and doings of Canadian Fenians, and from the nature of that information, they asked, and obtained from Parliament, this session, a further suspension of the habeas corpus act.

But they have hitherto treated Canadian Fenianism as a thing too insignificant for official interference, as an organization, which if left alone would ultimately die of its own inherent folly, and have been content merely to keep a sharp watch upon its doings. Now, their policy in that respect is completely changed. The murder of McGee has been the signal for a crusade against Fenianism which will not stop till it has driven every vestige of the detestable organization from the county. The suspension of the *habeas corpus* gives the Government full power, and that power they will not be slow to use. Already a number of arrests have been made, and a Fenian lodge discovered in Montreal, with the roll of members names. Detectives are scattered over the whole country, and every one suspected is placed under arrest. No doubt, in the excited state of public feeling, many an innocent person will suffer the torture of a cruel suspicion, if not something worse. I only give expression to the almost universal feeling here when I say that the day of trifling with Canadian Fenianism, of treating it as a thing too insignificant for official touch must come to an end. From one end of Canada to the other there comes a demand that Fenianism must be crushed out of the country by the strong arm of the law, that the last few years uneasy, unsettled state of semi-security must no longer exist; and that if there are traitors plotting in their midst they must be delivered up to justice. The authorities are proceeding cautiously, but determinedly. They hold their examinations in secret, but from what is known, there is reason for believing that not only is the plot to assassinate McGee being revealed, but that also the heart of Canadian Fenianism is being laid bare. It would be strange among the many arrested, the hope of pardon and the lust of gold will not induce some of them to betray their comrades. What will be done with the parties arrested has not yet been determined, but the appointment of a special commission to try them is talked of. At any rate, when the trial takes place exciting times may be expected.

THE INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

In Parliament little of interest has been done since the assassination. The public mind has been thrown into such a state of excitement by that horrible crime, that little interest is manifested in politics. I refer to the Intercolonial Railway because the time during which the Government had promised to obtain the desired information with regard to route, and come to a decision upon that point, has expired. As every one expected this information has not yet been obtained, and the route has not yet been selected. At least if it has, the Government have not announced it to Parliament. A break in the ministry on the question is expected, and the difference of opinion in the Cabinet upon it is the cause of its postponement. Cartier, with Lower Canada at his back, will listen to no other route than the North Shore, while Lilley proves that political death awaits him if he accepts that route. The New Brunswick Senators and Commoners representing the Western and Southern parts of that Province, have held a caucus meeting and determined that if the North Shore route be adopted they will unite with their Nova Scotia brethren in demanding a repeal of the Union. Among those who came to this determination were several who have hitherto been strong supporters of Union; but their only hope of a continued political existence lies in the adoption of a central line of railway through their Province. The promise of that line of railway did more than anything else to elect the Union candidates in that portion of the Province, and if that promise be broken there will not be a single county in the whole west and south of New Brunswick that would re-elect a Union candidate. Such is the position of this question at present. How the Government will get out of the dilemma they are in time alone will tell.

THE NORTHWEST TERRITORY.

The annexation of this Territory to Canada is a question worthy of notice from the very fact that nothing is said about it. The silence of this session respecting it is as conspicuous and significant as the long debates upon it of last session. The "Address of both Houses of Parliament" asking that the territory be handed over to Canada has now been in England some four months, and yet no reply has been vouchsafed by the Imperial authorities, and the incorporation into the Dominion of the great Northwest is apparently no nearer of accomplishment than it was last session. Members of Parliament are beginning to feel a little nettled that their address has been treated so indifferently, not to say contemptuously, and we hear now adays very little about the "new nationality" extending from the Atlantic to the Pacific. The Northwest has not yet been gobbled up by the Americans as was predicted by the Government if they did not make haste to interfere, and people are asking again what were the "grave State reasons for the annexation of the Northwest," which the Government said existed, and which called for so much haste on their part. Meanwhile the Parliament and people must possess their souls in patience until the parental authorities see fit to reply to the request of their loving children.

MR. M'GEE'S FAMILY.

Parliament has voted a yearly allowance of $1,200 to Mrs. McGee, and a lump sum of $4,000 to each of her daughters, to be invested in Dominion stock until they come of age. A good deal of indignation is expressed that the amount is so small, and the niggardliness of the Government is freely commented upon. There is talk of having the matter reconsidered in Parliament, with a view to increasing the amount. It is said McGee left a large amount of liabilities. H.

The Assassination of Mr. McGee—Whelan's Conversation with Doyle.

The Montreal papers publish reports of the conversation between Whelan and Doyle, who occupied adjoining cells in the jail in Ottawa, on the 16th inst., as it is reported by Detective Cullen and a prisoner named Hess, who overheard it. After speaking of persons he had seen in the court-room on that day, Whelan said to Doyle: "It'll go bloody hard with me; I'll either swing or get penitentiary for life; I don't care, I'm prepared for the worst. That bugger Turner swore bloody hard against me; swore we were all bloody Fenians. There were fourteen witnesses examined; he swore that he was an Englishman."

Doyle—"You're in a bad fix."

Whelan—"I don't care a damn; all I depend upon is a good jury."

Doyle often said—What will happen to me? What will become of me? They can do nothing to me.

Whelan answered him nothing would happen to him, as they could prove nothing against him.

Doyle said—I wish you'd never done it, and I wish you never came near me that night.

Whelan said—I would not have come near you only I was drunk.

Doyle—Jim, I'm sorry for you; the whole world will know it.

Whelan—Yes, I'm a great fellow; I shot that fellow; have you, poor bugger, here, and here I am myself, which makes three of us.

Dole asked him what he said—at the same time witness (Detective Cullen) turned round to Hess, bowing his head to call attention to the words.

Whelan again repeated the same, using these words: "I shot him like a dog. You're here; I'm here. I'm a great fellow; my name will go down to posterity."

Doyle—Jim, Jim, I am sorry for you.

Whelan—I did not care a ——, only for my poor mother.

Doyle said—Is she alive?

Whelan—Yes; and my brother is in prison too.

Doyle—What for?

Whelan—Fenianism; for firing the police barrack in Tullough, Ireland. What a fine family my mother had—what a fine lot of boys. One thing, they were fond of Ireland. One was shot at the firing of the police barrack, one is in prison for the same, and I in here. Whelan then sang a couple of songs, and there was a long silence.

Doyle called him, saying, I do not know what they'll do with me.

Whelan answered—You are all right, my boy. They can do nothing to you. They may keep you a week or perhaps a fortnight. Life is sweet; I wish I was as safe as you. Whelan said they have traced me step by step ever since I came into the country; every bloody thing I have done they have traced it; it all came out in the Court to-day; that O'Reilly is a bugger; I thought I'd faint when Turner came up, but I bore it up like a man; there was not the slightest sign on me.

Doyle—Ah, he's the last man I ever thought they'd bring up; so he'll get the reward?

Whelan—He will, but his evidence amounts to nothing—all he knows is what was said and done in Montreal; but what's to come is the worst. All I depend upon is a good jury.

Whelan said—during the time the above conversation occurred—John, you and me must quit telling about what you know. You understand these buggers might be listening around.

Doyle—All right.

There was a long silence and a talk about indifferent matters. Then Doyle called to him and asked, what would his (Doyle's) poor wife and children do?

Whelan said—They're all right. You'll get out in a few days. They have your pension if you're kept.

Doyle said—No; they'll lose it.

Whelan—We are four married men.

Doyle—Who?

Whelan—Enright has three or four children; Murphy has two; you have two; I have none.

Doyle said—You're the best off.

Whelan—Yes, the old woman can scratch for herself. I saved Cullen's life one time. A fellow had him covered at fifteen yards.

Senator Yates' Address to the People of Illinois.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 21, 1868.

To the People of Illinois:

I have seen various articles in Illinois papers reflecting on my conduct. Their criticisms are in some respects just and deserved. Such exaggerations of my faults as they contain result, I am sure, not wholly from ill-will toward me, but from justifiable anxiety that our State shall be properly represented in the United States Senate.

I could show by the records that I have been absent from the impeachment trial but a small portion of the time. It commenced on March, just fifty days ago to-day. I was absent from the trial only six of those fifty days. I was present on every day, and voted on every question submitted to the Senate. I could show that I have not been a constant drinker; and prove that my yielding to temptation to use stimulants has been periodical, and after long and exhaustive labors. I could show that I have never appeared in the Senate except when sober, and that, notwithstanding occasional departures since I have been in the Senate, I have for the most of the time performed my duty; but I waive all mere technical advantage which I might have in a controversy as to my conduct.

I write you, not to justify, but to waive all defence, and frankly confess the weakness which, at times, has borne me down, and which was calculated to bring discredit on my State and myself. It is my nature to be frank, and especially do I owe it to you who have showered favors and honors upon me, to be so now. I will not attempt justification or excuse, especially when I have so often publicly said that men holding public trusts should be sober men.

During twenty-seven years of political service—with the exception of ten of those years when I totally abstained—I have often yielded to temptation, and as often have suffered the pangs of unutterable remorse. I can say that, in a certain sense, my sin has been my punishment. To lose your respect might seem punishment enough, but you can scarce imagine how a proud man feels when he has reason to dread the loss of all that renders his nature noble, and when it would seem that Heaven had withdrawn its favor from him on account of self-inflicted wrongs.

It has been said with what seems to me unnecessary cruelty: "It is perfectly useless to exact new pledges from one who has broken so many old ones." To this allow me to reply that I have reformed, and that I will compel your confidence, not by pledges, but by a course of conduct scrupulously correct. I comprehend the situation perfectly. The happiness of my family, the respect and confidence of my friends, the success of my party, which to me is the triumph of liberty and good government, the honor of my State, the good opinion of mankind, my own life, and last and most important, the untried future which approaches with startling rapidity; all these have been seriously considered.

To those whose attention for me has hitherto survived the shock of repeated disappointments, I say, do not conceal from yourselves, or longer attempt to shield me from deserved censure. I accept it as a just punishment, and shall not murmur. Those who find in my misfortunes occasion to congratulate themselves upon the verifications of their prophecies of evil concerning me, and a justification for having opposed me, may not finally realize the wish which fathered their thoughts. As to my enemies, and those who desire my ruin and consequent resignation in order to the elevation of some one else to the place which I hold at your hands, and I hope they are few, they have my pity for the ignobleness of their schemes.

But, to you, fellow-citizens, I do apologize without reserve or defence. I do not ask the divine ruling in one of the oldest recorded trials, viz.: "Let him that is without sin cast the first stone." I make no comparison between myself and other men in the country who drink more than I can or have done, and with less disturbance of their nervous organization that I have. I do not wish, in saying this, to seem invidious, or in the attitude of making a special plea in my own behalf.

"To err is human; to forgive divine." I crave only such an exercise of the divine attribute as the enlightened judgment of my fellow-citizens can permit them to vouchsafe to me. I can truthfully aver that no man has a keener appreciation of duty, a livelier pride in the honor of Illinois, or a deeper sense of gratitude toward those who have honored him than I have. I was in my humble way true to the country during the late rebellious struggle, and throughout a long public life against bitter persecutions, and insuperable minorities, notwithstanding all my faults, I have constantly, unvaryingly and always been true to the Republican Party, and to the principles of human freedom. I am not, and never have been, the advocate of drinking; for, although alcohol may be useful as a medicine, and in some other respects, yet it kills more than it cures, and is much more productive of misery than of benefit to mankind. And were it in my power, I would, at one fell sweep, blot it from the face of the earth, and obliterate the knowledge of making it from the breasts of mankind.

I am aware that I have many friends who will disapprove, perhaps denounce, the seeming humiliation of writing this letter, as they did my Congressional temperance speech a year ago. While I regret their condemnation, I must insist it is always manly to confess one's errors. I am not so wedded to political life as to desire to remain in office longer than my friends desire; but I have never abandoned any post of duty assigned me, and I shall not leave my present one before the expiration of my term, while a single stain rests upon my honor as a Senator. Such an act would be cowardly, disgraceful to you and myself, a reproach to my children who depend upon me for defence of their good name—an act which can only be compared to suicide. Besides, I feel that I have not yet accomplished all that I owe to my State, and am determined to cancel part of the debt.

Notwithstanding your justifiable distrust, looking to God, my family, my State and my high duty, I shall not despair, but look forward to an unclouded future.

Thus much I have written with a clear consciousness of the chances of misconception, doubt and unkind criticism to which I am liable. I care not. It is always manly and noble to reform an error, and is generally good policy to speak ingenuously. I have tried to do both. Your obliged servant,

RICHARD YATES.

RELIGIOUS SERVICES.

Features of a Christian Life—Sermon by Rev. Leonard W. Bacon, D. D., of New-Haven, Conn.

Rev. Dr. Bacon, of New-Haven, occupied the pulpit of his son, at the South Ninth-street Congregational Church, Williamsburg, yesterday. In the forenoon he preached an eminently practical discourse from the text:

Not slothful in business, fervent in spirit, serving the Lord.—Romans xii., 11.

There were among the critics some who differed as to the rendering from the original of the last clause in the text, "serving the Lord," some holding that a more correct rendering, and one in accordance with the correct original, would have been "serving the time." This was assumed on the probable fact of a typographical error having been left uncorrected in the original Greek, but such an one as frequently occurred in our own times tending in some measure to change the word, yet not materially affecting its general meaning or its power. This frequently occurred in the transposition of letters in the process of printing. However, whether we preferred the expression as we had it in the common version, or as some would have it, there would be no difficulty in reconciling the difference by regarding according to what must appear a happy parallel—"redeeming the time." In any case, whatever difference of opinion prevailed, no Christian doctrine was endangered by it, and the text itself, as a whole, might be considered as setting forth "The Features of a Christian Life." The injunction to "be not slothful in business," presented us with one of the aspects of the true Christian life. Indeed, when examined in the light of the Bible, it seemed that industry was one of the requirements of true religion. The subject was presented with a frequency, both in the Old and New Testaments, which left no doubt of its importance as a feature of true Christian life. The Bible had numerous appeals and arguments in favor of industry. It was represented as an element of common integrity, and was calculated, according to the showing of the Apostle Paul, to make religion honorable. Industry was indispensable to a healthy and progressive religion. There was nothing in an idle person that religion could take hold of. With fervor of spirit, which would hardly exist where there was slothfulness, the Christian's work must produce good—must improve the condition of things—must lead the Christian to redeem the time, "serving the Lord," and in that exercise harmonizing the two first-named features of his life. This exercise brought out the grandeur of the character of the true Christian, "giving thanks to God in all things," obeying the rule laid down in the New Testament, that "Whether ye eat or drink, or whatsoever ye do, do all to the glory of God;" and "Whatsoever ye do, do it heartily as unto God the giver of every good and perfect gift." The lesson taught by that text was full of grandeur; it presented the fundamental principles of a successful and useful Christian life; it indicated that all labor was dignified if in its exercise there was no forgetting of God. Dr. Newton once observed that if he was an angel sent to London to work, to labor, it would be perfectly immaterial whether, in working, he swept the streets or did the work of Prime Minister, so long as in obeying the trust committed to him he remembered that his duty was to glorify God in the labor done. The foundation of true Christian manliness must be laid by industry. Christ's example while on earth would be sufficient study for those who would know what God would have them do.

Church Principles—Discourse by Rev. Morgan Dix.

Last evening Rev. Morgan Dix delivered at Trinity Chapel, the first of a series of lectures on Church Principles. The special subject of last evening's lecture was "The Church a Supernatural and Divine System, and not a Voluntary Christian Association."

Dr. Dix commenced by saying that the very same objections that were now being raised against the Church had been raised and disposed of hundreds of years ago. The Geneva Reformers, and subsequently the Puritans, had disputed the apostolic succession of the priesthood. The enemies of the Church believing that the answers to these objections had been forgotten, were now bringing them forward once more. Dr. Dix then said that the priesthood of the Church was a true priesthood, endowed with supernatural powers, as were Moses and Aaron and Elijah. A priest was not merely a man sent to preach the Gospel to other men, and to endeavor to lead them into the way of salvation, but he was endowed with powers that other men did not possess. The Church was not a mere voluntary association, but a supernatural and divine system, and we had no more right to alter any of its laws, ordinances, or sacraments than we have to choose another Redeemer than the one God has sent us. The reverend gentleman then spoke of the necessity of a Redeemer, and of the folly of the belief of the Rationalists that a man can work but his own redemption. In conclusion, he urged his hearers not to fear that the attacks made on the Church could in any way injure her. It is the fashion of the day, he said, to call hard names. All that we ask is, that our enemies will listen to our arguments, and then, perhaps, after all, we shall find many who now are working against us will be for us.

The First Baptist Church.

The church edifice corner of Broome and Elizabeth streets, recently sold to the St. Matthew's German Lutheran Congregation of Walker-street, was occupied yesterday for the last Sunday services, by the former owners—the members of the First Baptist Church. In the morning, Rev. Dr. Anderson, the Pastor, preached the memorial sermon, and at its conclusion administered the ordinance of baptism. The reverend gentleman selected for his text the words in 1 Kings, vii. chap., 57 and 58th verse. He gave the history of the First Church, *in extenso*, from its institution, which took place on the 19th of June, 1762, upon what was then known as Golden Hill. The first Pastor was Elder Geno, who served as Chaplain in the Continental Army. In the war of 1812, Elder Wm. Parkinson, who was then Pastor, also served his country in the army. The further history of the Church was developed in an interesting manner. In the afternoon at 3:30 o'clock, the Commemoration of the Lord's Supper took place, and in the evening a Free Conference meeting was held. At each of these services the attendance was very numerous. On the afternoon of Tuesday next, at 3:30 o'clock, and on the evening of the same day, Free Conferences of Ministers and Members of the different Baptist Churches—on topics of pleasant memory connected with the Pastors and members of this Church, through its entire existence—will be held.

A Farewell Sermon.

Yesterday closed the relation existing for three years and seven months past, between the Cannon-street Baptist Church, corner Madison and Gouverneur streets, and their Pastor, Rev. E. K. Fuller. In the afternoon the reverend gentleman preached to the Sabbath-school from 1 Samuel, iii., 10, and afterward administered the ordinance of baptism. In the evening he preached his farewell sermon to a large congregation, basing his remarks upon the text—"Shut up the words, and seal the book"—Daniel xii., 4. Both speaker and hearers were evidently deeply affected by the thought of their separation. Mr. Fuller has labored in this charge very zealously, and has been more than ordinarily successful, and in going away will bear with him the kind regards of many of his flock.

Swedenborg—Discourse by Rev. Chauncey Giles.

Rev. Chauncey Giles delivered the last of his course of lectures on Swedenborg last evening, at the New Jerusalem Church, in Thirty-fifth-street. Mr. Giles said that Swedenborg's claims, however unusual and incredible, were both possible and necessary. It was possible that he should be introduced into the spiritual world, because it was just what had happened to all the prophets mentioned in the Bible. If we accepted their revelations we were bound to accept his, for the further reasons that he made known the laws by which such intromissions were made possible, and explained many of the phenomena which have since attracted so much attention. It was necessary because by such means alone could a knowledge of the spiritual world be restored to man. The Bible was not adequate for this purpose, because men had gradually lost such knowledge with the Bible in their hands, and had even lost the knowledge of the spiritual things it contained. All knowledge was gained by experience, and the only way in which the laws and phenomena of the spiritual world could be again discovered was that into which Swedenborg had been led. Swedenborg did not ask credence on his own account merely. He gave us a test as independent of himself as the laws of nature are independent of the man of science. He stated the laws of the spiritual world and asked us to apply the test of our own experience and reason. He never contradicted himself in stating these laws, and his consistency was so remarkable that it had been well said that it would be a greater miracle if his writings were untrue than if they were true. All his laws were tested also by the Sacred Scriptures. He declared the word to be inspired in every part, and that from it he derived all his doctrines. There was a method, order, coherence and harmony in all his statements which commended them to every human faculty. They carried with them the authority of truth, whether we accepted them or not, or whether his character was good or bad, his mind sane or insane. Mr. Giles will lecture next Sunday evening on Swedenborg and Modern Spiritualism.

The Midnight Mission.

A special sermon on this subject was preached last evening in the Brick Church, corner Fifth-avenue and Thirty-seventh-street, by the Pastor, Rev. J. O. Murray, D. D. The text chosen for the occasion was that recorded in St. Luke, vii., 27, being a part of the familiar narrative of the fallen woman who came to the Saviour while he was in the house of a Pharisee. The speaker said that the Christian community had established asylums, hospitals, almshouses, missions, and other institutions of the kind, for the benefit of the people, but had singularly neglected this large class of our population—the poor, fallen females of our City. When the respectable newspapers and magazines of the day had taken hold of this work, it was time that the Church did its duty. The spirit of Jesus should be reproduced, the spirit of forgiveness toward all the unfortunate members of our race, and we should not stop short when we come to this wretched class of persons. All the organizations for this purpose were good, but the Midnight Mission was best adapted for the accomplishment of the purpose, as its agents went out into the streets and invited these women into the Mission-house, where they were fed, and clad, and encouraged to reform. During the past year 2,000 fallen women were thus induced to attend divine services, and of that number 411, or over twenty per cent, were fully saved. In conclusion, the audience were urged to hand in subscriptions in aid of the Mission, at the close of the service, or to send them to the Treasurer, Mr. Pliny F. Smith, No. 22 White-street.

The New-York City Sunday-School and Missionary Society.

The report of this Society of the Methodist Episcopal Church for the period of fourteen months ending March 1, 1868, has recently been published, showing an unusual degree of prosperity in its work of City evangelization. The missionaries who have been engaged in the prosecution of these labors were Revs. D. L. Marks and A. K. Sanford on the western side, and Revs. George Hollis and Wm. Ross on the eastern side of the City, assisted by Revs. C. S. Briggs, T. R. Strowbridge, Stephen Merritt, Wm. Westerfield, T. M. Joiner and P. M. Howe, and Miss Cornelia Hill, and others—all of whom rendered faithful and efficient service. Much of the success achieved has been due to the untiring energy, devotedness and munificence of the President, Mr. W. W. Cornell. During the fourteen months there were collected into the Schools and Churches of this Society, $7,571—the whole of which was expended in purchasing the necessary articles for carrying forward the work in the Schools, or paying for additional furniture or improvements in the Mission Rooms, without asking help from the Treasury of the Society. On the 1st of March, 1868, the Society possessed, clear of debt, the following real estate and property:

Thirty-fifth-street Chapel and lot, $12,600; Sixty-first-street Chapel and lot, $10,000; lots on One Hundred and Fourth-street, $6,000; lots on Perry-street, $13,000; Eleventh-street Chapel and lots, $25,000; furniture, &c., in the Missions, $5,000; making a total amount of $71,600.

On the 1st of January, 1867, there were 10 Missions under the charge of the Society, with 187 officers and teachers, and 1,862 scholars. On the 1st of March, 1868, there were 12 Missions, with 292 officers and teachers, and 2,985 scholars. At the commencement of the year 1867 there were 6 regularly organized Church Societies, with 10 classes, numbering 247 members and probationers, under the care of two missionaries. On the 1st of March, 1868, there were under the care of the four missionaries 11 church organizations, with 28 classes, numbering 712 members and probationers. The gain during the fourteen months being 1,228 officers, teachers, and scholars, and 465 church members. The following summary shows the amount of pastoral duty performed in connection with the regular work of the Society:

Number of families visited, 35,886; prayers offered in families, 6,092; visits to the sick, 1,661; persons baptized, 221; funerals attended, 205; class-meetings held, 942; prayer-meetings held, 1,048; sermons preached, 1,136; pages of tracts distributed, 91,355. Of the visits by the missionaries, 2,576 were to colored families—made while looking after the interests of the Broome-street Colored Mission. The Treasurer's report shows that the total receipts from all sources, during the fourteen months, amounted to $65,766 95; being an increase over the year 1866 of $33,913 23. The expenditures amounted, in the aggregate, to $65,248 10; leaving a balance of cash on hand of $518 85. The expenditures were for purchase of lots and erection, furnishing and repairing of Mission buildings, (including also, interest, taxes, mortgages, &c.,) $44,175 45; salaries of missionaries and colporteurs, $10,164 49; rents, insurances and furniture for parsonages, $6,102 96; rents, &c., of Mission buildings, $4,645 68; stationery, printing, &c., $159 52. The methods of labor pursued are: 1. As far as possible to secure good and attractive chapels, well fitted up and thoroughly adapted to the necessities of the work. 2. To collect and establish a good and well-conducted Sabbath-school. 3. To open regular appointments for preaching the gospel and other religious services. 4. As soon as a sufficient number are converted, a church, with its privileges and responsibilities, is organized. Chapels are the great *desideratum*. In the erection of these the uncertain character of the work passes away, and the assurance of permanence is furnished; and they are in themselves a moralizing agency, and become prominent centres, in connection with which labor can be effectually and skillfully regulated, and toward which, as to a point, everything is made to converge. The officers of the Society for the present year are as follows: President, William W. Cornell; Vice-Presidents, Charles H. Applegate, Rev. William H. Ferris, D. D., Rev. Hart F. Pease; Corresponding Secretary, Rev. William H. Depuy; Recording Secretary, James H. Pelton; Treasurer, W. K. Peyton.

Dedicatory Exercises in Brooklyn, E. D.

The Sunday-school Society connected with St. John's M. E. Church, Brooklyn, E. D., concluded the dedicatory exercises yesterday by services in the morning, afternoon and evening. The highly-interesting exercises on each occasion consisted of singing by the children and addresses by the Pastor and others. This church is one of the most elegant and costly belonging to the Methodist denomination.

Desperate Fight Among Firemen—One of them Dangerously Stabbed.

About midnight, Saturday, a desperate affray occurred in the bar-room of Hugh McGoldrick, North First-street, near Union-avenue, Brooklyn, E. D., during which McGoldrick received two stab wounds, one in the side and the other in the hand. The wound in the side is pronounced dangerous. It appears that there were several half-drunken firemen in the place, when a dispute arose as to the merits of the candidates for the office of Chief Engineer, McGoldrick and Henry Rogers, members of Hook and Ladder Company No. 2, taking opposite sides in the discussion. A general fight finally ensued, in the course of which Rogers, as is alleged, drew a knife and stabbed McGoldrick. He then left the place, but was shortly afterward arrested by Officer Holland, of the Forty-fifth Precinct, and locked up on a charge of felonious assault. The election of a Chief Engineer takes place this evening, and the utmost excitement prevails among the members of the department in regard to the result. Money and whisky are freely used in the canvass, and disorder consequently prevails.

NEW-JERSEY.

ESCAPE OF CONVICTS FROM STATE PRISON.—Two convicts, named Francis McCaffrey and Chas. G. White, succeeded in effecting their escape from the Trenton State Prison, on Saturday afternoon. McCaffrey was sent there from Hudson County, in the Fall of 1866, for a term of eight years, for highway robbery, and also for eight years for stabbing Justice Allen, who attempted to arrest him at the time. While confined in the Hudson County Jail he attempted to escape, but was detected by Mr. Jones, the jailor.

ASSAULTING A WOMAN.—A man named Geo. Crowley, 28 years of age, was brought before Recorder Martindale, of Jersey City, yesterday, charged with committing a violent assault on the wife of Michael Holmes, by throwing her on the floor, besides committing other acts and conducting himself in a disorderly manner in Holmes' house. The accused was sent to the County Jail to await the action of the Grand Jury.

MIDNIGHT ROW.—A disturbance took place early yesterday morning in the concert saloon, No. 155 Chatham-street, during which James Cloud drew a knife, cutting Luke Gleeson on the nose and stabbing John Farrell in the neck. He was arrested and locked up in the Fourth Ward Police Station, where the wounded men received medical attention.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

LONDON, Saturday, April 25—11:15 A. M.

Consols open ⅛d. higher than at the close last evening. For money and account, 93⅝@93¾.

AMERICAN SECURITIES—There is a better feeling in the market, and prices are firmer and higher. The following are the opening quotations:

United States Five-twenties .... 70¾@70⅞
Illinois Centrals 93⅞
Erie Railway Shares 46⅞

FRANKFORT, Saturday, April 25.

United States Five-twenty Bonds are steady at 75⅝@75¾ for the issue of 1862.

PARIS, Saturday, April 25.

The Bourse opens easier. Rentes, 69 francs 25 centimes, or 2 centimes lower than yesterday.

HAVRE, Saturday, April 25.

COTTON—The market opens quiet. Tres ordinaire is quoted at 152 francs ℔ cwt.

LIVERPOOL, Saturday, April 25—11:15 A. M.

COTTON—The market to-day opens buoyant with a sharp advance in prices on American descriptions. The transactions to-day, judging from the activity at the opening, bid fair to be very heavy, the best estimates placing the sales at 20,000 bales. There is a large business doing in Cotton to arrive, and prices have advanced ⅛d.@¼d. The following are the authorized opening quotations:

Middling Uplands, on the spot .... 12¾d.@12⅞d.
Middling Uplands, afloat .... 13¼d.@13½d.
Middling Orleans, afloat .... 13d.@13¼d.

Circulars issued by the Cotton trade put the shipments of Cotton from Bombay for Liverpool, since the last report up to the 4th inst., at 59,000 bales.

BREADSTUFFS—The market opens quiet and steady. Corn, 38s. 6d. ℔ quarter for new mixed Western. Wheat, 16s. 2d. ℔ cental for California White, and 14s. 6d. for No. 2 Red Western. Barley, 5s. 1d. ℔ bushel. Oats, 4s. 2d. ℔ bushel. Peas 48s. ℔ 504 lbs. Flour, 37s. ℔ bbl. for Western Canal.

PROVISIONS—The market opens dull. Beef 122s. 6d. ℔ bbl. for extra prime mess. Pork 85s. ℔ bbl. for Eastern prime mess. Lard 65s. 3d. ℔ cwt. for American. Cheese 54s. ℔ cwt. for the best grades of American fine. Bacon 49s. ℔ cwt. for Cumberland cut.

PRODUCE—Resin, 7s. ℔ cwt. for common North Carolina, and 12s. for medium. Tallow, 45s. 6d. ℔ cwt. Turpentine, 32s. ℔ cwt. Refined Petroleum, 1s. 3d. ℔ gallon. Spirits, 9d. ℔ gallon.

LONDON, Saturday, April 25.

Sugar, 26s. 6d. ℔ cwt. for No. 12 Dutch standard. Linseed Oil, £36 ℔ ton. Linseed Cakes, £10 15s. ℔ ton, for thin oblong for feeding.

LONDON, Saturday, April 25—2 P. M.

Consols close at 93⅝@93¾ for both money and account.

American securities close at the following quotations:

United States Five-twenties quiet at .... 70¾@70⅞
Erie Railway Shares 46¾
Illinois Centrals 93⅞

FRANKFORT, Saturday, April 25.

United States Five-twenty bonds close at 75⅝@75¾ for the old issue.

PARIS, Saturday, April 25.

The Bourse closed steady. Rentes, 69 francs 25 centimes.

HAVRE, Saturday, April 25.

Cotton closed quiet at 152 francs ℔ cwt. for tres ordinaire.

LIVERPOOL, Saturday, April 25—2 P. M.

COTTON—The market closed firm and active, and the sales have exceeded the estimate made this morning by several thousand bales, and foot up 23,000 bales. The following are the closing quotations:

Middling Uplands, to arrive .... 13¼d.
Middling Orleans .... 13d.@13¼d.
Middling Uplands, on the spot .... 12¾d.@12⅞d.

BREADSTUFFS—The market closed quiet and steady. Corn at 38s. 6d. ℔ quarter for new mixed Western. Wheat, 16s. 2d. ℔ cwt. for California White, and 14s. 6d. for No. 2 Red Western. Barley, 5s. 1d. ℔ bushel. Oats, 4s. 2d. ℔ bushel.

PROVISIONS—The market closed dull. Beef has declined to 120s. ℔ bbl. for Extra Prime Mess. Pork is dull at 85s. ℔ bbl. for Eastern Prime Mess. Lard is firm at 65s. 3d. ℔ cwt. for American. Cheese, 54s. ℔ cwt. for the best grades of American fine. Bacon, 49s. ℔ cwt. for Cumberland Cut.

PRODUCE—Naval stores dull. Resin, 7s. ℔ cwt. for common North Carolina, and 12s. for medium. Tallow, 45s. 6d. ℔ cwt. Turpentine, 32s. ℔ cwt. The Petroleum market is firmer, though quotably unaltered. Refined, 1s. 3d. ℔ gallon; Spirits, 9d. ℔ gallon.

LONDON, Saturday, April 25.

Sugar, 26s. 6d. ℔ cwt. for No. 12 Dutch Standard. Linseed Oil, £36 ℔ ton. Linseed Cakes, £10 15s. ℔ ton for thin oblong for feeding.

ANTWERP, Saturday, April 25.

PETROLEUM—The market closed dull at 41¾ francs ℔ bbl. for Standard White.

LONDON, Sunday, April 26.

Illinois Central shares were stronger after the close of the regular market last evening, and were last quoted at 94.

FRANKFORT, Sunday, April 26.

United States Five-twenty bonds are quoted to-day at 75¾ for the issue of 1862.

HAVRE, Sunday, April 26.

The nominal quotations of Cotton to-day are 152 francs for *tres ordinaire* in port, and 151 for the same, to arrive.

ANTWERP, Sunday, April 26.

PETROLEUM—Refined Standard White is quoted at 42 francs.

Domestic Markets.

CHICAGO, Saturday, April 25.

FLOUR firm and in good demand for shipping; Spring Extras, $8 62½@$11. WHEAT in large speculative inquiry; fair shipping advanced ½c.@1c.; sales of No. 1, at $2 17½@$2 18; No. 2 firm at $2 07. CORN fairly active at 86¼c.@86½c. for No. 1. 83½c.@84c. for No. 2, and 83½c.@84½c. for New. OATS quiet and declined 1c.; sales at 61¾c.@62¾c. for fresh regular. RYE steady and quiet at $1 67@$1 70, in store. BARLEY inactive and unchanged. PROVISIONS firmer. Ordinary MESS PORK advanced 50c.@75c.; quoted at $27@$27 25; Mess, $28. LARD quiet but firm at an advance of ¼c.; sales at 17¼c. Dry Salted SHOULDERS, 11¾c.@12c. Sweet Pickled HAMS steady and firm at 16¾c.@17c. LIVE HOGS dull but easier, at $9 25@$9 40 for good smooth lots. BEEF CATTLE dull at $6 12½@$7 50 for medium to fair. RECEIPTS to-day—7,500 bbls. Flour, 12,000 bushels Wheat, 82,000 bushels Corn, 34,000 bushels Oats, 2,200 Live Hogs. SHIPMENTS—5,000 bbls. Flour, 19,000 bushels Wheat, 34,000 bushels Corn, 2,800 bushels Oats, 3,500 Live Hogs. FREIGHTS more active and declined 1c.; Corn to Buffalo, 8c.; Wheat to Buffalo, 10c.

CINCINNATI, Saturday, April 25.

FLOUR firm. WHEAT firm and unchanged. CORN advancing and in demand; ear, 91c.@92c.; shelled, 94c. OATS firmer and in light supply at higher rates; sales of No. 1 at 80c. RYE firm and quiet; No. 1 held at $2 10. BARLEY firm but unchanged. COTTON firmer; nothing done. TOBACCO firm and in good demand. PROVISIONS firmer but inactive. MESS PORK held at $28. LARD held at 18c. BULK MEATS held firm at 12¾c.@15c., which was ½c. above the views of buyers. BACON firm but quiet at 13¾c. for Shoulders, 16¾c.@16⅞c. for Clear Rib, and 17¼c.@17½c. for Clear Sides, the outside being the rate asked. HAMS in good demand at 19¾c.@20c. Gold firm at 138¾, buying.

OSWEGO, Saturday, April 25.

FLOUR in good demand; sales 1,300 bbls., at $10 75@$11 for No. 1 Spring; $12 75 for Red Winter; $13 50 for White, and $14 50 for Double Extra. WHEAT quiet. CORN quiet; sales 1,000 bush. No. 1 Indiana at $1 10@$1 12, offered at $1 05, to arrive. CORN MEAL, $2 70 ℔ cwt. MILL-FEED steady—Shorts, $35; Shipstuffs, $38@$40; Middlings $40 ℔ ton. RAILROAD FREIGHTS—Flour to Boston, 80c.; to New-York, 70c.; to Albany, 60c. LAKE IMPORTS—2,600 bushels Wheat, 382,000 feet of Lumber.

ST. LOUIS, Saturday, April 25.

TOBACCO unchanged. COTTON firm at 30c. FLOUR dull and unchanged. WHEAT active at $2 60@$2 80 for Winter, and $2 05@$2 15 for Spring. CORN declining; sales at 83c.@87c. OATS firm at 70c.@73c. RYE steady at $1 62@$1 65. BARLEY $2 68@$2 70. PROVISIONS firm. PORK, $28. BACON—Shoulders, 15¼c.; Clear Sides, 17¾c.@18c. LARD firm at 18c. for prime kettle. LIVE STOCK unchanged. RECEIPTS—Flour, 3,800 bbls.; Wheat, 17,000 bushels; Corn, 21,000 bushels; Oats, 9,500 bushels; Barley, 1,000 bushels.

PHILADELPHIA, Saturday, April 25.

COTTON firm at 32c.@33c. for Middling. CLOVERSEED $5@$6. FLAXSEED $2 90. FLOUR very firm and active; Superfine $8 75@$9; Extras $9 25@$10; Spring Wheat Extra Family $10 50@$11 75; Pennsylvania and Ohio do. $11@$12 50; Fancy $13@$15. WHEAT in good demand; Red $3; White $3 15@$3 25. RYE $2 10@$2 20. CORN in good demand; sales 5,000 bushels Yellow at $1 23; Mixed Western $1 22. OATS steady at 85c. for Heavy Western, and 89c.@95c. for Pennsylvania and Delaware. GROCERIES and PROVISIONS unchanged.

NEW-ORLEANS, Saturday, April 25.

COTTON active; Middlings, 33c.; sales, 3,500 bales; receipts, 1,194 bales; exports, 2,090 bales. Sterling Exchange, 152¼@154½; New-York Sight Exchange, ¼ ℔ cent. premium. Gold, 140¼. SUGAR and MOLASSES nominally unchanged. FLOUR easy; Superfine, $9 25. CORN firm at $1 02. OATS firm at 75c. HAY unchanged. PORK tending upward; Mess, $29. BACON firm; Shoulders, 13¾c.@13⅞c.; Clear Rib, 17c.; Clear Sides, 18c. LARD tending upward; tierce, 19c.; keg, 20c.

SAN FRANCISCO, Saturday, April 25.

FLOUR market is depressed and prices are nominal; Extra, $7 75; Superfine, $7. WHEAT quiet at $2 40@$2 50. Legal-tenders, 72. Mining Stocks active; Crown Point, $2,310; Gould & Curry, $575; Hale & Norcross, $2,310; Ophir, $205; Yellow Jacket, $1,495; Alpha, $100; Belcher, $350; Bullion, $73; Chollar, $265; Confidence, $95; Empire Mill, $300; Imperial, $280; Kentuck, $485; Overman, $164.

MILWAUKEE, Saturday, April 25.

FLOUR firmer; choice Wisconsin and Iowa, $9 62½@$10 25; Medium, $9 25@$9 50; Common, $8 75@$9. WHEAT dull at $2 14½@$2 15 for No. 1; No. 2 Spring, $2 04. CORN quiet and nominal at 84c. for new Shelled. OATS declined 1c.; sales at 62½c.@63c. RECEIPTS to-day—2,500 bbls. Flour, 2,000 bushels Wheat, 5,000 bushels Oats, 1,000 bushels Corn. SHIPMENTS—2,200 bbls. Flour, 14,000 bushels Wheat.

BUFFALO, Saturday, April 25.

FLOUR steady; sales 300 bbls. City Ground Spring at $10 50. WHEAT neglected and nominal. CORN quiet; sales 4,400 bushels New Western in lots at the railroad elevator at $1 03; two cars New Toledo at $1 04, transferred. OATS quiet; sales 2,500 bushels Western at 76c. BARLEY dull; sales 1,000 bushels State at $2 18, delivered. PORK firm and unchanged. LARD steady, but unchanged. SEEDS dull.

BALTIMORE, Saturday, April 25.

COTTON firm; Middling, 32½c. FLOUR quiet with small business and unchanged. WHEAT firm; Maryland Red, $3@$3 15; Pennsylvania, $2 90@$3. White CORN dull at $1 08@$1 10; Yellow firm at $1 20@$1 22. OATS dull; Maryland and Pennsylvania, 85c.@90c; Western, 80c. RYE firm at $2 10@$2 17. PORK firm; Mess, $28 25@$28 50. BACON quiet and unchanged. LARD firm at 19¼c.@19½c.

LOUISVILLE, Saturday, April 25.

TOBACCO quiet; sales 165 hhds. at $5@$13 for Lugs and Medium Leaf. Superfine FLOUR, $8 50@$8 75. COTTON—Middling, 31c.@32c. WHEAT, $2 61@$2 65. OATS, 78c.@80c. CORN, 88c.@89c. RYE, $2 10@$2 15. LARD, 18c.@18½c. MESS PORK, $28@$28 25. BACON—Shoulders, 13¾c.; Clear Sides, 17¾c.@18c. WHISKY, free, $2 20.

MEMPHIS, Saturday, April 25.

COTTON firm at 31½c.@32c.; receipts to-day, 100 bales; exports, 66 bales. FLOUR dull and nominal. BACON—Shoulders, 13¾c.; Clear Sides, 18½c. BULK SHOULDERS, 12¾c.; Clear Sides, 16¾c. LARD unchanged. CORN, 97c. OATS, 75c.@78c.

TOLEDO, Saturday, April 25.

FLOUR quiet. WHEAT steady; sales of Amber at $2 71. CORN unchanged. OATS steady; sales of No. 1 at 71c. RYE scarce. RECEIPTS—2,400 bbls. Flour, 4,000 bushels Wheat, 11,000 bushels Corn, 1,500 bushels Oats.

WILMINGTON, N. C., Saturday, April 25.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE quiet at 65c. ℔ gallon. RESIN is firm at $2 50 ℔ bbl. for strained; $4 for No. 1; $5 50 for Pale. TAR firm at $2 50. COTTON—The market is firm; Middlings have advanced to 30c. ℔ lb.

CHARLESTON, Saturday, April 25.

COTTON—The market is active, and quotations have advanced ½c. Sales to-day, 1,450 bales; Middling, 31¾c.@32c.; receipts, 360 bales; exports, coastwise, 144 bales.

SAVANNAH, Ga., Saturday, April 25.

COTTON firm and advancing, with a moderate demand; sales of 1,304 bales Middlings at 32c.; no receipts; exports coastwise, 280 bales.

AUGUSTA, Ga., Saturday, April 25.

COTTON market dull; sales 100 bales; receipts, 90 bales Middling at 31c.

MOBILE, Saturday, April 25.

COTTON market closed quiet; Middling, 32½c.; receipts, 693 bales; exports, 280 bales.

Philadelphia Stock Board.

PHILADELPHIA, Saturday, April 25.

Stocks inactive. Pennsylvania State Fives, 99; Philadelphia and Erie Railroad, 24¾; Reading Railroad, 45; Pennsylvania Railroad, 55¾. Gold, 138¾.

[Advertisement.]

"THE HUMAN FACE.—What of the features? "Eyes," blue, gray and black? "Noses," Grecian, Roman, or aquiline. "Chins," square, pointed or retreating. "Mouths," large or small, inclining up or down at the outer corners. "Lips," thick or thin, pale or rosey. Complexion, a brunnet or a blond. What of the disposition? See the illustrated PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL for all the "signs of character" and how to read them. Only $3 a year, or 30 cents a number. New volume. Address S. R. WELLS, No. 389 Broadway, New-York.

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Movements of Ocean Steamers.

FOR EUROPE.

Teutonia	April 28	New-York	Hamburg
Scotia	April 29	New-York	Liverpool.
Minnesota	April 29	New-York	Liverpool.
Hermann	April 30	New-York	Bremen.
City of Baltimore	May 2	New-York	Liverpool.
Atalanta	May 2	New-York	London.
Iowa	May 2	New-York	Glasgow.
Periere	May 2	New-York	Havre.

FOR HAVANA AND ASPINWALL.

Eagle	April 30	New-York	Havana.
Arizona	May 1	New-York	Aspinwall
Fulton	May 5	New-York	Aspinwall

Departure of Foreign Mails.

TUESDAY.

Mails for Europe *via* Southampton and Hamburg, by the *Teutonia*, close at the General Post-office at 12 M. Supplementary mail, for *paid* letters, on the pier foot of Third-street, Hoboken to 2 P. M.

Departure of Domestic Mails.

East Mails close at .... 5 A. M., 1:30, 2:20 and 6 P. M.
Western Mails ... 5 A. M., 3:30, 4:30 6:30 and 4:15 P. M.
Long Island .... 5 A. M. and 2:30 P. M.
Newport and Fall River .... 3 P. M.
New-York Central Railroad .... 5 P. M.
North Mails .... 5 A. M. and 4 P. M.
North Mail, Way .... 5 A. M. and 2 P. M.
South Mail at .... 5 A. M., and 4:30 P. M.
On Sundays all mails close at .... 1:30 P. M.

Passengers Sailed.

APRIL 25—*In steamship France, for Liverpool*—Sidney Cowen, Mrs. Annie M. Smith, Miss Emma Couchen, Master F. B. Couchen, Rev. G. J. W. Roberts, Mrs. Roberts and child, Miss Ryerson, J. C. Thomas, Rev. L. Bond, Mrs. Bond and Master Morse, Walter Durack, Rev. A. M. Andrews, Mrs. Andrews, Rev. W. C. Locke, Mrs. Locke, Mrs. O'Shea and infant, Mr. Downing, Mrs. Lott, Misses Jessie, Mary and Carrie Lott, Masters Charles and Frederick Lott and servant, Aaron Coe, James Coe, Misses Laura F. Coe and Cornelia Coe, Mrs. Stewart, John Lewis, Mrs. John Lewis, and ninety-five in the steerage.

Passengers Arrived.

APRIL 26—*In steamship Hermann from Bremen*—H. Lipmann, Edward A. Preuss and wife, C. Heinzemann and wife, G. Luider, Charles Barth, Mrs. Marie Rose and daughter, H. D. Cleveland, Jacob Best, A. de Greiff, Mrs. Fanny Speyer, Hulda Geist, J. G. Beisheim, G. Kustermann, Henriette Kaufmann, W. Steiner, Daniel Joder, Chris. Schafer, Ernst Mencke, Jacob Lauber, Theo. Lauber, H. H. Wulbers, Louis Schumacher, J. Spengler and family, Ernestine Wolf, Adam Schmitt, Catharine Becker, Chas. Hille and wife, B. F. Davenport, G. Limberg, Mr. Hartwig.

APRIL 26—*In steamship Teutonia, from Hamburg.*—Jeanettee Kaufman, W. Konig, C. Egenolf, Dan. Dorr, Margaret Gauss, Jos. Altheimer, Martin Rucker, M. Buck, N. Corba, W. Schlicht and lady, C. Gross, G. Jaareis, B. Gayl, A. Roeder, L. P. Lassen, M. Eckerdt, F. Rersuhn, Jos. Nehrer, M. Benson, A. Walker, Louis Hitcebrand.

In steamship Gen. Barnes, from Savannah—Mrs. Livingston, G. W. Armstrong, J. W. Randall and wife, Miss B. F. Champion, Miss Maria Mosby, J. Oppenheimer, C. R. Carroll, G. O. Johnson, Mr. Dunscomb, Mr. Peabody, J. R. Clark, John Tait, O. Richardson, Mary E. Simmons, Mr. Kane, Geo. P. Lorillard, P. Robinson, R. Jones, D. Hewitt, Mrs. L. N. Snear, G. Jones and servant, Miss Willett, C. Livingston, Mrs. Chapman, W. J. Scott, J. H. Kelly, T. Johnson, R. Dennis, W. Brown, and 20 in steerage.

APRIL 26—*In steamship Iowa from Glasgow*—Geo. Dobson, Mrs. Dobson, Miss Dobson, James Dobson, John Dobson, Robert Crosbie, Mrs. Harriet Sims, John S. Wallace, Thos. Smallman, Rev. Wm. Sparman, Rev. G. S. Matthews, Mrs. Matthews, Geo. H. Matthews, Catharine G. Matthews, Herbert E. Matthews, Eliza Allison, Hugh Gourlay, Mrs. Gourlay, Henry W. Gourlay.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.
Sun rises..... 5 04 | Sun sets..... 6 51 | Moon sets... 11 53
HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.
Sandy Hook.. 11 17 | Gov. Island.. 12 06 | Hell Gate .. 1 26

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK....SUNDAY, April 26.

Arrived.

Steamship Herman, (N. G.,) Wenke, Bremen April 11, and Southampton 14th, with mdse. and 640 passengers to Oelrichs & Co. Experienced strong westerly gales and heavy head sea up to the Banks, and light winds since. April 11, lat. 49 30, lon. 22 30, passed steamship Hansa, hence for Bremen. 20th, lat. 47 10, lon. 36 30, passed bark Dorette, (N. G.,) from Bremen for New-York. 25th, lat. 41 30, lon. 65 45, passed one of the London line of steamers bound W. 26th, lat. 40 28, lon. 71 20, passed steamship City of London, hence for Liverpool.

Steamship Iowa, (Br.,) Hedderwick, Glasgow April 8, and Moville 9th, with mdse. and 467 passengers to Henderson Bros. April 25, lon. 60, passed steamship Aleppo, hence for Liverpool. 26th, lon. 70, passed steamship Europa, hence for Glasgow.

Steamship John Gibson, Winters, Washington, D. C., with mdse. and passengers to Phillips & Brown. Experienced heavy N. E. gales on the passage.

Steamship Gen. Barnes, Morton, Savannah, with mdse. and passengers to Livingston, Fox & Co. Experienced northerly winds south of Hatteras.

Steamship Glaucus, Waldron, Boston, with mdse. and passengers to W. P. Clyde.

Steamship Electra, Ney, Providence, with mdse. and passengers to Isaac Odell.

Steamer United States, Davis, Fall River.

Steamer Osprey, Kenny, Providence.

Bark Maria, (of Yarmouth, N. S.,) Baker, Shields 60 ds., with coal to Boyd & Hincken. Has encountered strong westerly gales the entire passage.

Bark Lord Baltimore, (of Bermuda,) Lanfare, Rio Janeiro 38 ds., with coffee to Pendergast Bros. & Co. Has had heavy weather on the coast, and has been detained off the Highlands for the last 5 days by light winds and fog.

Brig Foam, (of Plymouth, Eng.,) Jenkins, Leghorn 46 ds., and 34 ds. from Gibraltar, with mdse. to Andrew Lindsay. March 14, in the Gulf of Lyons, had a gale from N. W., in which split sails and started cargo.

Schr. E. W. Pratt, Kendrick, Beverly, for Philadelphia. Ran on the rocks at Hell Gate, but came off without damage.

Schr. Hunter, Harrington, Elizabethport, for Providence.
Schr. Thomas P. Cooper, Eaton, Elizabethport, for Fall River.
Schr. Roanoke, Lockwood, Taunton, for Elizabethport.
Schr. Ann S. Cannon, Cobb, Fall River, for Philadelphia.
Schr. Wharton, Wharton, Providence, for Elizabethport.
Schr. Ruth Thomas, Thomas, Providence, for Elizabethport.
Schr. Andrew Jones, Jones, Fall River, for Philadelphia.
Schr. Plow Boy, Kenny, New-Haven, for Elizabethport.
Schr. John B. Buckalew, Roberts, Elizabethport, for New-Haven.
Schr. Sarah Jane, Worden, Elizabethport, for New-Haven.
Schr. Henry Lemuel, Jarvis, Port Johnson, for Bridgeport.
Schr. B. E. Sharp, Cole, Elizabethport, for Providence.
Schr. William Thomas, White, Newburg, for Fall River.
Schr. J. Anderson, Doyle, Elizabethport, for Providence.
Schr. Ellen Barnes, Tucker, Woodbridge, for Providence.
Schr. Staten Islander, Babcock, Port Johnson for New-Haven.
Schr. Emeline E. Potter, Crosby, Rondout for Hartford.
Schr. L. W. Birdsall, Gribble, Elizabethport for New-Haven.
Schr. John Manlove, Stabe, Rondout, for Newport.
Schr. Rachel Jane, Soule, Elizabethport, for Norwich.
Schr. Cornelia, Weber, Elizabethport, for Providence.
Schr. Josephine, Ball, Newburg, for Bridgeport.
Schr. Tillie E. Anderson, Poughkeepsie for Dighton.
Schr. Mary H. Mifflin, Davis, Newburg for Warren.
Schr. E. Flower, Kussar, Rondout for Hartford.
Schr. Vicksburg, Keller, Rondout for Portland.
Schr. J. Clark, Fowler, Rondout for Providence.
Schr. A. M. Acken, Hale, Rondout for Norwalk.
Schr. Mary A. Lovell, Beebe, Rondout for Providence.
Schr. Connecticut, Stapeling, Stonington.
Schr. Geo. Washington, Peck, Stamford.
Schr. M. R. Carlisle, Potter, Providence.
Schr. Evelyn, Burger, Stamford.
Schr. William Jones, Emery, Westerly, R. I.
Schr. J. P. Hazard, Smith, Newport.
Schr. Artist, Forrester, New-Haven for Elizabethport.
Schr. W. P. Mangum, Chase, New-Bedford.
Schr. Brave, Snow, Elizabethport, for Providence.
Schr. Kate Scranton, Palmer, Rondout, for Branford.
Schr. Bellona, Spaulding, Rondout, for New-Haven.
Schr. Palma, Crosby, Providence, for Philadelphia.
Schr. War Steed, Nickerson, Rockport.
Schr. Joseph Ross, Paul, Pawtucket.
Schr. Catherine Thomas, Gibbs, Wareham.
Schr. Whistler, Keep, Taunton, for Elizabethport.

SAILED—Bark Agenora, for Cardenas; brig Milo, for St. John, N. B.

HIGHLANDS, sundown—2 barks in offing; 1 brig off Lightship, bound in. Wind fresh, N. W., clear.

By Telegraph.

BOSTON, April 26—Arr. brig Stephen Bishop, from Remedios; schr. A. F. Randolph, from Matanzas.

Below—Bark Crownin Shield, from Buenos Ayres.

CHARLESTON, April 26—Arr. steamship Manhattan, from New-York; schr. W. W. Smith, New-York.

Sld. steamer Charleston, for New-York; ship Charleston, for Matanzas; schr. J. S. Detwiler, Philadelphia; schr. Oliver Ames, Philadelphia; schr. Alice Flora, Savannah.

SAVANNAH, April 26—Arr. steamship Herman Livingston.

Miscellaneous.

The ship Francis A. Palmer, (Br.,) Barnaby, from Liverpool, which arrived 25th, and anchored at the S. W. Spit, came up to the City to-day, and reports having had strong westerly gales the entire passage, in which had lost split sails, lost head rail, sprung bowsprit and maintopmast, and shifted cargo. March 11, Frederick Sumner, a native of Cork, fell from jib-boom overboard and was lost. April 16, lat. 41 14, lon. 65 35, saw a bark, bound W., with loss of foremast-head.

LAUNCH.—A handsome schooner of 50 tons was, on Saturday, launched from the shipyard of Messrs. Wm. H. & Jas. M. Rontan, Tottenville, S. I. She is a fine model and calculated for great speed, of very light draft, drawing only 2 feet 8 inches light. She is built of the best materials, thoroughly trenailed and galvanized. She is named the C. H. Mallison, and will be commanded by Capt. John J. Bailey, and employed by the New-York Submarine Company in the wrecking business.

The ship Liverpool, from London, reported as arrived in Herald of Saturday, has not yet arrived, nor has she yet appeared in sight from the Highlands.

Spoken, &c.

Alexander Marshall—ship, hence for Liverpool, April 9, lat. 42 50, lon. 46 20.

Flying Cloud—Br. brig, strg. E., April 11, lat. 42 5, lon. 51 6.

Fannie Lewis—Br. bark, of Pictou, N. S., bound E., April 12, lat. 50, lon. 35.

St. James—N. G. bark, from Jamaica for London, 40 ds. out, March 28, lat. 48 8, lon. 28 34.

EUROPEAN MARINE NEWS.

Arrivals Out.

SOUTHAMPTON, April 26—Evening.—The Hamburg-American Steam Packet Company's steamship Saxonia, which left New-York on the 14th inst., arrived off this port between 3 and 6 o'clock this afternoon, and after transferring her London passengers, mails and packages, sailed for Hamburg.

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OFFICIAL DRAWINGS.
KENTUCKY—EXTRA CLASS No. 297, April 25, 1868.
13, 48, 11, 38, 22, 69, 2, 1, 50, 75, 62, 56, 65.
KENTUCKY—CLASS No. 298, April 25, 1868.
61, 6, 37, 24, 12, 68, 75, 62, 49, 8, 26, 23, 74.
PADUCAH—EXTRA CLASS No. 349, April 25, 1868.
30, 58, 63, 20, 8, 16, 74, 37, 4, 57, 6, 2, 42.
PADUCAH—CLASS No. 350, April 25, 1868.
78, 75, 58, 74, 56, 81, 70, 32, 45, 55, 34, 40, 49.
Prizes cashed in Royal Havana and the above lotteries. Circulars sent free. Information given.
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